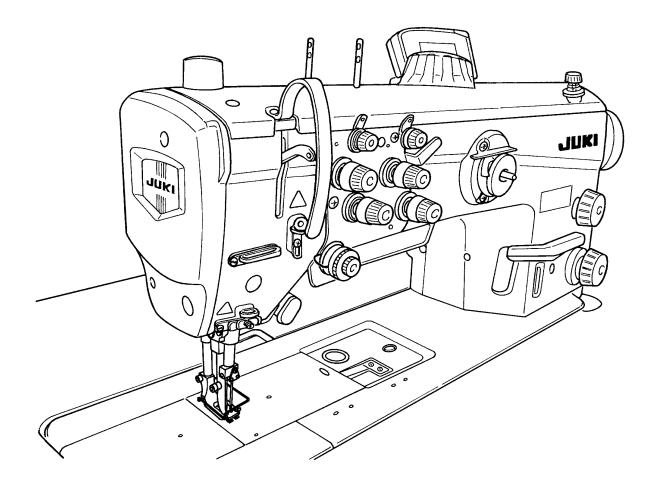


Unison-feed, Lockstitch Machine with Vertical-axis Large Hook

# LU-2810, 2810-7, 2860, 2860-7 LU-2810-6, 2860-6, 2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7

# **ENGINEER'S MANUAL**



40133310 No. E407-03

## PREFACE

This Engineer's Manual is written for the technical personnel who are responsible for the service and maintenance of the machine.

The Instruction Manual for these machines intended for the maintenance personnel and operators at an apparel factory contains operating instruction in detail. And this manual describes "Standard Adjust-ment", "Adjustment Procedures", "Results of Improper Adjustment", and other important information which are not covered in the Instruction Manual.

When carrying out the maintenance work on the sewing machine, be sure to refer also to the Instruction Manual and the Parts List.

In addition, for the motor for the sewing machine with thread trimmer, refer to the separate Instruction Manual or This manual gives the "Standard Adjustment" on the former page under which the most basic adjustment value is described, and on the latter page "Results of Improper Adjustment" under which stitching errors and troubles arising from mechanical failures and "How to adjust" are described.

## TO ENSURE SAFE USE OF YOUR SEWING MACHINE

Adjustment : It means replacement of parts, disassembly, and repair assembly.

For the sewing machine, automatic machine and ancillary devices (hereinafter collectively referred to as "machine"), it is inevitable to conduct sewing work near moving parts of the machine. This means that there is always a possibility of unintentionally coming in contact with the moving parts. Operators who actually operate the machine and maintenance personnel who are involved in maintenance and repair of the machine are strongly recommended to carefully read to fully understand the following **Safety precautions** of this engineer's manual before using/maintaining the machine. The content of the **Safety precautions** of this engineer's manual includes items which are not contained in the specifications of your product. The risk indications are classified into the following three different categories to help understand the meaning of the labels of this engineer's manual and the product. Be sure to fully understand the following description and strictly observe the instructions.

## (I) Explanation of risk levels

#### DANGER :

CAUTION ·

This indication is given where there is an immediate danger of death or serous injury if the person in charge or any third party mishandles the machine or does not avoid the dangerous situation when operating or maintaining the machine.

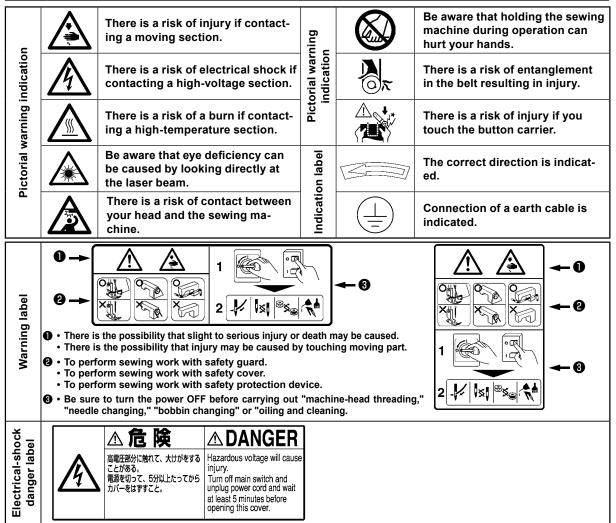
#### WARNING : This indication is given where there is a potentiality for death or serious injury if the person in charge or any third party mishandles the machine or does not avoid the dangerous situation when operating or maintaining the machine.



This indication is given where there is a danger of medium to minor injury if the person in charge or any third party mishandles the machine or does not avoid the dangerous situation when operating or maintaining the machine.

Items requiring special attention

## (II) Explanation of pictorial warning indications and warning labels



## **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

Accident means "to cause personal injury or death or damage to property."



 When it is necessary to open the control box containing electrical parts, be sure to turn the power off and wait for five minutes or more before opening the cover in order to prevent accident leading to electrical shock.



#### Basic precaution

- Be sure to read the engineer's manual and other explanatory documents supplied with accessories of the machine before using the machine. Carefully keep the engineer's manual and the explanatory documents at hand for quick reference.
- 2. The content of this section includes items which are not contained in the specifications of your product.
- 3. Be sure to wear safety goggles to protect against accident caused by needle breakage.
- 4. Those who use a heart pacer have to use the machine after consultation with a medical specialist.
- 5. Turn OFF the power before starting the work in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury.

If it is inevitable to carry out work with the power ON, utmost care should be taken to prevent from depressing the foot pedal or pressing the start switch by mistake.

6. Make sure, after the completion of replacement work, that neither connectors nor cables are damaged, slipped off or loosened in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury.

#### Safety devices and warning labels

- 1. Be sure to operate the machine after verifying that safety device(s) is correctly installed in place and works normally in order to prevent accident caused by lack of the device(s).
- 2. If any of the safety devices is removed, be sure to replace it and verify that it works normally in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death.
- 3. Be sure to keep the warning labels adhered on the machine clearly visible in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death. If any of the labels has stained or come unstuck, be sure to change it with a new one.

#### Application and modification

- Never use the machine for any application other than its intended one and in any manner other than that prescribed in the engineer's manual in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death. JUKI assumes no responsibility for damages or personal injury or death resulting from the use of the machine for any application other than the intended one.
- 2. Never modify and alter the machine in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death. JUKI assumes no responsibility for damages or personal injury or death resulting from the machine which has been modified or altered.

Education and training

 In order to prevent accident resulting from unfamiliarity with the machine, the machine has to be used only by the operator who has been trained/educated by the employer with respect to the machine operation and how to operate the machine with safety to acquire adequate knowledge and operation skill. To ensure the above, the employer has to establish an education/training plan for the operators and educate/train them beforehand.

#### Items for which the power to the machine has to be turned off

Turning the power off: Turning the power switch off, then removing the power plug from the outlet. This applies to the following.

- 1. Be sure to immediately turn the power off if any abnormality or failure is found or in the case of power failure in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury or death.
- 2. To protect against accident resulting from abrupt start of the machine, be sure to carry out the following operations after turning the power off. For the machine incorporating a clutch motor, in particular, be sure to carry out the following operations after turning the power off and verifying that the machine stops completely.
  - 2-1. For example, threading the parts such as the needle, looper, spreader etc. which have to be threaded, or changing the bobbin.
  - 2-2. For example, changing or adjusting all component parts of the machine.
  - 2-3. For example, when inspecting, repairing or cleaning the machine or leaving the machine.
- 3. Be sure to remove the power plug by holding the plug section instead of the cord section in order to prevent electrical-shock, earth-leakage or fire accident.
- 4. Be sure to turn the power off whenever the machine is left unattended between works.
- 5. Be sure to turn the power off in the case of power failure in order to prevent accident resulting of breakage of electrical components.

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN VARIOUS OPERATION STAGES

Transportation

- 1. Be sure to lift and move the machine in a safe manner taking the machine weight in consideration. Refer to the text of the engineer's manual for the mass of the machine.
- 2. Be sure to take sufficient safety measures to prevent falling or dropping before lifting or moving the machine in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury or death.
- 3. Once the machine has been unpacked, never re-pack it for transportation to protect the machine against breakage resulting from unexpected accident or dropping.

#### Unpacking

- 1. Be sure to unpack the machine in the prescribed order in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death. In the case the machine is crated, in particular, be sure to carefully check nails. The nails have to be removed.
- 2. Be sure to check the machine for the position of its center of gravity and take it out from the package carefully in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death.

#### Installation

#### (I) Table and table stand

- 1. Be sure to use JUKI genuine table and table stand in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death. If it is inevitable to use a table and table stand which are not JUKI genuine ones, select the table and table stand which are able to support the machine weight and reaction force during operation.
- 2. If casters are fitted to the table stand, be sure to use the casters with a locking mechanism and lock them to secure the machine during the operation, maintenance, inspection and repair in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death.

#### (II) Cable and wiring

- Be sure to prevent an extra force from being applied to the cable during the use in order to prevent electrical-shock, earth-leakage or fire accident. In addition, if it is necessary to cable near the operating section such as the V-belt, be sure to provide a space of 30 mm or more between the operating section and the cable.
- 2. Be sure to avoid starburst connection in order to prevent electrical-shock, earth-leakage or fire accident.
- 3. Be sure to securely connect the connectors in order to prevent electrical-shock, earth-leakage or fire
- accident. In addition, be sure to remove the connector while holding its connector section.

#### (III) Grounding

- 1. Be sure to have an electrical expert install an appropriate power plug in order to prevent accident caused by earth-leakage or dielectric strength voltage fault. In addition, be sure to connect the power plug to the grounded outlet without exceptions.
- 2. Be sure to ground the earth cable in order to prevent accident caused by earth leakage.

#### (IV) Motor

- 1. Be sure to use the specified rated motor (JUKI genuine product) in order to prevent accident caused by burnout.
- 2. If a commercially available clutch motor is used with the machine, be sure to select one with an entanglement preventive pulley cover in order to protect against being entangled by the V-belt.

#### Before operation

- 1. Be sure to make sure that the connectors and cables are free from damage, dropout and looseness before turning the power on in order to prevent accident resulting in personal injury or death.
- 2. Never put your hand into the moving sections of the machine in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death.
- In addition, check to be sure that the direction of rotation of the pulley agrees with the arrow shown on pulley.

3. If the table stand with casters is used, be sure to secure the table stand by locking the casters or with adjusters, if provided, in order to protect against accident caused by abrupt start of the machine.

#### During operation

- 1. Be sure not to put your fingers, hair or clothing close to the moving sections such as the handwheel, hand pulley and motor or place something near those sections while the machine is in operation in order to prevent accident caused by entanglement that can result in personal injury or death.
- 2. Be sure not to place your fingers near the surround area of the needle or inside the thread take-up lever cover when turning the power on or while the machine is in operation in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death.
- 3. The machine runs at a high speed. Never bring your hands near the moving sections such as looper, spreader, needle bar, hook and cloth trimming knife during operation in order to protect your hands against injury. In addition, be sure to turn the power off and check to be sure that the machine complete-ly stops before changing the thread.
- 4. Be careful not to allow your fingers or any other parts of your body to be caught between the machine and table when removing the machine from or replacing it on the table in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death.
- 5. Be sure to turn the power off and check to be sure that the machine and motor completely stop before removing the belt cover and V-belt in order to prevent accident caused by abrupt start of the machine or motor.
- 6. If a servomotor is used with the machine, the motor does not produce noise while the machine is at rest. Be sure not to forget to turn the power off in order to prevent accident caused by abrupt start of the motor.
- 7. Never use the machine with the cooling opening of the motor power box shielded in order to prevent fire accident by overheat.

Lubrication

- 1. Be sure to use JUKI genuine oil and JUKI genuine grease to the parts to be lubricated.
- 2. If the oil adheres on your eye or body, be sure to immediately wash it off in order to prevent inflammation or irritation.
- 3. If the oil is swallowed unintentionally, be sure to immediately consult a medical doctor in order to prevent diarrhea or vomiting.

Maintenance

- In prevention of accident caused by unfamiliarity with the machine, repair and adjustment has to be carried out by a service technician who is thoroughly familiar with the machine within the scope defined in the engineer's manual. Be sure to use JUKI genuine parts when replacing any of the machine parts. JUKI assumes no responsibility for any accident caused by improper repair or adjustment or the use of any part other than JUKI genuine one.
- 2. In prevention of accident caused by unfamiliarity with the machine or electrical-shock accident, be sure to ask an electrical technician of your company or JUKI or distributor in your area for repair and maintenance (including wiring) of electrical components.
- 3. When carrying out repair or maintenance of the machine which uses air-driven parts such as an air cylinder, be sure to remove the air supply pipe to expel air remaining in the machine beforehand, in order to prevent accident caused by abrupt start of the air-driven parts.
- 4. Be sure to check that screws and nuts are free from looseness after completion of repair, adjustment and part replacement.
- 5. Be sure to periodically clean up the machine during its duration of use. Be sure to turn the power off and verify that the machine and motor stop completely before cleaning the machine in order to prevent accident caused by abrupt start of the machine or motor.
- 6. Be sure to turn the power off and verify that the machine and motor stop completely before carrying out maintenance, inspection or repair of the machine. (For the machine with a clutch motor, the motor will keep running for a while by inertia even after turning the power off. So, be careful.)
- 7. If the machine cannot be normally operated after repair or adjustment, immediately stop operation and contact JUKI or the distributor in your area for repair in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death.
- 8. If the fuse has blown, be sure to turn the power off and eliminate the cause of blowing of the fuse and replace the blown fuse with a new one in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death.
- 9. Be sure to periodically clean up the air vent of the fan and inspect the area around the wiring in order to prevent fire accident of the motor.
- 10. In order to prevent accidents resulting in personal injury or death, adjustments have to be carried out within the instructions described in this Engineer's Manual and in the Instruction Manual by the personnel who have been well trained by the employer with respect to the latest knowledge and safety for the machine.
- 11. Make sure that water is contained in cylinders and pipes, then remove water from them in order to prevent accidents due to a malfunction of the machine.

Operating environment

- Be sure to use the machine under the environment which is not affected by strong noise source (electromagnetic waves) such as a high-frequency welder in order to prevent accident caused by malfunction of the machine.
- 2. Never operate the machine in any place where the voltage fluctuates by more than "rated voltage ±10 %" in order to prevent accident caused by malfunction of the machine.
- 3. Be sure to verify that the air-driven device such as an air cylinder operates at the specified air pressure before using it in order to prevent accident caused by malfunction of the machine.
- 4. To use the machine with safety, be sure to use it under the environment which satisfies the following conditions:

Ambient temperature during operation 5°C to 35°C

Relative humidity during operation 35 % to 85 %

- 5. Dew condensation can occur if bringing the machine suddenly from a cold environment to a warm one. So, be sure to turn the power on after having waited for a sufficient period of time until there is no sign of water droplet in order to prevent accident caused by breakage or malfunction of the electrical components.
- 6. Be sure to stop operation when lightning flashes for the sake of safety and remove the power plug in order to prevent accident caused by breakage or malfunction of the electrical components.
- 7. Depending on the radio wave signal condition, the machine may generate noise in the TV or radio. If this occurs, use the TV or radio with kept well away from the machine.
- 8. In order to ensure the work environment, local laws and regulations in the country where the sewing machine is installed shall be followed.
- In the case the noise control is necessary, an ear protector or other protective gear should be worn according to the applicable laws and regulations.
- 9. Disposal of products and packages and treatment of used lubricating oil should be carried out properly according to the relevant laws of the country in which the sewing machine is used.

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN VARIOUS OPERATION STAGES

## **Mechanical components**



#### Transportation

- 1. Be sure to lift this machine with four or more workers and use a carriage for moving it in order to prevent personal injury.
- 2. Be sure to take sufficient safety measures to prevent falling or dropping before lifting or moving the machine in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury or death.
- 3. Installation is described in the Instruction Manual. Be sure to fully understand the description before putting the machine into operation.

#### Replacement of parts

- 1. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, be sure to carry out disassembly/assembly work within the specified range given in this Engineer's Manual and in the Instruction Manual.
- 2. Turn OFF the power before starting the work in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury.

If it is inevitable to carry out work with the power ON, utmost care should be taken to prevent from depressing the foot pedal or pressing the start switch by mistake.

- 3. Be sure to carry out replacement work after having installed the machine in a stable state in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury. In addition, be sure to select appropriate tools.
- 4. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, make sure, after the completion of adjustment work, that neither screws nor nuts are loosened or come in contact with other parts.
- 5. Be sure to use JUKI genuine parts when replacing any of the machine parts. JUKI assumes no responsibility for any accident caused by any part other than JUKI genuine one. In addition, in the event you cannot replace parts within the specified range, immediately stop the replacement work and ask JUKI or distributor in your area for replacement of the parts.

#### Adjustment

- 1. Be sure to adjust according to the instructions given in this Engineer's Manual and in the Instruction Manual in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury.
- 2. Be sure to carry out replacement work after having installed the machine in a stable state in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury. In addition, be sure to select appropriate tools.
- 3. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, make sure, after the completion of adjustment work, that neither screws nor nuts are loosened or come in contact with other parts.
- 4. Turn OFF the power before starting the work in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury.

If it is inevitable to carry out work with the power ON, utmost care should be taken to prevent from depressing the foot pedal or pressing the start switch by mistake.

5. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury or entanglement accident, be sure to ensure safety at the time of test run. In addition, be sure to take care not to allow hair or cloths to come in contact with the machine belt.

#### Disassembly/assembly

- 1. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, be sure to carry out disassembly/assembly work within the specified range given in this Engineer's Manual and in the Instruction Manual.
- 2. Be sure to carry out replacement work after having installed the machine in a stable state in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury. In addition, be sure to select appropriate tools.
- 3. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, make sure, after the completion of adjustment work, that neither screws nor nuts are loosened or come in contact with other parts.
- 4. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, be sure to tighten screws and nuts in assembly work with a specified torque, if specified, or with an appropriate torque, if not specified. After the completion of assembly work, be sure to check that screws and nuts are not loosened before starting test run.
- 5. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, be sure to check whether the direction of rotation is correct at the time of test run.
- 6. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury or entanglement accident, be sure to ensure safety at the time of test run. In addition, be sure to take care not to allow hair or cloths to come in contact with the machine belt.

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN VARIOUS OPERATION STAGES

## **Electrical components**



#### Transportation

- 1. Be sure to lift this machine with four or more workers and use a carriage for moving it in order to prevent personal injury.
- 2. Be sure to take sufficient safety measures to prevent falling or dropping before lifting or moving the machine in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury or death.
- 3. Installation is described in the Instruction Manual. Be sure to fully understand the description before putting the machine into operation.

#### Replacement of parts

- In prevention of accident caused by unfamiliarity with the machine or electrical-shock accident, be sure to ask an electrical technician of your company or JUKI or distributor in your area for replacement of electrical components.
- 2. When it is necessary to open the control box containing electrical parts, be sure to turn the power off and wait for five minutes or more before opening the cover in order to prevent accident caused by unfamiliarity with the machine or electrical-shock accident. In addition, do not carry out replacement work with wet hands in order to prevent electrical-shock accident.
- 3. Be sure to replace parts according to the instructions given in this Engineer's Manual and in the Instruction Manual in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury.
- 4. Be sure to carry out replacement work after having installed the machine in a stable state in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury. In addition, be sure to select appropriate tools.
- 5. Make sure, after the completion of replacement work, that there is no loose soldering, no contact with other parts, inadequate contact between connectors and receptacles, and loose screws/nuts in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury.
- 6. Make sure, after the completion of replacement work, that neither connectors nor cables are damaged, slipped off or loosened in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury. It should be remembered that some parts have been factory-insulated with tubes or tapes, or floated above the PWB for safety's sake. In addition, internal wiring has been factory-routed or -clamped in such a way that it does not come close to high-voltage parts. Be sure to re-place those parts as they are at the time of delivery.
- 7. Be sure to use JUKI genuine parts when replacing any of the machine parts. JUKI assumes no responsibility for any accident caused by any part other than JUKI genuine one. In addition, in the event you cannot replace parts within the specified range, immediately stop the replacement work and ask JUKI or distributor in your area for replacement of the parts.
- 8. If the fuse has blown, be sure to turn the power off and eliminate the cause of blowing of the fuse and replace the blown fuse with a new one in order to prevent accident that can result in personal injury or death.

#### Adjustment

- In prevention of accident caused by unfamiliarity with the machine or electrical-shock accident, be sure to ask an electrical technician of your company or JUKI or distributor in your area for adjustment of electrical components.
- 2. When it is necessary to open the control box containing electrical parts, be sure to turn the power off and wait for five minutes or more before opening the cover in order to prevent accident caused by unfamiliarity with the machine or electrical-shock accident. In addition, do not carry out adjustment work with wet hands in order to prevent electrical-shock accident.
- 3. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, adjust adjustment variable resistor or the like installed on PWB within the specified range given in this Engineer's Manual and in the Instruction Manual.
- 4. Be sure to carry out replacement work after having installed the machine in a stable state in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury. In addition, be sure to select appropriate tools.
- 5. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, make sure, after the completion of adjustment work, that neither screws nor nuts are loosened or come in contact with other parts.
- 6. Make sure, after the completion of replacement work, that neither connectors nor cables are damaged, slipped off or loosened in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury.
- 7. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury or entanglement accident, be sure to ensure safety at the time of test run. In addition, be sure to take care not to allow hair or cloths to come in contact with the machine belt.

#### Disassembly/assembly

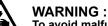
1. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, be sure to carry out disassembly/assembly work within the specified range given in this Engineer's Manual and in the Instruction Manual.

- 2. In prevention of accident caused by unfamiliarity with the machine or electrical-shock accident, be sure to ask an electrical technician of your company or JUKI or distributor in your area for disassembly/assembly of electrical components.
- 3. When it is necessary to open the control box containing electrical parts, be sure to turn the power off and wait for five minutes or more before opening the cover in order to prevent accident caused by unfamiliarity with the machine or electrical-shock accident. In addition, do not carry out disassembly/assembly work with wet hands in order to prevent electrical-shock accident.
- 4. Be sure to carry out replacement work after having installed the machine in a stable state in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury. In addition, be sure to select appropriate tools.
- 5. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, be sure to tighten screws and nuts in assembly work with a specified torque, if specified, or with an appropriate torque, if not specified. After the completion of assembly work, be sure to check that screws and nuts are not loosened before starting test run.
- 6. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, make sure, after the completion of adjustment work, that neither screws nor nuts are loosened or come in contact with other parts.
- 7. Make sure, after the completion of replacement work, that neither connectors nor cables are damaged, slipped off or loosened in order to protect against accident that can result in personal injury. It should be remembered that some parts have been factory-insulated with tubes or tapes, or floated above the PWB for safety's sake. In addition, internal wiring has been factory-routed or -clamped in such a way that it does not come close to high-voltage parts. Be sure to re-place those parts as they are at the time of delivery.
- 8. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury, be sure to check whether the direction of rotation is correct at the time of test run.
- 9. In prevention of accident that can result in personal injury or entanglement accident, be sure to ensure safety at the time of test run. In addition, be sure to take care not to allow hair or cloths to come in contact with the machine belt.

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN SO AS TO USE THE LU-2800 SERIES MORE SAFELY

	<ol> <li>Keep your hands away from needle when you turn ON the power switch or while the machine is in operation.</li> </ol>
	2. Do not put your fingers into the thread take-up cover while the machine is operating.
DANGER	<ol><li>Turn OFF the power switch when tilting the machine head, or removing the belt cover or the V belts.</li></ol>
	4. During operation, be careful not to allow your or any other person's head, hands or clothes to come close to the handwheel, V belt and motor. Also, do not place anything close to them.
	5. Do not operate your machine with the belt cover and finger guard removed.
	6. To avoid personal injury, be careful not to allow your fingers in the machine when tilt- ing the machine head.
	1. To ensure safety, never operate the machine with the ground wire for the power supply removed.
CAUTION	<ol><li>When inserting/removing the power plug, the power switch has to be turned OFF in advance.</li></ol>
	<ol><li>In time of thunder and lightening, stop your work and disconnect the power plug from the receptacle so as to ensure safety.</li></ol>
	4. If the machine is suddenly moved from a cold place to a warm place, dew condensa- tion may be observed. In this case, turn ON the power to the machine after you have confirmed that there is no danger of water drops in the machine.
	5. To prevent fires, periodically draw out the power plug from the plug socket and clean the root of the pins and the space between pins.
	6. The hook rotates at a high speed while the machine is in operation.
	To prevent possible injury to hands, be sure to keep your hands away from the vicinity of the hook during operation. In addition, be sure to turn OFF the power to the ma- chine when replacing the bobbin.
	<ol><li>To avoid possible accidents due to abrupt start of the machine, be sure to turn OFF the power to the machine.</li></ol>
	<ol><li>Be careful of handling this product so as not to pour water or oil, shock by dropping, and the like since this product is a precision instrument.</li></ol>
	9. When tilting or returning the sewing machine to the home position, hold the upper side of the machine head with both hands and perform the work quietly so that fingers or the like are not caught in the machine.

## **CAUTION BEFORE OPERATION**



To avoid malfunction and damage of the machine, confirm the following.

- Before you put the machine into operation for the first time after the set-up, clean it thoroughly. Remove all dust gathering during transportation and oil it well.
- Confirm that voltage has been correctly set.
- Confirm that the power plug has been properly connected to the power supply.
- Never use the machine in the state where the voltage type is different from the designated one.
- The direction of normal rotation of the machine is counterclockwise as observed from the pulley side.

Take care not to allow the machine to rotate in the reverse direction.

- Never operate the machine unless the machine head and the oil tank have been filled with oil.
- For a test run, remove the bobbin and the needle thread.
- For the first month, decrease the sewing speed and run the sewing machine at a speed of 80% or less of the maximum sewing speed. As to the maximum sewing speed, see "2.-(18) SEWING SPEED TABLE".
- Operate the handwheel after the machine has totally stopped.

## CONTENTS

1. Specifications 1
2. Standard adjustment4
(1) Needle entry position
(Standard gauge type)4
(2) Needle entry position
(Europe gauge type)6
(3) Height of the feed dog
<ul><li>(4) Height of the hook</li></ul>
1) Clearance of opener
2) Opener timing12
(6) Needle-to-hook timing14
1) Height of the needle bar
<ul><li>2) Needle-to-blade point of hook timing 14</li><li>3) Adjusting the hook needle guard</li></ul>
(7) Lift of the presser foot
1) Hand lifter
2) Knee lifter (Without thread trimmer only) 18
3) Automatic presser foot lifter
(Machine with thread trimmer only)20 (8) Feed adjustment22
1) Horizontal feed cam timing
2) Vertical feed cam timing
3) Alternate momentum
4) Top feed cam timing24 (9) Needle sway
(Adjusting the bottom feed amount) 26
(10) Stitch length of forward/reverse feed 28
(11) Position of the reverse feed
control lever
(12) Safety clutch
(13) Balancer 34
(14) Reverse feed cylinder
(15) Lubrication
(16) Thread trimmer device
(Except for LU-2828-6 and 2828-7) 42 1) Position of the counter knife
and the clamp spring
2) Position of the counter knife base
3) Vertical position of the moving knife
4) Thread trimmer cam timing
6) Adjusting the knife pressure
(17) Adjusting the thread trimmer compo-
nents for LU-2828-6 and 2828-7 52
1) Adjusting the moving knife, the counter
knife and the bobbin thread clamp52 2) Adjusting the thread trimmer cam timing54
(18) Detection switch of the amount of
alternate vertical movement
(19) DL device58
(20) Adjusting the bottom feed momentum 60
(21) 2P feed adjustment62
1) LU-2810-6, 2810-7, 2860-6, 2860-7
2) LU-2828-6, 2828-7
(22) Replacing the motor70
<ul><li>(22) Replacing the motor70</li><li>(23) Adjusting the condensation stitch</li></ul>

3. Portion to which LOCKTITE is
applied74
4. Selective parts and consumable
parts75
5. Applying grease77
(1) Applying grease77
(2) Greasing points
1) Needle bar rocking base77 2) Alternate vertical change base78
3) Horizontal feed change base
4) Greasing point indication drawing
(* Indicating the points where grease is applied at shipment.)79
6. Engraved marker dots on the hand-
wheel (for the machine with thread
trimmer only)
7. Machine head wiring 100
(1) LU-2810-7, 2860-7
1) Connectors coming from machine head
(Connect to control box)
2) Connectors that are connected
in the head cover101 (2) LU-2810-6, 2860-6
(2) E0-2010-0, 2000-0
2) Details of connectors 102
(3) LU-2828-7 105
1) Connectors coming from machine head
(Connect to control box)105 2) Connectors that are connected
in the head cover 106
(4) LU-2828-6
1) Wiring diagram
(5) LU-2818-7, 2868-7
1) Connectors coming from machine head
(Connect to control box)
in the head cover111
8. Troubles and corrective measures112
(1) With regard to sewing 112
(2) With regard to thread trimming 117
9. Lubrication route diagram
(1) LU-2810, 2810-6, 2810-7, 2828-6,
2828-7, 2818-7123
(2) LU-2860, 2860-6, 2860-7, 2868-7124
10. Drawing of table 125
(1) For without thread trimming
(LU-2810, 2860)125 (2) For SC-922 (LU-2810-7, 2860-7)126
(3) For V-belt (Machine with thread
trimmer) (LU-2810-6, 2860-6)
(4) For SC-922 (LU-2810-7, 2860-7,
2828-7, 2818-7, 2868-7)128
(5) For V-belt (Machine with thread
trimmer) (LU-2810-6, 2860-6, 2828-6) 129

## 1. Specifications

No.	Item		Application			
1	Model	LU-2810S (Standard gauge type)	LU-2810S-6 (Standard gauge type)	LU-2810S-7 (Standard gauge type		
		LU-2810A (Europe gauge type)	LU-2810A-6 (Europe gauge type)	LU-2810A-7 (Europe gauge type)		
2	Model name	Direct-drive, 1-Needle, Unison-feed	Direct-drive, 1-Needle, Unison-feed	Direct-drive, 1-Needle, Unison-fee		
		Lockstitch Machine with a Vertical-	Lockstitch Machine with a Vertical-	Lockstitch Machine with a Vertical		
		axis Large Hook	axis Large Hook with an Automatic	axis Large Hook with an Automation		
			Thread Trimmer and V-belt	Thread Trimmer		
3	Application		For heavy-weight materials			
4	Sewing speed	Max. 3,000 s	ti/min (See "2(18) SEWING SPEED	TABLE".) *1		
5	Needle	GROZ-BECKER	RT 135 x 17 (Nm 125 to Nm 180) (Sta	ndard : Nm 160)		
6	Applicable thread	#30 to	#5 (US : #46 to #138, Europe : 20/3 t	o 60/3)		
	size for sewing					
7	Applicable thread		#30 to #5 (US : #46 to #1	38, Europe : 20/3 to 60/3)		
	size to be cut					
8	Stitch length		Max. 9 mm (forward/reverse feed)			
9	Stitch length dial	1-pitch dial	2-pito	h dial		
	Presser foot lift	Hand lifter : 10 mm	Hand lifte			
		Knee lifter : 20 mm *2	Automatic presser f			
11	Stitch length		By dial			
	adjusting		,			
	mechanism					
12	Reverse stitch	By lever	Air cylinder type (wit	h touch-back switch)		
	adjusting method	,		···· ,		
13	Thread take-up		Link thread take-up			
			40 mm			
	Amount of the	1 mm	to 9 mm (6.5 mm at the time of delive	erv) * <b>2</b>		
	alternate vertical		Alternate vertical dial adjustment type			
	movement					
16	Hook	Full-r	otary vertical-axis 2-fold hook (Latch	type)		
	Feed mechanism		Box feed	()po)		
	Top and bottom		Timing belt			
10	feed actuation		Timing beit			
	mechanism					
10	Thread trimming	Cam-driven scissors type				
10	method					
20	Lubrication	Autor	natic lubrication by oil tank (with oil ga	auge)		
	Lubricating oil		(equivalent to ISO standard VG7) or			
	Bed size		643 mm × 178 mm			
	Space under the		347 mm × 127 mm			
20	arm					
24	Hand wheel size	V-belt effective diameter : ø76.0 mm	V-belt effective diameter : ø76.0 mm	Outer diameter : ø123 mm		
<u>-</u> +	TATIC WIEE SIZE	Outer diameter : ø140 mm	Outer diameter : ø123 mm			
25	Motor/Control box	M51N 750W		SC-922		
	Machine head		61 kg			
20	weight	56 kg	01 Kg	61 kg		
27	Rated power	120 VA		110 VA		
<u>~</u> 1	consumption	120 VA		ITO VA		
28	Noise	- Equivalent continuous emission co	und pressure level (Law) at the worket	l		
20	110130	- Equivalent continuous emission sound pressure level (L <sub>PA</sub> ) at the workstation:				
		A-weighted value of 83.0 dB; (Includes K <sub>pA</sub> = 2.5 dB); according to ISO 10821- C.6.2 - ISO 11204 GR2 at 3,000 at /min				
		sti/min. - Sound power level (LwA);				
			des $K_{WA} = 2.5 dB$ ; according to ISO 1	0821- C 6 2 - ISO 3744 GP2 of 2 00		
		A-weighted value of 88.5 dB; (Includes K <sub>WA</sub> = 2.5 dB); according to ISO 10821- C.6.2 - ISO 3744 GR2 at 3,000 sti/min.				

\*1 For the LU-2810-7, the sewing speed is automatically set according to the amount of the alternate vertical movement.

\*2 To use the machine with amount of the alternate vertical movement is set at more than 6.5 mm, use it to lower the presser foot lift (20mm).

No.	Item		Application			
1	Model	LU-2860S (Standard gauge type)	LU-2860S-6 (Standard gauge type) LU-2860S-7 (Standard g			
		LU-2860A (Europe gauge type)	LU-2860A-6 (Europe gauge type)	LU-2860A-7 (Europe gauge type)		
2	Model name	Direct-drive, 2-Needle, Unison-feed	Direct-drive, 2-Needle, Unison-feed	Direct-drive, 2-Needle, Unison-fee		
		Lockstitch Machine with a Vertical-	Lockstitch Machine with a Vertical-	Lockstitch Machine with a Vertical-		
		axis Large Hook	axis Large Hook with an Automatic	axis Large Hook with an Automatic		
			Thread Trimmer and V-belt	Thread Trimmer		
3	Application		For heavy-weight materials			
4	Sewing speed	Max. 2,700 s	ti/min (See "2(18) SEWING SPEED	TABLE".) <b>*1</b>		
5	Needle	GROZ-BECKEF	RT 135 x 17 (Nm 125 to Nm 180) (Sta	ndard : Nm 160)		
6	Applicable thread	#30 to	#5 (US : #46 to #138, Europe : 20/3 t	o 60/3)		
	size for sewing					
7	Applicable thread		#30 to #5 (US : #46 to #1	38, Europe : 20/3 to 60/3)		
	size to be cut					
8	Stitch length		Max. 9 mm (forward/reverse feed)			
9	Stitch length dial	1-pitch dial	2-pito	h dial		
10	Presser foot lift	Hand lifter : 10 mm	Hand lifte	r : 10 mm		
		Knee lifter : 20 mm *2	Automatic presser f	oot lifter : 20 mm *2		
11	Stitch length		By dial			
	adjusting					
	mechanism					
12	Reverse stitch	By lever	Air cylin	der type		
	adjusting method		(with touch-	back switch)		
13	Thread take-up		Link thread take-up			
14	Needle bar stroke		40 mm			
15	Amount of the	1 mm	to 9 mm (6.5 mm at the time of delive	ery) * <b>2</b>		
	alternate vertical		Alternate vertical dial adjustment type			
	movement					
16	Hook	Full-rotary vertical-axis 2-fold hook (Latch type)				
17	Feed mechanism		Box feed			
18	Top and bottom		Timing belt			
	feed actuation		-			
	mechanism					
19	Thread trimming		Cam-driven	scissors type		
	method					
20	Lubrication	Autor	natic lubrication by oil tank (with oil ga	auge)		
21	Lubricating oil	JUKI New Defrix Oil No. 1	(equivalent to ISO standard VG7) or	JUKI MACHINE OIL No. 7		
22	Bed size		643 mm × 178 mm			
23	Space under the		347 mm × 127 mm			
	arm					
24	Hand wheel size	V-belt effective diameter : ø76.0 mm	V-belt effective diameter : ø76.0 mm	Outer diameter : ø123 mm		
		Outer diameter : ø140 mm	Outer diameter : ø123 mm			
25	Motor/Control box	M51N 750W		SC-922		
	Machine head	61 kg	66 kg	66 kg		
	weight			_		
27	Rated power	95 VA		110 VA		
	consumption					
28	Noise	<ul> <li>Equivalent continuous emission sound pressure level (L<sub>pA</sub>) at the workstation:</li> <li>A-weighted value of 83.0 dB; (Includes K<sub>pA</sub> = 2.5 dB); according to ISO 10821- C.6.2 - ISO 11204 GR2 at 2,700</li> </ul>				
		sti/min.				
		<ul> <li>Sound power level (Lwa);</li> <li>A-weighted value of 88.5 dB; (Includes Kwa = 2.5 dB); according to ISO 10821- C.6.2 - ISO 3744 GR2 at 2,700</li> </ul>				
		sti/min.				

\*1 For the LU-2860-7, the sewing speed is automatically set according to the amount of the alternate vertical movement.

\*2 To use the machine with amount of the alternate vertical movement is set at more than 6.5 mm, use it to lower the presser foot lift (20mm).

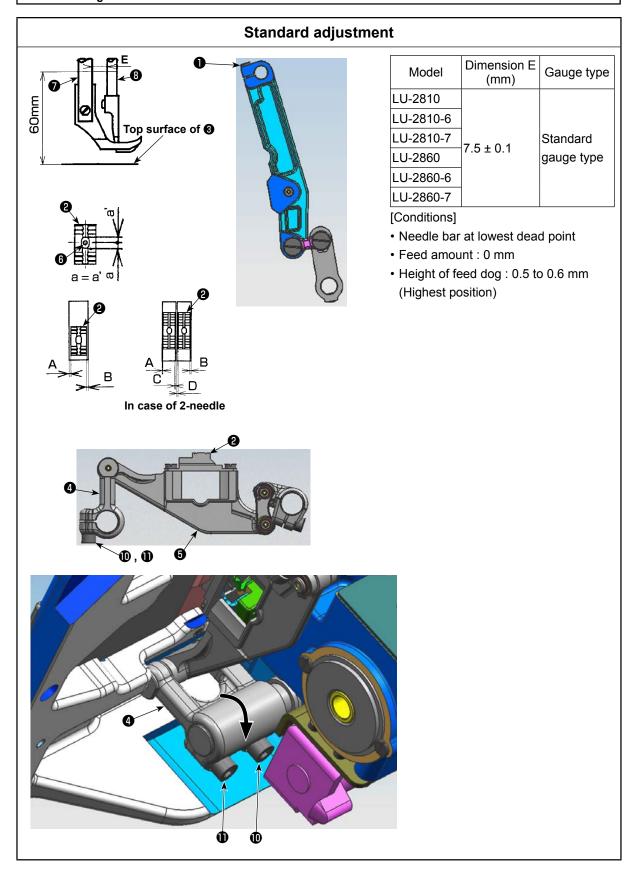
No.	ltem		Appli	cation		
1	Model	LU-2828-7	LU-2828-6	LU-2818-7	LU-2868-7	
2	Model name		1-needle, unison-feed, lockstitch machine with automatic thread trimmer (with 2.7-fold vertical axis hook / shorter-remaining- thread / V-belt type) (Europe gauge type only)	1-needle, unison-feed, lockstitch machine with automatic thread trimmer (with 2.7-fold vertical axis hook / long pitch / shorter- remaining-thread / direct drive type) (Europe gauge type only)	2-needle, unison-feed, lockstitch machine with automatic thread trimmer (with 2.7-fold vertical axis hook / long pitch / shorter- remaining-thread / direct drive type) (Europe gauge type only)	
3	Application		Medium- to heavy-weight r	naterials, car seat, furniture		
4	Sewing speed *1		Max. 3,000 sti/min		Max. 2,700 sti/min	
				NG SPEED TABLE".)		
5	Needle	SCHMETZ 134-35 ( (Standard	/	(Standard	: 17 (Nm 125 to Nm 180) : Nm 160)	
	Applicable thread size for sewing			38, Europe : 20/3 to 60/3)		
7	Applicable thread size to be cut			38, Europe : 20/3 to 60/3)		
8	Stitch length	Max. 9 mm (forw	,	· · · ·	vard/reverse feed)	
9	Stitch length dial			ch dial		
-	Presser foot lift			, Knee lifter : 20 mm		
11	Stitch length adjusting mechanism		Ву	dial		
12	Reverse stitch			der type		
	adjusting method			back switch)		
	Thread take-up			ad take-up		
	Needle bar stroke			mm		
15	Amount of the alternate vertical movement		1 mm to 9 mm (6.5 mm at the time of delivery) Alternate vertical dial adjustment type			
16	Needle thread tension		Possible to changeover	of single / double tension		
<u> </u>	Hook			2.7-fold hook (Latch type)		
-	Feed mechanism		-	feed		
	Top and bottom feed actuation mechanism	Timing belt				
	Thread trimming method			scissors type		
	Lubrication			/ oil tank (with oil gauge)		
22	0	JUKI New Defrix		standard VG7) or JUKI MA	CHINE OIL No. 7	
-	Bed size			× 178 mm		
	Space under the arm			× 127 mm		
25	Hand wheel size	Outer diameter : ø123 mm	V-belt effective diameter : ø76.0 mm Outer diameter : ø123 mm		er : ø123 mm	
	Motor/Control box	SC-922		SC	-922	
	Machine head weight	62	kg	66 kg	68.5 kg	
	Rated power consumption	180 VA		120 VA	110 VA	
29	Noise *2	(LpA) at the workstation: A-weighted value of 81.0 c according to ISO 10821- C 3,000 sti/min. - Sound power level (LwA);	dB; (Includes Kwa = 2.5 dB);	<ul> <li>Equivalent continuous emission sound pressure level (L<sub>p</sub>A) at the workstation:</li> <li>A-weighted value of 84.0 dB; (Includes K<sub>p</sub>A = 2.5 dB); according to ISO 10821- C.6.2 - ISO 11204 GR2 at 2,750 sti/min.</li> <li>Sound power level (LwA); A-weighted value of 84.0 dB; (Includes KwA = 2.5 dB); according to ISO 10821- C.6.2 - ISO 3744 GR2 at 3,000 sti/min.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Equivalent continuous emission sound pressure level (L<sub>P</sub>A) at the workstation:</li> <li>A-weighted value of 84.0 dB; (Includes K<sub>P</sub>A = 2.5 dB); according to ISO 10821- C.6.2 - ISO 11204 GR2 at 2,600 sti/min.</li> <li>Sound power level (LwA); A-weighted value of 84.0 dB; (Includes KwA = 2.5 dB); according to ISO 10821- C.6.2 - ISO 3744 GR2 at 2.700 sti/min.</li> </ul>	

\*1 The speed setting according to the amount of the alternating vertical movement of the walking foot and presser foot is automatically carried out.
\*2 The noise level show in the table is the level generated in the case JUKI's control box (SC-922) is used.

## 2. Standard adjustment

## (1) Needle entry position (Standard gauge type)

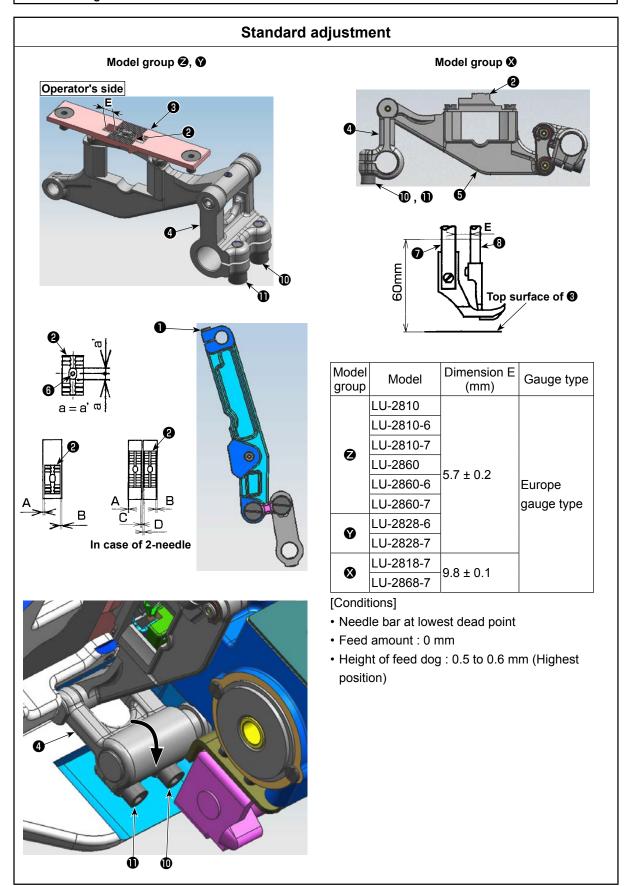




	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
1. 2.	Set the feed pitch to the maximum (P=9). Turn the handwheel to turn the feed base arm ④ in the direc- tion of the arrow.	<ul> <li>o Stitch skipping or needle break- age will result.</li> <li>o Poorly tensed stitches will result.</li> </ul>
	Make sure that a clearance is secured in the hexagonal hole in clamping screw, right $\mathbf{\Phi}$ of the feed base arm into which a tool can be inserted.	
3.	Only loosen clamping screw, right $oldsymbol{0}$ of the feed base arm.	
4.	Set the stitch dial to "0". (Due to adjustment work of the initial position of feed dog)	
5.	Turn the handwheel to bring the needle bar to the lowest dead point of its stroke.	
6.	Loosen clamping screw 0 of the needle bar rocking link.	
7.	In the state that the presser foot is raised, adjust the clearance between presser bar <b>7</b> and walking bar <b>3</b> to dimension E,	
	then securely tighten clamping screw ${\ensuremath{\bullet}}$ of the needle bar rocking link.	
8.	Loosen clamping screw, left 🌒 of the feed base arm.	
9.	Move the feed base 6 to adjust so that needle 6 enters the	
	center of the needle hole in feed dog 2. Then securely tighten	
	clamping screw, left 🕕 of the feed base arm. (a = a')	
10.	Perform the adjustment work of step 1. to 2.	
11.	Tighten clamping screw, right $oldsymbol{0}$ of the feed base arm.	
12.	Check to be sure that the lateral clearances of feed dog 2 in	
	terms of the window of throat plate ③ to almost equal values. (A = B)	
	In case of 2-needle, check to be sure that A = B and C = D are almost obtained.	
[Che	ecking method]	
1.	Set the stitch dial to the maximum.	
2.	Turn the handwheel and make sure that feed dog <b>2</b> does not come in contact with the throat plate <b>3</b> at the position where	
	the feed dog 😢 travels fully to the front or to the rear.	

### (2) Needle entry position (Europe gauge type)





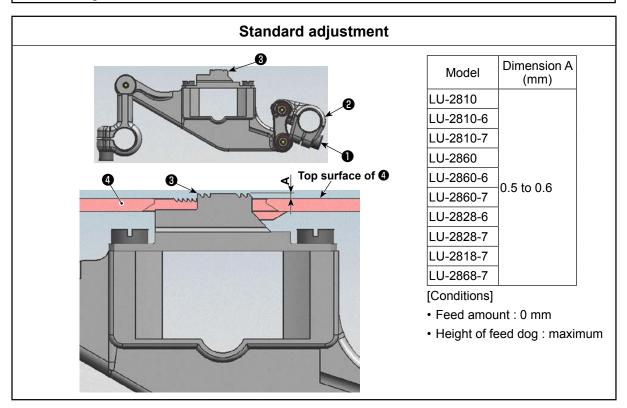
	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Set the feed pitch to the maximum. Turn the handwheel to turn the feed base arm ④ in the direc- tion of the arrow. Make sure that a clearance is secured in the hexagonal hole in clamping screw, right ❶ of the feed base arm into which a tool can be inserted. Only loosen clamping screw, right ❶ of the feed base arm. Set the stitch dial to "0". (Due to adjustment work of the initial position of feed dog) Turn the handwheel to bring the needle bar to the lowest dead	<ul> <li>o Stitch skipping or needle breakage will result.</li> <li>o Poorly tensed stitches will result.</li> </ul>
	point of its stroke.	
6. 7.	<ul> <li>del group ②, ♥]</li> <li>Loosen clamping screw, left ① of the feed base arm.</li> <li>Adjust the clearance between throat plate ③ and feed dog ② to dimension E, then securely tighten clamping screw, left ① of the feed base arm.</li> </ul>	
8. 9.	Loosen clamping screw $①$ of the needle bar rocking link. Move the needle bar rocking base to adjust so that needle $③$ enters the center of the needle hole in feed dog $②$ . Then securely tighten clamping screw $①$ of the needle bar rocking link. (a = a')	
[Mo	(d d) del group ⊗]	
6. 7.	Loosen clamping screw ① of the needle bar rocking link. In the state that the presser foot is raised, adjust the clearance between presser bar ⑦ and walking bar ③ to dimension E, then securely tighten clamping screw ① of the needle bar rock- ing link.	
8. 9.	Loosen clamping screw, left $\textcircled{1}$ of the feed base arm. Move the feed base $\textcircled{3}$ to adjust so that needle $\textcircled{3}$ enters the center of the needle hole in feed dog $\textcircled{3}$ . Then securely tighten clamping screw, left $\textcircled{1}$ of the feed base arm. (a = a')	
11.	Perform the adjustment work of step 1. to 2. Tighten clamping screw, right <b>①</b> of the feed base arm. Check to be sure that the lateral clearances of feed dog <b>②</b> in terms of the window of throat plate <b>③</b> to almost equal values. (A = B) In case of 2-needle, check to be sure that A = B and C = D are almost obtained.	
[Ch 1. 2.	ecking method] Set the stitch dial to the maximum. Turn the handwheel and make sure that feed dog ② does not come in contact with the throat plate ③ at the position where the feed dog ② travels fully to the front or to the rear.	

### (3) Height of the feed dog



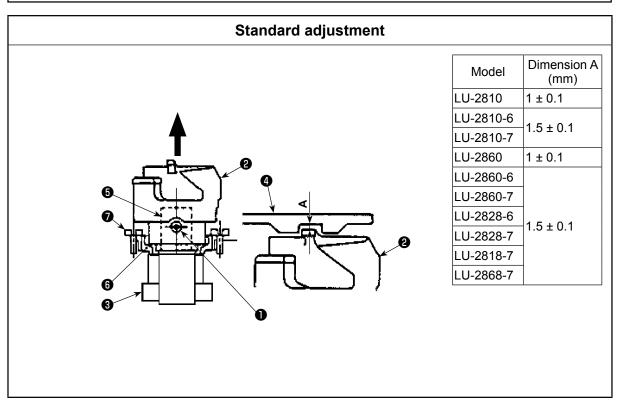
WARNING :

Turn OFF the power before starting the work so as to prevent accidents caused by abrupt start of the sewing machine.



### (4) Height of the hook



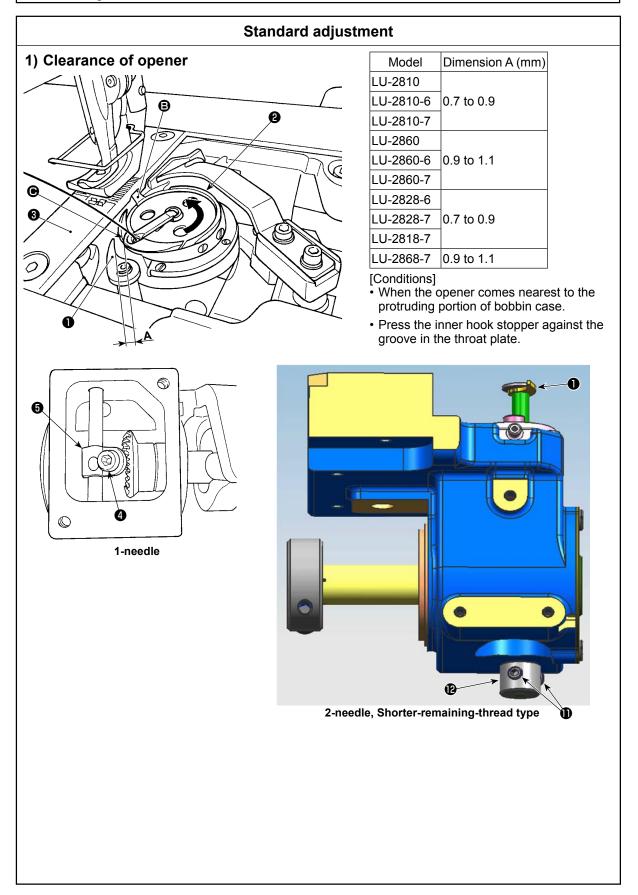


	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
1. 2. 3. 4.	Set the stitch dial to "0". Turn the handwheel to bring the height of the feed dog ③ to the maximum. (Bring the needle bar to the lowest dead point of its stroke.) Loosen clamping screw ① of the vertical feed front arm. Turn the vertical feed front arm ② to adjust the height of the feed dog ③ from top surface of the throat plate ④ to the dimen-	<ul> <li>When the height of the feed dog 3</li> <li>is higher than the specified value :</li> <li>o Stitch pitch becomes larger than the scale of the feed dial.</li> <li>o Balloon stitches will result.</li> <li>o Return of sewing product will occur.</li> </ul>
	sion A. Then securely tighten clamping screw <b>1</b> of the vertical feed front arm.	<ul> <li>o The feed dog S comes in contact with the knife, and the knife and the feed dog may be damaged.</li> <li>When the height of the feed dog s is lower than the specified value :</li> <li>o Stitch pitch becomes smaller than the scale of the feed dial.</li> <li>o Feed force will be deteriorated.</li> </ul>

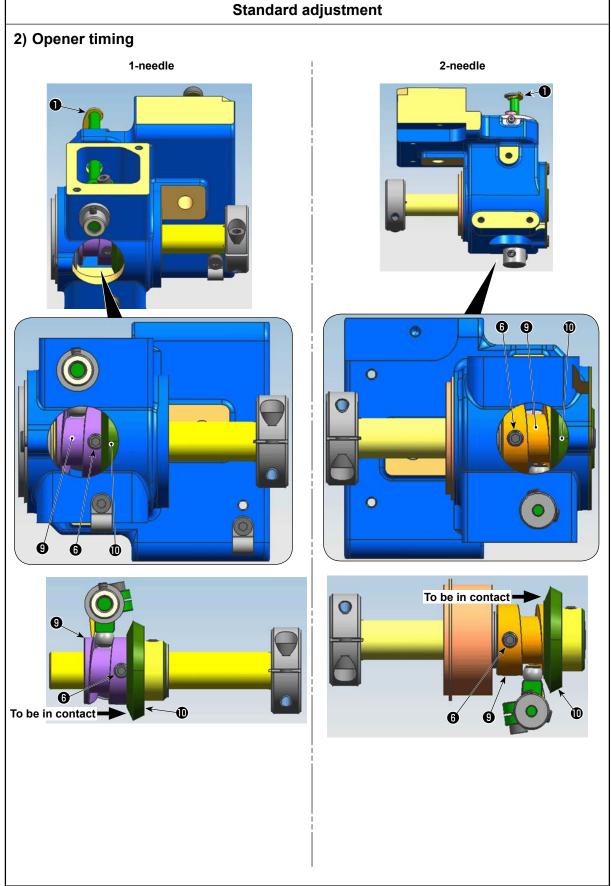
	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
1.	Loosen two setscrews <b>1</b> of the hook.	o Stitch skipping or thread break-
2.	Draw out hook 2 in the direction of the arrow.	age will result.
3.	Loosen four setscrews $oldsymbol{0}$ to remove the lubrication base $oldsymbol{0}$ .	o Needle breakage will result.
4.	Replace the washer ③ to adjust so that the clearance between throat plate ④ and top surface of hook stopper section of hook ② is dimension A.	o Irregular stitches will result.
	(Refer to "4. Selective parts and consumable parts" about the types of washer (3).)	
5.	Align the notched section of hook shaft ③ and No. 1 screw of setscrews ① of the hook. Then tighten two setscrews ① of the hook.	

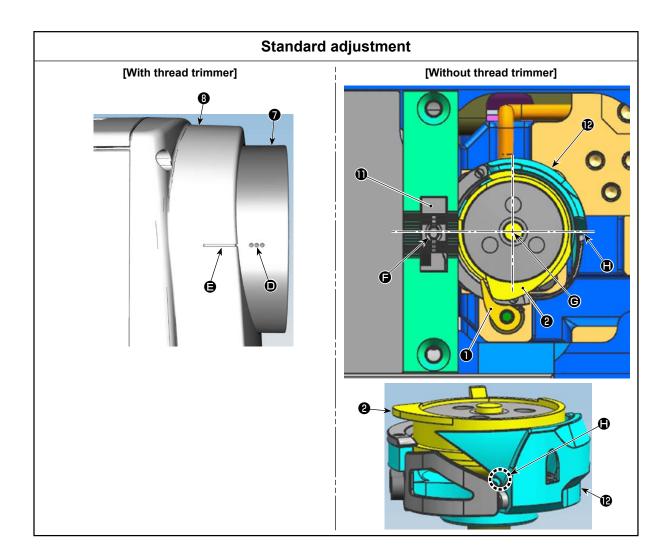
### (5) Adjusting the opener





	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
-	Clearance of opener -2810, 2810-6, 2810-7 Turn the handwheel in its normal rotational direction to bring that opener ① comes nearest to the protruding portion of bob- bin case.	<ul> <li>When the clearance is larger than the specified value :</li> <li>Loose stitches or thread break- age will result.</li> <li>When the clearance is smaller than</li> </ul>
2. 3.	Turn inner hook ② in the direction of the arrow until inner hook stopper ③ is pressed against the groove in throat plate ③ . Loosen setscrew ④ of the opener arm. Adjust the clearance between the opener ① and protruding portion ④ of the bobbin case to dimension A.	the specified value : o Inner hook <b>2</b> or opener <b>1</b> may be damaged.
4.	Tighten setscrew ④ of the opener arm while pressing down opener arm ⑤ .	
1.1	-2860, 2860-6, 2860-7, 2828-6, 2828-7, 2818-7, 2868-7	
1.	Turn the handwheel in its normal rotational direction to bring that opener ① comes nearest to the protruding portion of bobbin case.	
2.	Turn inner hook ② in the direction of the arrow until inner hook stopper ⑤ is pressed against the groove in throat plate ③.	
3.	Loosen two setscrews $①$ of the opener sleeve. Adjust the clearance between the opener $①$ and protruding portion $③$ of the bobbin case to dimension A.	
4.	Tighten two setscrews <b>①</b> of the opener sleeve while pressing down opener <b>①</b> and pressing up opener sleeve <b>⑫</b> .	

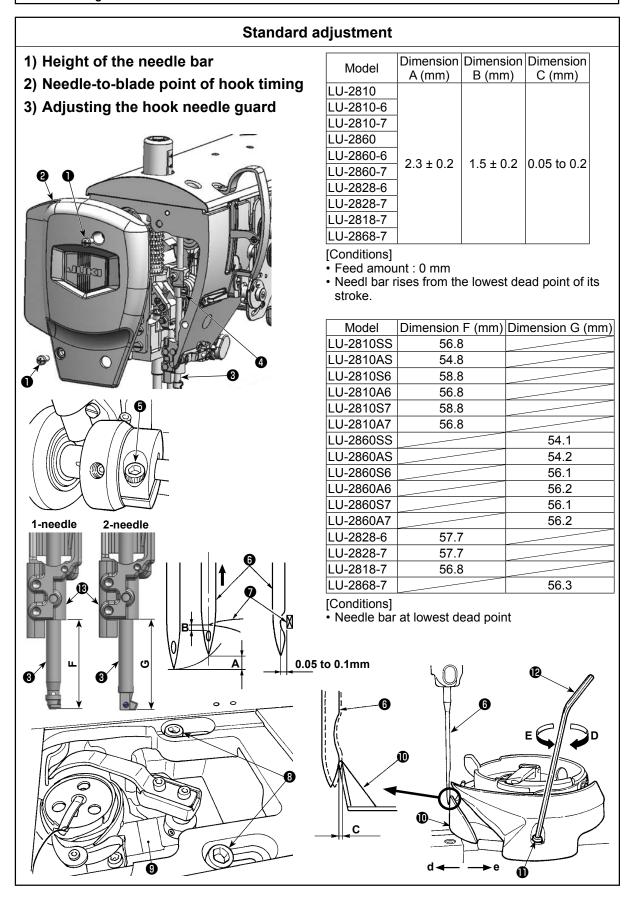




	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
2) (	Opener timing	
1. 2.	Loosen setscrew (i) of the opener cam (i). [With thread trimmer] Three marker dots (ii) on the handwheel (ii) aligns with mark- er line (iii) on the motor cover (ii) when the opener (ii) comes nearest to the protruding portion of bobbin case. Then tighten setscrew (ii) of the opener cam (iii). [Without thread trimmer] The needle hole (iii) of feed dog (iii) and the center (iii) of inner hook (iii) and the base (iii) of blade point of hook (ii) are aligned linearly when the needle bar has gone up and the opener (ii) comes nearest to the protruding portion of bobbin case. Then tighten setscrew (ii) of the opener cam (ii).	
i T	t can be said that opener ① is in the closest position to the hook n a certain phase-angle range (interval). Press opener cam ② against lower shaft gear ① immediately before opener ① is noving away from the closest position to the hook. In this state, ighten setscrew ③ of opener cam ⑨.	

### (6) Needle-to-hook timing

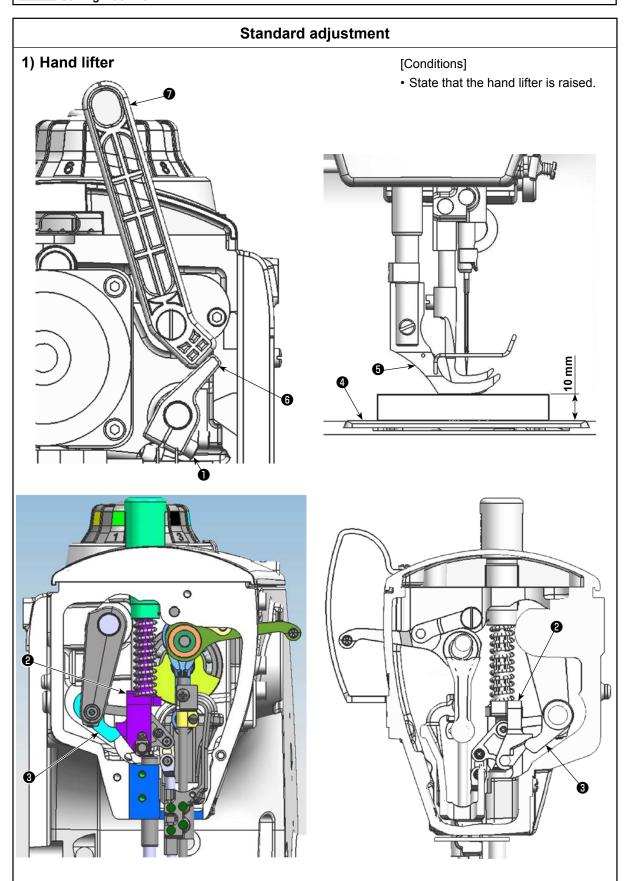




Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
<ol> <li>Height of the needle bar</li> <li>Set the stitch dial to "0".</li> <li>Loosen two setscrews ① of the face plate to remove the face plate ② .</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>o Stitch skipping or thread break- age will result.</li> <li>o Loose stitches will result.</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>Turn the handwheel to bring so that needle bar ③ is raised from dimension A.</li> <li>Loosen clamping screw ④ of the needle bar holder. At this time, loosen the screw to such an extent that needle bar ④ needle bar ④ drops if the screw is fully loosened.</li> <li>Move needle bar ⑤ to adjust so that the distance from the top er</li> </ol>	moves up and down by hand since of the needle eyelet to blade point
<ul> <li>of the hook  becomes dimension B. Then tighten clamping screet</li> <li>Attach the face plate  using two setscrews  of the face plate.</li> <li>(Standard) When the needle bar is in the lowest dead point of its lower end of needle bar rocking base  and the lowe sion F and G.</li> </ul>	stroke, the distance between the
<ol> <li>Set the stitch dial to "0".</li> <li>Loosen clamping screw G of the lower shaft set collar. Loosen to base on the top face of the bed. Adjust the clearance between bladle G to 0.05 to 0.1 mm by moving the hook shaft base.</li> <li>Turn the handwheel counterclockwise to make the needle bar G from the lowest position of its stroke.</li> <li>In the state described in 3., align blade point of the hook Q with a clamping screw G of the lower shaft set collar. At this time, a clear provided between blade point of the hook Q and top end of the r</li> <li>Align the largest scale mark of the standard stitch dial with the m to be sure that blade point of the hook Q does not come in contat (Caution) The operation panel could come in contact with the thr chine head. To protect the relevant parts from contact, at which the thread stand does not interfere with the co (Reference) [Only for the LU-2810-7, 2860-7, 2828-7, 2818-7, 2868 To check the needle bar G position as described in the aforement ascend by 2.3 mm (dimension A) from the lowest position of its so of the main shaft rotation angle under the "machine head adjustment mode" by 25 degrees of an angle.) * In the case of adjusting the needle bar ascends by 2.3 mm (dimension angle is 25 degrees of an angle.) * In the case of adjustment of the machine head adjustment mode" in the Instruction machine head adjustment mode.</li> </ol>	ade point of the hook ⑦ and the nee- nt or left to change its position. Then, ascend by 2.3 mm (dimension A) center of the needle ③ , and tighten arance of 1.5 mm (dimension B) is needle eyelet. arker dot on the machine arm. Check act with the needle ⑤ . ead stand when tilting the ma- shift the thread stand to a position ontrol panel. -7] tioned 2. [i.e., "the needle bar ③ stroke."], you may use the display ment mode" of the SC-922. a in its lowest position of its stroke angle, the needle bar ④ goes up A) from its lowest position of its machine head adjustment mode",
<ul> <li>3) Adjusting the hook needle guard</li> <li>When a hook has been replaced, be sure to check the position of the</li> <li>1. As the standard position of the hook needle guard ①, the hook reface of needle ③ to lean the needle by 0.05 to 0.2 mm (dimension</li> <li>2. If the state of the hook is not as shown above, fit the hexagon wring screw ① and adjust as follows:</li> <li>(1) To be the back needle @ in direction d turn the needle</li> </ul>	needle guard $\mathbf{\hat{0}}$ must push the side on C) away from its straight position. ench $\mathbf{\hat{0}}$ into the needle guard adjust-
<ol> <li>To bend the hook needle guard <b>(</b>) in direction <b>d</b>, turn the nee tion <b>D</b>.</li> <li>To bend the hook needle guard <b>(</b>) in direction <b>e</b>, turn the nee tion <b>E</b>.</li> </ol>	

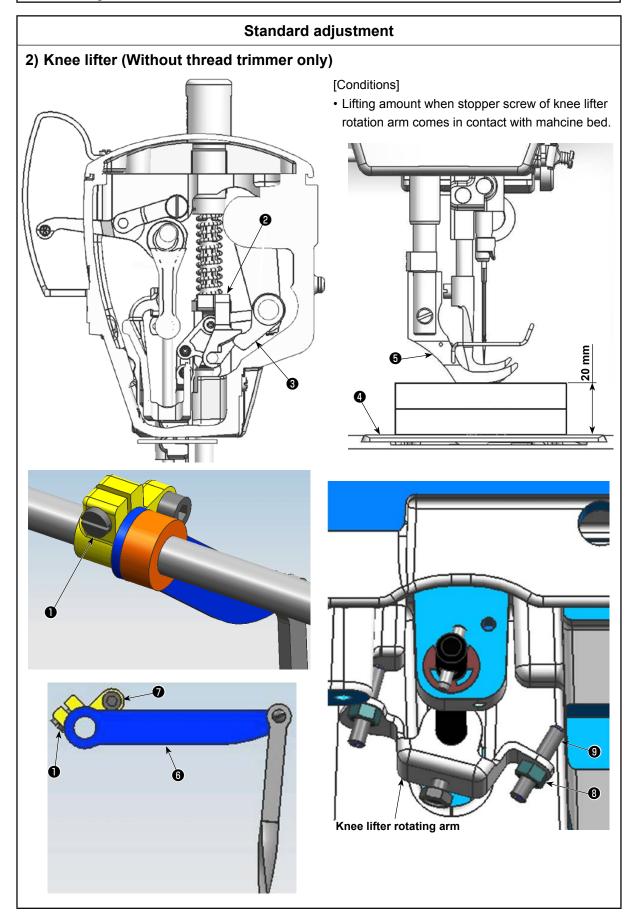
## (7) Lift of the presser foot





Adjustment procedures		Results of Improper adjustmen
1) ⊦	land lifter	When the lifting amount is higher
1.	Loosen setscrews of the motor cover to remove the motor cov-	than the specified value :
	er.	<ul> <li>The presser foot <b>(</b>) is held</li> </ul>
2.	Loosen setscrews of the face plate to remove the face plate.	raised from the top surface of
3.	Loosen clamping screw <b>1</b> of the hand lifter A.	throat plate ④ even when the
4.	Adjust the lifting amount to $10 \pm 1$ mm in the state that the lifter	hand lifter is returned to its hom
	plate ${f 3}$ is in contact with the spring receiving ${f 2}$ .	position.
	At this time, place a thing thickness of which is 10 mm between	When the lifting amount is lower
	the top surface of throat plate	than the specified value :
	presser foot <b>5</b> to facilitate adjustment.	o The presser foot is not sufficien
5.	In the state as described in the aforementioned step 4, bring	ly raised and the working prop-
	hand lifter A (3) and B (2) into the state as illustrated in the figure	erty may be deteriorated.
	and tighten clamping screw <b>1</b> of the hand lifter A.	
6.	Remove the 10 mm thick thing placed between the top surface	
-	of throat plate <b>④</b> and the under surface of presser foot <b>⑤</b> .	
7.	Attach the motor cover.	
8.	Attach the face plate.	

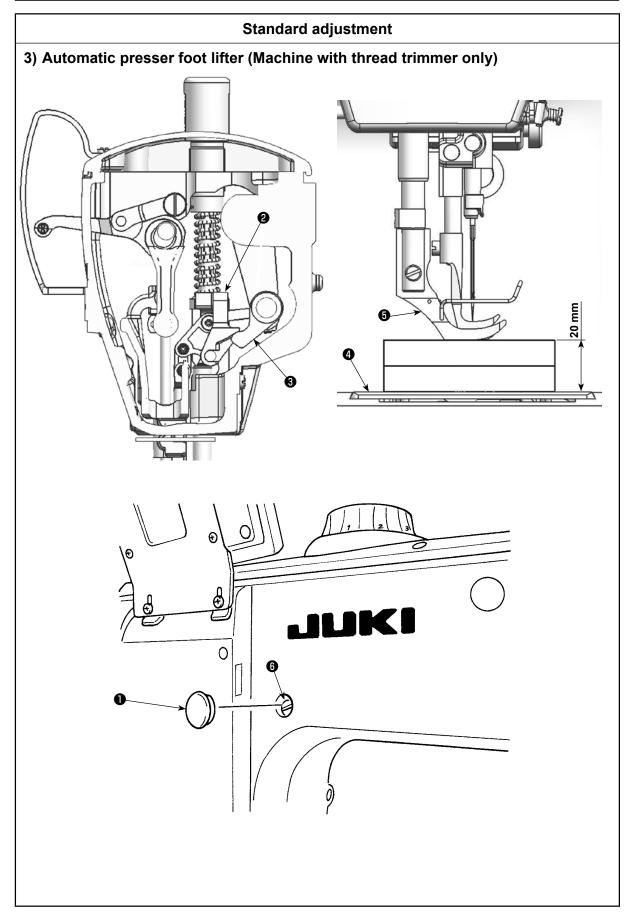




	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
2) k	Knee lifter (Without thread trimmer only)	When the lifting amount is higher
1.	Loosen setscrews of the face plate and the rear cover to re-	than the specified value :
	move the face plate and the rear cover.	o The top end of the needle bar
2.	Loosen clamping screw <b>1</b> of the knee lifter connecting arm.	interferes with the walking foot
3.	Adjust the lifting amount to 19 to 20 mm in the state that the	and the walking foot may be
	lifter plate <b>(3)</b> is in contact with the spring receiving <b>(2)</b> .	damaged when the presser foo
	At this time, place a thing thickness of which is 20 mm between	is raised.
	the top surface of throat plate ④ and the under surface of	When the lifting amount is lower
	presser foot 6 to facilitate adjustment.	than the specified value :
4.	Move the knee lifter link C <sup>(i)</sup> to the horizontal position in the	o The presser foot is not sufficien
	state of step 3, and tighten clamping screw <b>1</b> of the knee lifter	ly raised and the working prop-
	connecting arm in the state that the knee lifter link C <b>6</b> is in	erty may be deteriorated
	contact with screw <b>1</b> of the knee lifter connecting arm.	
5.	Remove the 20 mm thick thing placed between the top surface	
Ο.	of throat plate <b>(4)</b> and the under surface of presser foot <b>(5)</b> .	
6.	Attach the face plate and the rear cover.	
0. 7.	Remove the knee press plate and tilt the machine arm.	
7. 8.	Loosen stopper nut <sup>(3)</sup> to adjust the lifting amount by screwing	
0.	amount of stopper screw 9 .	
	To use the machine with the amount of alternate vertical move-	
	ment is set at 6.5 mm or more, adjust that the height from the	
	top surface of throat plate 4 to the under surface of presser	
	foot ( $5$ is 16 ± 0.5 mm.	
(0+	-	
(316	ep 7. to 8. is standard gauge type only.)	
(Ca	ution) 1. Check to be sure that parts of the knee lifter	
(Ca	ution) 1. Check to be sure that parts of the knee lifter mechanism does not come in contact with the	
(Ca	mechanism does not come in contact with the	
(Ca	mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee	
(Ca	mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C <b>()</b> is positioned horizontally.	
(Ca	mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C ③ is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C ④ comes in contact with	
(Ca	mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C	
(Ca	mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C () is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C () comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust col- lar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of	
(Ca	mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C ③ is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C ④ comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust col- lar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of the link.	
(Ca	<ul> <li>mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C () is positioned horizontally.</li> <li>If the knee lifter link C () comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust collar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of the link.</li> <li>Tighten clamping screw () of the knee lifter con-</li> </ul>	
(Ca	<ul> <li>mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C () is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C () comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust collar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of the link.</li> <li>Tighten clamping screw () of the knee lifter connecting arm so that the knee lifter link C () is no</li> </ul>	
(Ca	<ul> <li>mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C () is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C () comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust collar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of the link.</li> <li>2. Tighten clamping screw () of the knee lifter connecting arm so that the knee lifter link C () is no lateral play.</li> </ul>	
(Ca	<ul> <li>mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C () is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C () comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust collar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of the link.</li> <li>2. Tighten clamping screw () of the knee lifter connecting arm so that the knee lifter link C () is no lateral play.</li> <li>3. For the standard gauge type machine, the walk-</li> </ul>	
(Ca	<ul> <li>mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C () is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C () comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust collar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of the link.</li> <li>2. Tighten clamping screw () of the knee lifter connecting arm so that the knee lifter link C () is no lateral play.</li> <li>3. For the standard gauge type machine, the walking foot interferes with the needle bar when the</li> </ul>	
(Ca	<ul> <li>mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C () is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C () comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust collar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of the link.</li> <li>2. Tighten clamping screw () of the knee lifter connecting arm so that the knee lifter link C () is no lateral play.</li> <li>3. For the standard gauge type machine, the walking foot interferes with the needle bar when the amount of the alternating vertical movement of</li> </ul>	
(Ca	<ul> <li>mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C () is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C () comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust collar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of the link.</li> <li>2. Tighten clamping screw () of the knee lifter connecting arm so that the knee lifter link C () is no lateral play.</li> <li>3. For the standard gauge type machine, the walking foot interferes with the needle bar when the amount of the alternating vertical movement of the walking foot and the presser foot is set at</li> </ul>	
(Ca	<ul> <li>mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C () is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C () comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust collar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of the link.</li> <li>2. Tighten clamping screw () of the knee lifter connecting arm so that the knee lifter link C () is no lateral play.</li> <li>3. For the standard gauge type machine, the walking foot interferes with the needle bar when the amount of the alternating vertical movement of the walking foot and the presser foot is set at 6.5 mm or more. To use the machine with the</li> </ul>	
(Ca	<ul> <li>mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C () is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C () comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust collar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of the link.</li> <li>2. Tighten clamping screw () of the knee lifter connecting arm so that the knee lifter link C () is no lateral play.</li> <li>3. For the standard gauge type machine, the walking foot interferes with the needle bar when the amount of the alternating vertical movement of the walking foot and the presser foot is set at 6.5 mm or more. To use the machine with the amount of the alternating vertical movement is</li> </ul>	
(Ca	<ul> <li>mechanism does not come in contact with the frame and other parts around it when the knee lifter link C () is positioned horizontally. If the knee lifter link C () comes in contact with the aforementioned parts, loosen the thrust collar setscrews and adjust the lateral position of the link.</li> <li>2. Tighten clamping screw () of the knee lifter connecting arm so that the knee lifter link C () is no lateral play.</li> <li>3. For the standard gauge type machine, the walking foot interferes with the needle bar when the amount of the alternating vertical movement of the walking foot and the presser foot is set at 6.5 mm or more. To use the machine with the</li> </ul>	



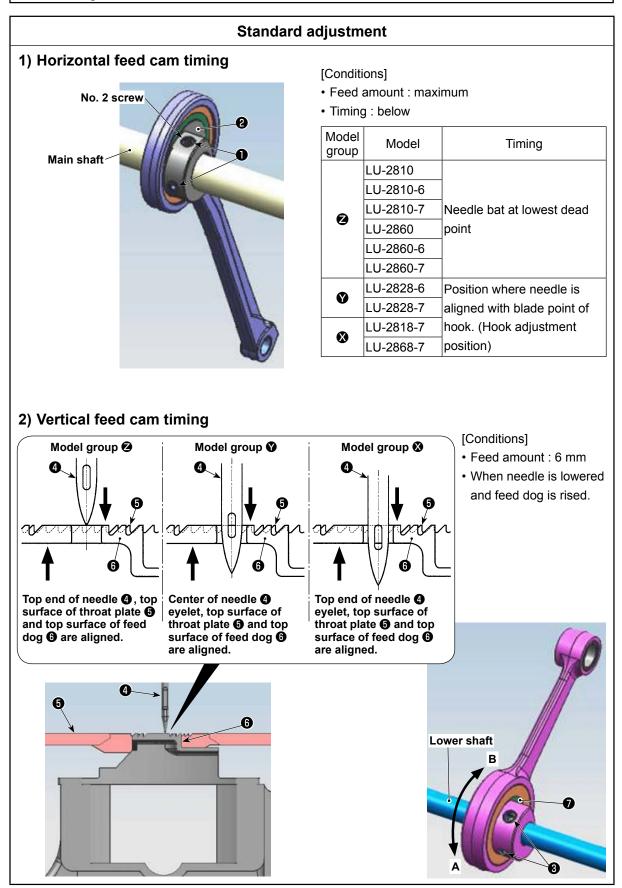
WARNING : As the work is performed while the power is ON, never touch the switches other than the necessary one so as to prevent accidents caused by the malfunction of switches.



Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
<ul> <li>Automatic presser foot lifter (Machine with thread trimmer only)</li> <li>Turn the power ON. Carry out thread trimming once. Turn OI the automatic presser foot lifter.</li> <li>Remove rubber cap from the rear face of the machine arr Loosen clamping screw for the automatic presser foot lifter arm.</li> <li>Adjust the lifting amount to 19 to 20 mm in the state that the er plate for is in contact with the spring receiving for. At this time, place a thing thickness of which is 20 mm betwee the top surface of throat plate for and the under surface of presser foot for the actionatic presser foot for facilitate adjustment.</li> <li>Tighten clamping screw for the automatic presser foot lifter arm in the state of step 3.</li> <li>Remove the 20 mm thick thing placed between the top surface of throat plate for the automatic presser foot for the attach rubber cap from the rear face of the machine arm.</li> <li>Caution) For the standard gauge type machine, the walking foot interferes with the needle bar when the amount of the alternating vertical movement is set at 6.5 mm or more, set the lifting amount of the automatic presser foot lifte at 16 ± 0.5 mm.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>When the lifting amount is higher than the specified value :         <ul> <li>o The top end of the needle bar interferes with the walking foot may be damaged when the presser foot is raised.</li> <li>When the lifting amount is lower than the specified value :</li></ul></li></ul>

### (8) Feed adjustment

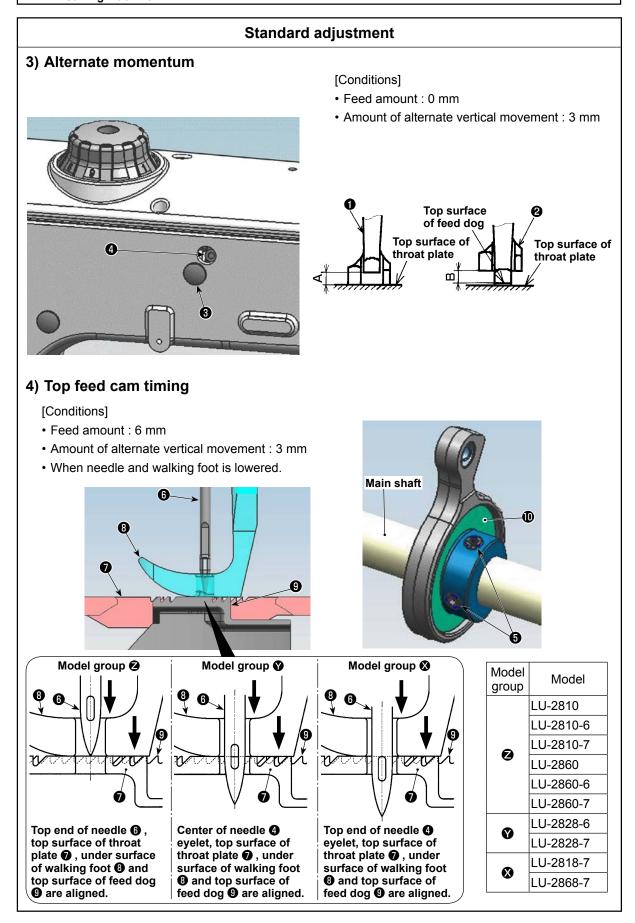




Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
<ol> <li>Horizontal feed cam timing</li> <li>Set the stitch dial to the maximum.</li> <li>Loosen two setscrews ① of the horizontal feed eccentric cam.</li> <li>Turn the handwheel to adjust the timing as written on the left page.</li> <li>Turn the horizontal feed eccentric cam ② and adjust the timing so that the feed dog ③ no longer moves even when the reverse feed control lever is moved.</li> <li>Securely tighten two setscrews ① of the horizontal feed eccentric cam.</li> <li>In case of model group ③         <ul> <li>The setscrew No. 2 of the horizontal feed eccentric cam ② faces almost right above at the lowest dead point of the needle bar.</li> <li>In case of model group ③ and ③             <li>The setscrew No. 2 of the horizontal feed eccentric cam ② faces almost right above at the lowest dead point of the needle bar.</li> <li>In case of model group ③ and ③             <li>The setscrew No. 2 of the horizontal feed eccentric cam ④ faces almost right above at the lowest dead point of the needle bar.</li> <li>In case of model group ③ and ③             <li>The setscrew No. 2 of the horizontal feed eccentric cam ④ faces almost right above at the lowest adjustment position.</li> </li></li></li></ul> </li> <li>If the cam slips in the axial direction at the time of adjustment, torque becomes heavy. So, be careful.</li> <li>After adjusting the horizontal feed timing, re-adjust the top feed timing.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Pitch error at high or low speed is apt to occur.</li> <li>Needle thread tension will vary.</li> <li>Stitch tightness at normal and reverse feed will vary.</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>2) Vertical feed cam timing</li> <li>Perform the adjustment after adjusting the horizontal feed timing.</li> <li>Set the stitch dial to "6".</li> <li>Loosen two setscrews ③ of the vertical feed cam.</li> <li>Turn the vertical feed cam ④ so that the needle ④, the throat plate ⑤ and the feed dog ⑥ are in the position written on the left page.</li> <li>Tighten two setscrews ④ of the vertical feed cam.</li> <li>(Standard) 1. In case of model group ④ When three points of top end of the needle ④, top surface of the throat plate ⑤ and top surface of feed dog ⑥ are aligned with one another, the setscrew No. 1 of the vertical feed cam ④ faces almost right below for the sewing machine.</li> <li>In case of model group ⑦ When three points of center of needle ④ eyelet, top surface of the throat plate ⑤ and top surface of feed dog ⑥ are aligned with one another, the setscrew No. 1 of the vertical feed cam ④ faces almost right below for the sewing machine.</li> <li>In case of model group ③ When three points of center of needle ④ eyelet, top surface of the throat plate ⑤ and top surface of feed dog ⑥ are aligned with one another, the setscrew No. 1 of the vertical feed cam ④ faces almost right below for the sewing machine.</li> <li>In case of model group ③ When three points of top end of needle ④ eyelet, top surface of the throat plate ⑤ and top surface of feed dog ④ are aligned with one another, the setscrew No. 1 of the vertical feed cam ④ faces almost right below for the sewing machine.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Improper stitch length may result when the machine is operated a high or low speed.</li> <li>When the vertical feed cam  to is fixed after turning it toward the operator (in the direction of arrow A) from the standard adjustment position, the feed driving timing will be advanced. When the vertical feed cam  is fixed after turning it away from the operator (in the direction of arrow B) from the standard adjustment position, the feed driving timing will be retarded.</li> </ul>



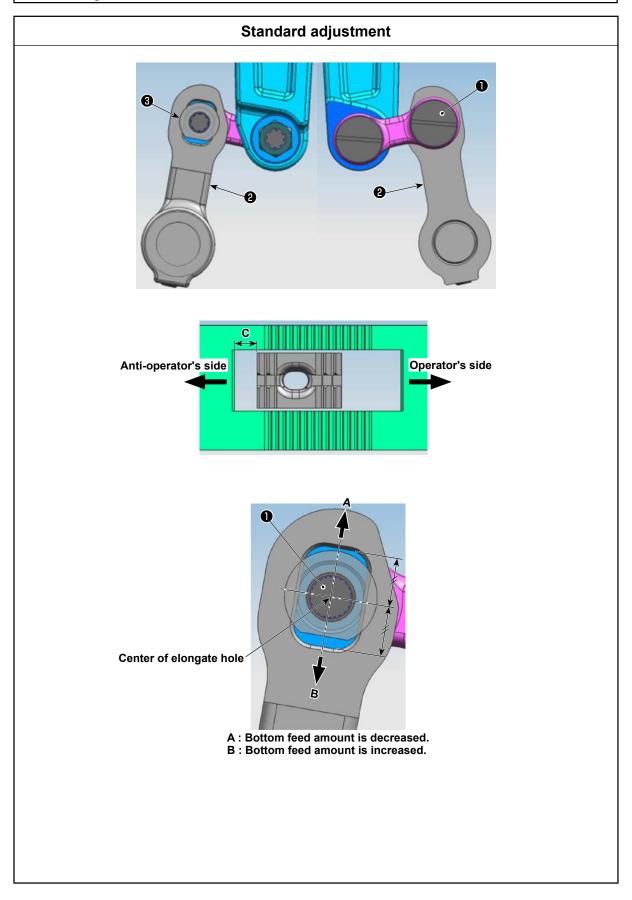
WARNING :



	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmer
<b>3)</b> <i>I</i> 2. 3.	Alternate momentum Set the stitch dial to "0". Turn the handwheel to make sure that the amount of alternate vertical movement of walking foot ① and presser foot ② is almost equal. When the amount of alternate vertical movement is not equal, remove the rubber plug ③ on the rear face of machine arm. Loosen clamping screw ④ of the top feed rear arm to adjust so that the amount of alternate vertical movement can be unified. Adjust the amount almost to A = B.	<ul> <li>Adjust the amount of alternate vert cal movement of the walking foot</li> <li>so that it is larger than that of the presser foot <sup>(2)</sup> in accordance with the sewing products.</li> <li>o Sewing sponge material or the like</li> <li>o Sewing material with overlapped sections</li> <li>When the amount of alternate ver-</li> </ul>
f	When the amount of alternate vertical movement of the walking foot is larger than that of the presser foot : Loosen clamping screw ④ of the top feed rear arm in the state that walking foot ① is raised a little, press walking foot ① against the feed dog. Re-tighten clamping screw ④ of the top feed rear arm and turn the handwheel to make sure of the amount of alternate vertical movement.	<ul> <li>tical movement of the walking foot</li> <li>and presser foot are considerably different:</li> <li>The stitch pitch is different from the value set by the dial.</li> <li>Decrease the number of revolution of the motor a little since the feed efficiency is decreased.</li> </ul>
4) 1	Fop feed cam timing	o Pitch error at high or low speed
1.	Set the stitch dial to "6".	is apt to occur.
2.	Set the alternate vertical dial to "3".	
3.	Loosen setscrews of the top cover to remove the top cover.	
4.	Loosen two setscrews <b>()</b> of the top feed cam.	
5. 6. 7.	<ul> <li>Turn the top feed cam (1) so that the needle (3), the throat plate</li> <li>(7), the walking foot (3) and the feed dog (3) are in the position written on the left page.</li> <li>Tighten two setscrews (3) of the top feed cam.</li> <li>Attach the top cover.</li> </ul>	
(Sta	andard) In case of model group ②, When four points of top end of the needle ③, top surface of the throat plate ⑦, under surface of walking foot ③ and top surface of feed dog ④ are aligned with one another, the setscrew No. 2 of the top feed cam ① is visible from the position between the alternate vertical change base and the machine frame.	

# (9) Needle sway (Adjusting the bottom feed amount)

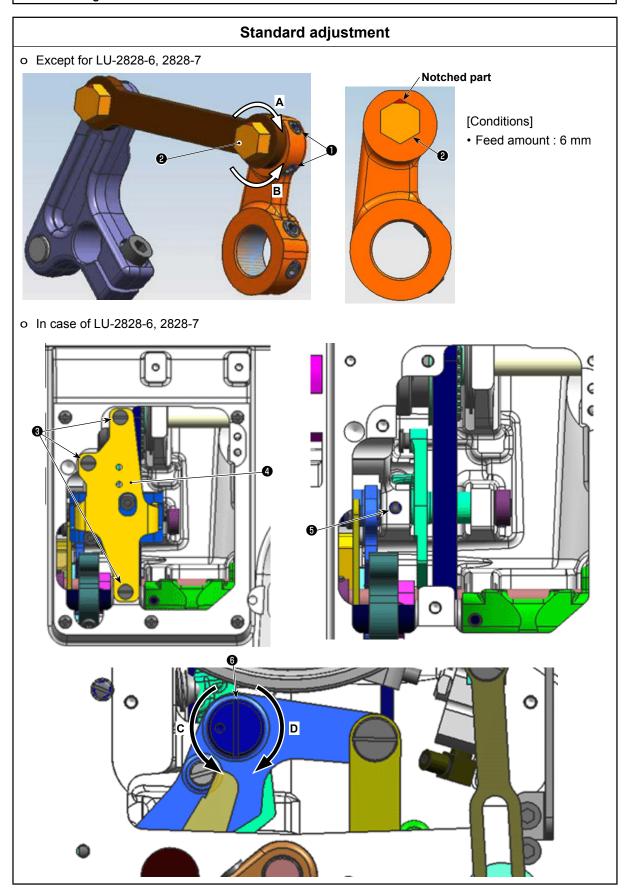




	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
1. 2. 3.	<ul> <li>Set the standard stitch dial to "6".</li> <li>Loosen hinge screw ① of the horizontal feed rear arm.</li> <li>Center of elongate hole of the horizontal feed rear arm ② is aligned with hinge screw nut ③ of the horizontal feed rear arm.</li> <li>Then tighten hinge screw ① of the horizontal feed rear arm.</li> <li>Turn the handwheel to check the clearance (dimension C) between the feed dog of anti-operator's side and the throat plate, at the position so that the needle is away from the feed dog.</li> <li>[Dimension C]</li> <li>Standard gauge : 4 ± 0.2 mm</li> <li>Europe gauge : 3 ± 0.2 mm</li> </ul>	o Needle breakage or stitch skip- ping will result.
	andard) When Adjust the position of hinge screw nut ③ of the horizontal feed rear arm in the direction of arrow A, the bottom feed amount is decreased. When Ad- just the position of hinge screw nut ④ of the hori- zontal feed rear arm in the direction of arrow B, the bottom feed amount is increased. aution) When you desire to change the bottom feed amount, re-adjust the needle entry position since the needle entry position changes.	

## (10) Stitch length of forward/reverse feed

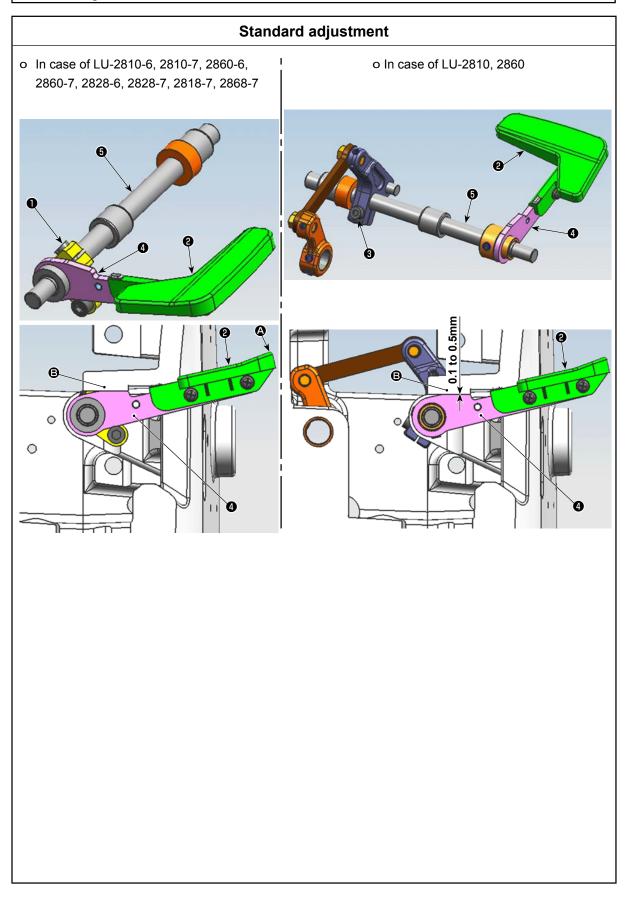




	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
o 1. 2. 3. 4.	<ul> <li>Except for LU-2828-6, 2828-7</li> <li>Set the stitch dial to "6".</li> <li>Loosen two setscrews ① of the feed adjusting eccentric pin.</li> <li>Turn feed adjusting eccentric pin ② to adjust the stitch length.</li> <li>o Direction A → Reverse feed length is increased.</li> <li>o Direction B → Normal feed length is increased.</li> <li>After the adjustment, securely tighten two setscrews ① of the feed adjusting eccentric pin.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Respective stitch lengths of normal and reverse feeds do not match.</li> </ul>
(St	andard) When the direction of notched part of the feed adjusting eccentric pin ② is set to just above as shown in the illustration, the feed amounts of nor- mal and reverse feeds are nearly the same.	
о	In case of LU-2828-6, 2828-7	
1.	Set the stitch dial to "6".	
2.	Loosen three setscrews ③ from rear side of the machine arm, and remove the cylinder unit ④ .	
3.	Loosen setscrew <b>③</b> of the feed adjusting base support shaft.	
4.	<ul> <li>Turn the feed adjusting base support shaft <sup>()</sup> to adjust the stitch length.</li> <li>o Direction C → Reverse feed pitch is increased.</li> </ul>	
5.	<ul> <li>Direction D → Normal feed pitch is increased.</li> <li>After the adjustment, securely tighten setscrew ⑤ of the feed adjusting base support shaft.</li> </ul>	
6.	Return the cylinder unit () to its original position, and securely tighten three setscrews ().	
(Ca	aution) When assembling the motor cover, be careful not to pinch the code and the tube.	
re	/hen performing "2(21) 2P feed adjustment", perform forward/ everse stitch length adjustment of standard feed after performing prward/reverse stitch length adjustment of 2P feed.	

# (11) Position of the reverse feed control lever

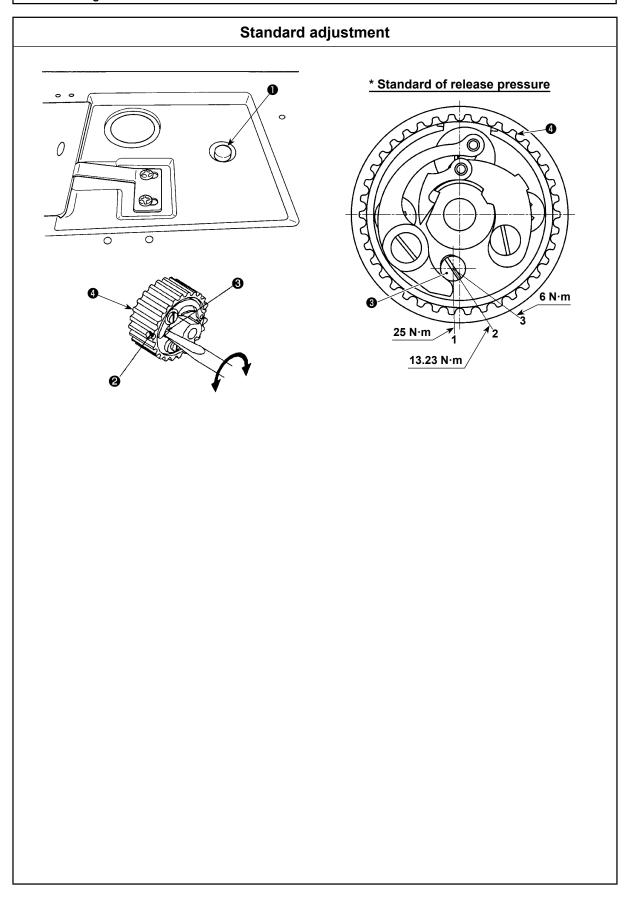




	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
	In case of LU-2810-6, 2810-7, 2860-6, 2860-7, 2828-6, 2828-7, 2818-7, 2868-7 Set the stitch dial to the maximum. Loosen clamping screw <b>1</b> of the reverse feed connecting arm. Adjust so that a play of top end <b>2</b> of the reverse feed control lever <b>2</b> is $1 \pm 0.5$ mm (LU-2828-6, 2828-7 : 7.5 to 8 mm). Then tighten clamping screw <b>1</b> of the reverse feed connecting arm.	<ul> <li>When the position of the reverse feed control lever ② is low :</li> <li>o Reverse feed lever plate ④ interferes with the machine arm and the stitch length of the reverse feed stitching will be decreased.</li> <li>When the position of the reverse</li> </ul>
o 1. 2. 3.	In case of LU-2810, 2860 Set the stitch dial to the maximum. Loosen clamping screw ③ of the feed adjusting pin support arm. Turn the reverse feed lever shaft ⑤ to adjust so that a clear- ance between the reverse feed lever plate ④ and the stopper part ⑤ of machine arm is 0.1 to 0.5 mm. Then tighten clamping screw ⑤ of the feed adjusting pin support arm.	<ul> <li>feed control lever ② is high :</li> <li>o Reverse feed lever plate ④ interferes with the stopper part ⑤</li> <li>of machine arm, or reverse feed control lever ③ interferes with machine arm, and stitch length of the normal feed stitching will be decreased.</li> </ul>
(C;	aution) Check that the reverse feed control lever <b>2</b> does not interfere with the machine bed or machine arm when the stitch dial is set to the maximum.	

# (12) Safety clutch

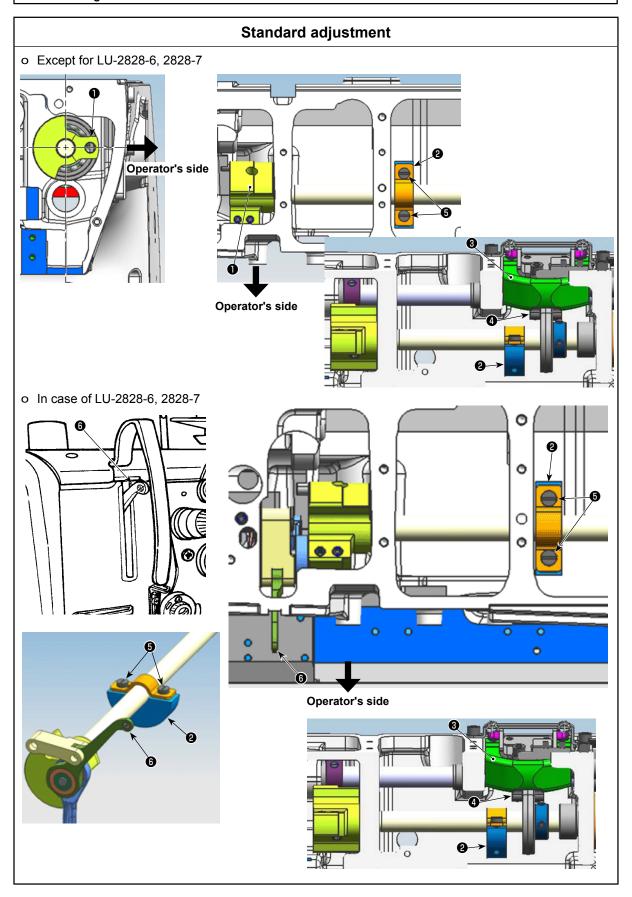




Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
<ul> <li>Adjustment procedures</li> <li>The safety clutch functions when an excessive load lower shaft or the like during sewing. When the safe tions, the hook will not rotate even if turning the hallower shaft sprocket wheel (a) only will run idle since not transmitted to the lower shaft.</li> <li>Resetting procedure</li> <li>Checking the moving part of the sewing mach and remove the cause which the safety clutch</li> <li>Pressing push button (a) located on the top su chine bed, strongly turn the handwheel in the of rotation.</li> <li>Resetting procedure completes when the hand turned with "click".</li> <li>Adjusting the working torque of the safety clutch</li> <li>Tilt the machine head.</li> <li>Loosen setscrew (a) located at the periphery of sprocket wheel (a) and turn release pressure a adjust the release torque. After the adjustment screw (b) to fix release pressure adjusting pin the stot in release pressure (b) is located near the places below, the relevation of 13.23 N•m : Top of sprocket tooth 1</li> <li>o 13.23 N•m : Top of sprocket tooth 3</li> <li>* Set to 13.23 N•m in factory shipment.</li> </ul>	d is applied to the ety clutch func- ndwheel, and the e the power is ine, and look for has functioned. rface of the ma- reverse direction dwheel cannot be f lower shaft idjusting pin I to t, tighten set- I . ure adjusting pin
o 25 N•m: Top of sprocket tooth 1o 13.23 N•m: Top of sprocket tooth 2o 6 N•m: Top of sprocket tooth 3	

## (13) Balancer

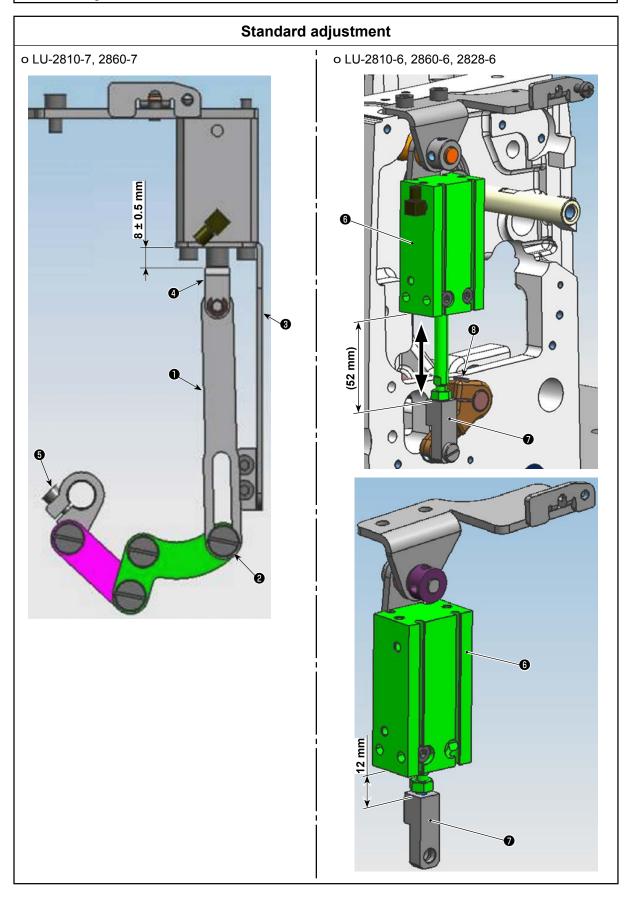




	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
1. 2. 3.	<ul> <li>Except for LU-2828-6, 2828-7</li> <li>Loosen setscrews of the face plate to remove the face plate.</li> <li>Turn the handwheel so that the counterweight ① faces toward you.</li> <li>Place the balancer ② in the position shown in the figure.</li> <li>At this time, make a clearance so that the balancer ② do not interfere with machine frame, top feed changing base ③ and connecting link ④.</li> </ul>	o Vibration becomes big.
4.	Evenly and securely tighten two setscrews <b>(</b> ) of balancer.	
o   1. 2. 3.	In case of LU-2828-6, 2828-7 Loosen setscrews of the top cover to remove the top cover. Turn the handwheel to bring the thread take-up lever (6) to the upper dead point of its stroke. Place the balancer (2) in the position shown in the figure. At this time, make a clearance so that the balancer (2) do not	
4.	interfere with machine frame, top feed changing base ③ and connecting link ④ . Evenly and securely tighten two setscrews ⑤ of balancer.	

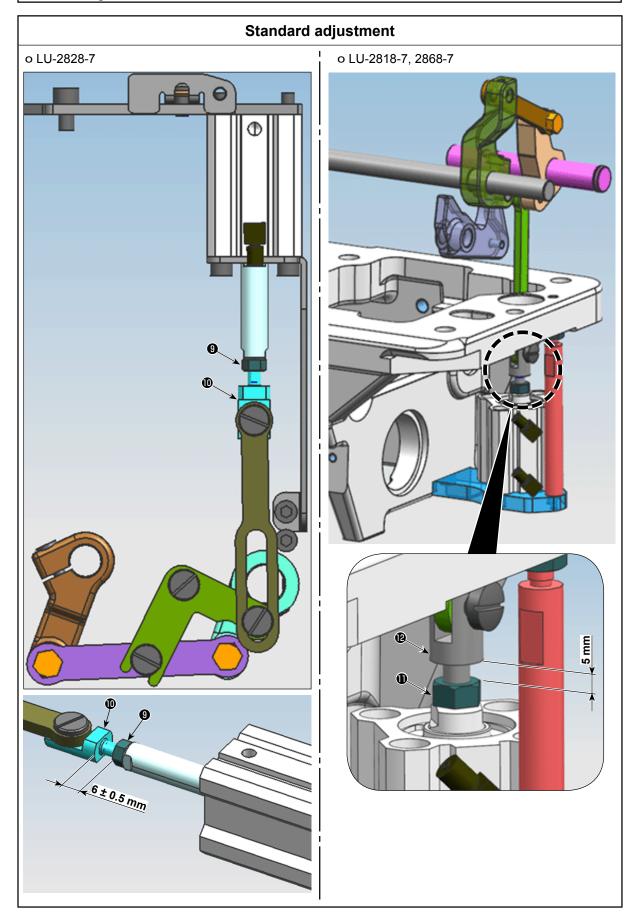
# (14) Reverse feed cylinder





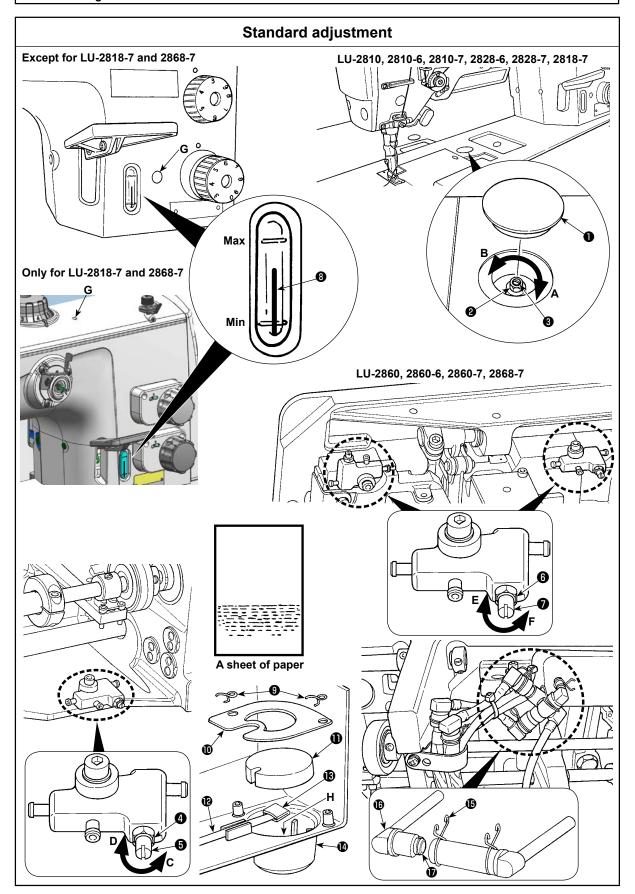
Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
<ol> <li>b LU-2810-7, 2860-7</li> <li>Set the stitch dial to the maximum.</li> <li>Loosen clamping screw <sup>(3)</sup> of the reverse feed arm.</li> <li>Operate the reverse feed control lever to adjust so that the distance between the cylinder support <sup>(3)</sup> and the cylinder knuckle <sup>(4)</sup> is 8 ± 0.5 mm in the state that the bottom of elongated hole of the reverse feed link <sup>(1)</sup> is in contact with the hinge screw <sup>(2)</sup>. Then tighten clamping screw <sup>(3)</sup> of reverse feed arm.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Stitch lengths of the reverse feed may not be obtained.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>b LU-2810-6, 2860-6, 2828-6</li> <li>In a state in which the cylinder rod <sup>(2)</sup> is retracted, attach the feed adjusting link rod <sup>(2)</sup> and the cylinder rod <sup>(2)</sup> is 12 mm.</li> <li>Set the stitch dial to the maximum.</li> <li>Extend the cylinder rod <sup>(2)</sup> up to the maximum. At this time, the clearance between the feed adjusting link rod <sup>(2)</sup> and the cylinder rod <sup>(2)</sup> is about 52 mm.</li> <li>Depress the reverse feed control lever, and tighten clamping screw <sup>(2)</sup> of the feed adjusting link arm.</li> <li>(Caution) Before tightening clamping screw <sup>(2)</sup> of the feed adjusting link rod <sup>(2)</sup> in the vertical direction (in the direction of the arrow). At a position where the load is not applied to the cylinder rod <sup>(3)</sup>, tighten clamping screw <sup>(3)</sup> of the feed adjusting link arm.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If cylinder rod <b>()</b> is applied with a load, the sewing machine can malfunction and the life of the cylinder can be shortened.</li> </ul>





Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
<ul> <li>o LU-2828-7</li> <li>1. Loosen the nut <sup>(1)</sup>.</li> <li>2. Adjust so that a clearance between the nut <sup>(2)</sup> and the cylinder connecting screw <sup>(1)</sup> is 6 ± 0.5 mm.</li> <li>3. Securely tighten the nut <sup>(2)</sup>.</li> </ul>	o Stitch lengths of the reverse feed may not be obtained.
<ul> <li>o LU-2818-7, 2868-7</li> <li>1. Loosen the nut ①.</li> <li>2. Adjust so that a clearance between the nut ① and the knuckle joint ② is 5 mm.</li> <li>3. Securely tighten the nut ①.</li> </ul>	

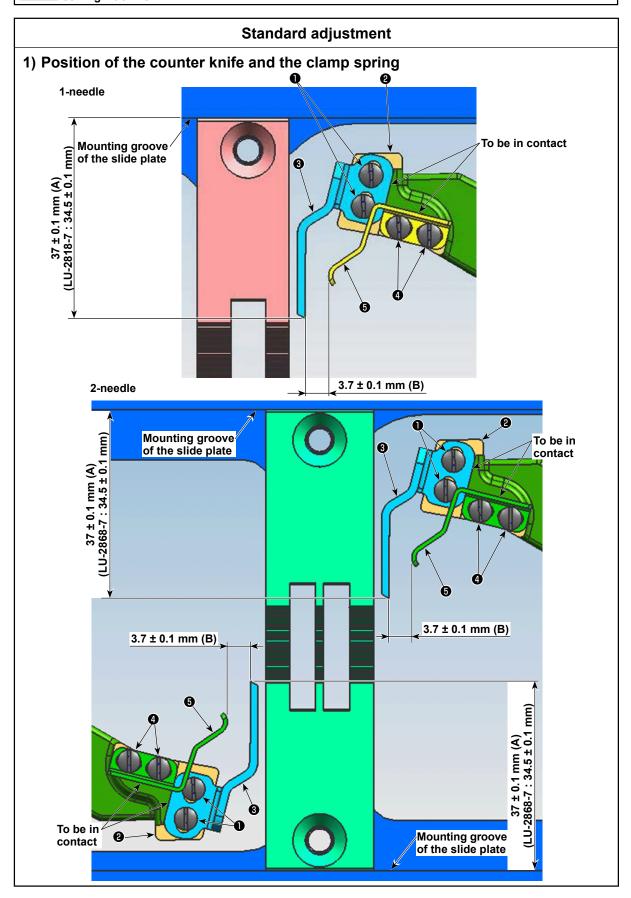
## (15) Lubrication



Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
<ul> <li>o Lubrication procedure</li> <li>Add oil from section G.</li> <li>If the pointer of oil gauge ③ drops below Min line, lubricate again.</li> <li>(Caution) Adjust the oil quantity so that the pointer of oil gauge ④ stays between "Max" and "Min".</li> <li>o Adjusting the amount of oil in the hook LU-2810, 2810-6, 2810-7, 2828-6, 2828-7, 2818-7</li> <li>Remove rubber cap ①.</li> <li>Loosen nut ④ and turn oil amount adjustment screw ④ to adjust the amount of oil in the hook. Turning the screw clockwise A will decrease the amount of oil in the hook or counterclockwise B will increase it.</li> <li>The appropriate amount of oil, when a sheet of paper is placed near the periphery of the hook, is to such an extent that splashees of oil from the hook appear in approximately five seconds as shown in a sheet of paper.</li> <li>LU-2860, 2860-6, 2860-7, 2868-7</li> <li>Loosen nut ④ and turn oil amount adjustment screw ④ to adjust the amount of oil in the hook. Turning the screw clockwise E will decrease the amount of oil in the hook or counterclockwise F will increase it.</li> <li>The appropriate amount of oil, when a sheet of paper is placed near the periphery of the hook, is to such an extent that splashees of oil from the hook appear in approximately five seconds as shown in a sheet of oil in the hook. Turning the screw clockwise E will decrease the amount of oil in the hook or counterclockwise F will increase it.</li> <li>The appropriate amount of oil, when a sheet of paper is placed near the periphery of the hook, is to such an extent that splashees of oil from the hook appear in approximately five seconds as shown in a sheet of paper.</li> <li>(Reference) In the case the oil quantity in the hook cannot be adjusted to the proper quantity, it should be adjusted by loosening nut ④ and turning oil quantity adjustment screw ⑤. The oil quantity adjustment screw ⑤. Also check to be sure that the oil is fed to the hook wise C, or is decreased by turning it clockwise D. Also check to be sure that the oil is fed to the h</li></ul>	<ul> <li>o Loose stitches will result.</li> <li>o Hook is heated resulting in seizure.</li> <li>When the amount of oil is too much :</li> <li>o Thread is stained with oil. In addition, the cloth may be stained.</li> <li>o Trouble of sewing will be caused.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>o Cleaning the oil pan and filter</li> <li>1. Remove clips (1) to remove filter clamp (1).</li> <li>2. Remove filter (1) and oil pipe (2).</li> <li>3. Clean up filters (1), (2) and (1) reservoir H of oil pan (2).</li> <li>4. Insert oil pipe (2), filter (2) and (1) into oil reservoir H of oil pan (2).</li> <li>5. Set filter clamp (1) to oil pan (2), and fix it with clips (2).</li> <li>6. Pour the JUKI New Defrix Oil No. 1 into the oil tank.</li> <li>(Caution) Adjust the oil quantity so that the pointer of oil gauge (3) stays between "Max" and "Min".</li> <li>o Cleaning the oil filter</li> <li>1. Remove metal fixture (5).</li> <li>2. Remove oil filter joint (asm.) (6).</li> <li>3. Clean up filter (7).</li> <li>(Caution) 1. Be sure to clean up filters (1), (2), (7) and oil reservoir H of oil pan (2) approximately once a month.</li> <li>2. If filters (1), (2) and (7) is clogged with soil, lubrication fails resulting in trouble.</li> </ul>	

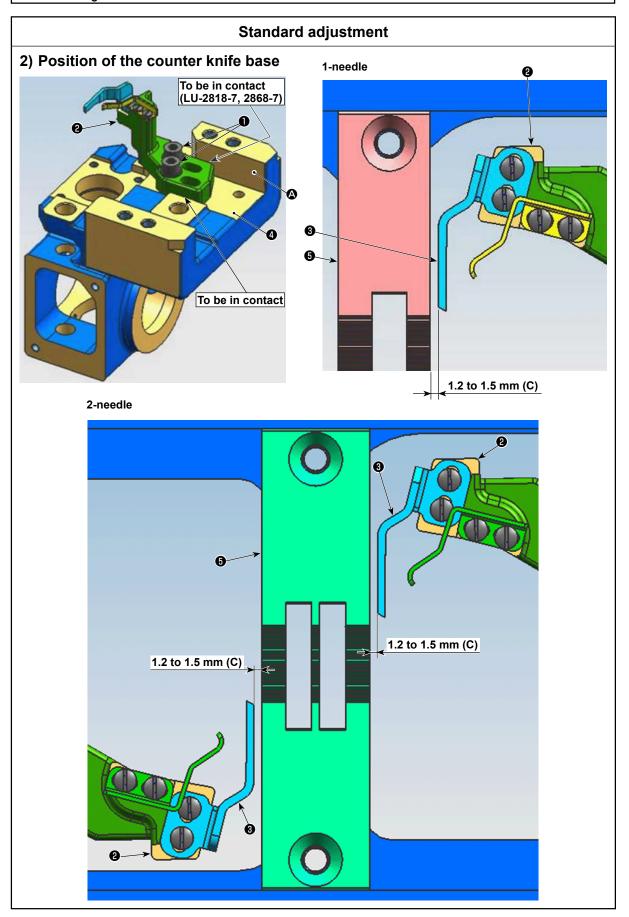
## (16) Thread trimmer device (Except for LU-2828-6 and 2828-7)





Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
<ol> <li>Position of the counter knife and the clamp spring [Position of the counter knife]</li> <li>Loosen setscrews ① (1-needle: 2 positions, 2-needle: 4 positions) of the counter knife.</li> <li>Press the edge of counter knife ② against the step difference of counter knife base ②.</li> <li>Adjust so that the distance from mounting groove of the slide plate to top end of the counter knife ③ is 37 ± 0.1 mm (A) (LU-2818-7, 2868-7 : 34.5 ± 0.1 mm).</li> <li>Tighten setscrews ① (1-needle: 2 positions, 2-needle: 4 positions) of the counter knife.</li> <li>[Position of the clamp spring]</li> <li>Loosen setscrews ① (1-needle: 2 positions, 2-needle: 4 positions) of the clamp spring.</li> <li>Press the edge of clamp spring ③ against the step difference of counter knife base ④.</li> <li>Slide the clamp spring ④ while making it press against the step difference of the counter knife base ④, and adjust the distance to 3.7 ± 0.1 mm (B).</li> <li>Tighten setscrews ④ (1-needle: 2 positions, 2-needle: 4 positions) of the clamp spring ④ is moved, re-adjust the position of counter knife base ④ and the knife pressure.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>When dimension A is larger :</li> <li>Length of bobbin thread clamp is shortened and stitch skipping occurs.</li> <li>Setting/taking out bobbin cannobe performed.</li> <li>When dimension A is smaller :</li> <li>Thread trimming failure will be caused.</li> <li>When dimension B is larger :</li> <li>Bobbin thread clamp failure occurs.</li> <li>Stitch skipping at the start of sewing will be caused.</li> <li>When dimension B is smaller :</li> <li>It is difficult to take out cloth since needle thread have been clamped, and the trouble that bobbin thread clamp is simultaneously removed will be caused.</li> <li>Clamp spring <b>G</b> interferes with the rear edge of moving knife. As a result, deformation of clam spring <b>G</b> or the like will occur.</li> </ul>

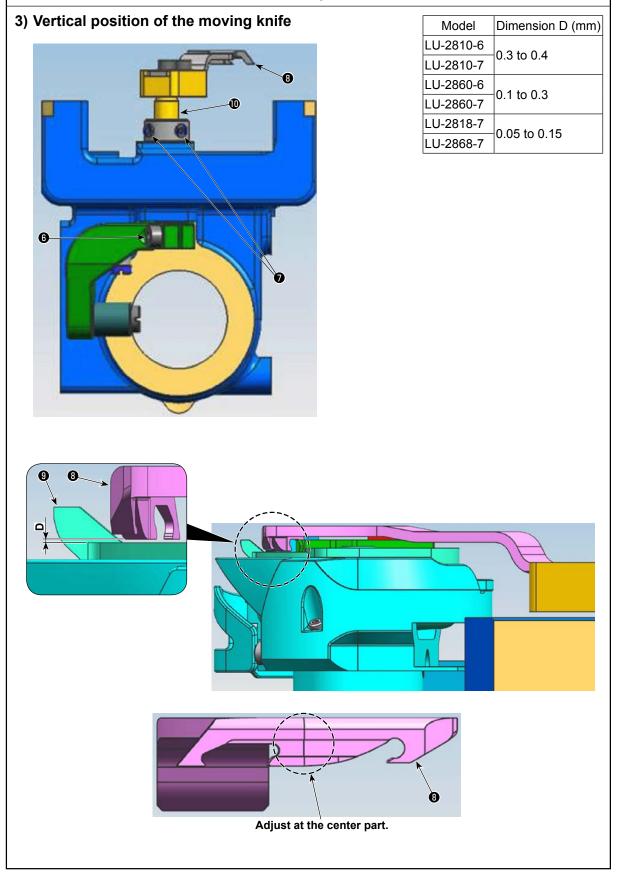




Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
<ol> <li>2) Position of the counter knife base</li> <li>Loosen setscrews ① (1-needle: 2 positions, 2-needle: 4 positions) of the counter knife base.</li> <li>2. Move the counter knife base ② to the position as shown in the figure. For the longitudinal position, press the edge of counter knife base ③ against the step difference of the hook shaft base ④ . (For the LU-2818-7 and 2868-7, press the edge of counter knife base ④ against ④ surface side of the hook shaft base ④ .) For the lateral direction, adjust so that the distance from the throat plate ⑤ to the counter knife ⑤ is 1.2 to 1.5 mm (C), then tighten setscrews ① (1-needle: 2 positions, 2-needle: 4 positions) of the counter knife base.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>When dimension C is larger :</li> <li>Knife pressure is increased. As a result, motor stop will be caused</li> <li>Setting/taking out bobbin cannot be performed.</li> <li>Counter knife base interferes with the rear end of moving knife. As a result, moving knife and counter knife ③ will be broken.</li> <li>When dimension C is smaller :</li> <li>Knife pressure is decreased. As a result, thread trimming failure</li> </ul>
(Caution) When the counter knife base <b>2</b> is moved, re-adjust the knife pressure.	<ul> <li>o Moving knife interferes with the hook stopping section. As a result, thread trimming failure or curs or moving knife is broken.</li> </ul>



### Standard adjustment

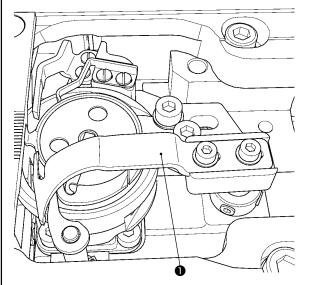


Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
<ol> <li>3) Vertical position of the moving knife</li> <li>1. Loosen clamping screw (a) of the moving knife driving arm.</li> <li>2. Loosen setscrews (a) of the moving knife shaft thrust collar.</li> <li>3. Adjust so that the clearance between the center part of bottom end of moving knife (a) and inner hook (a) is Dimension D, then tighten setscrews (b) of the moving knife shaft thrust collar.</li> <li>4. Tighten clamping screw (b) of the moving knife driving arm so</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>When the clearance is larger :</li> <li>O Clamp failure of needle thread and bobbin thread occurs.</li> <li>When the clearance is smaller :</li> <li>O Moving knife ③ interferes with the inner hook ④ .</li> <li>O There is no clearance where</li> </ul>
that there is no thrust play at the moving knife shaft ① . (Caution) Adjust the height of moving knife ③ at the center part of moving knife ③ .	thread enters between moving knife ③ and inner hook ④ . As a result, thread trimming failure will be caused.



### Standard adjustment

## 4) Thread trimmer cam timing



Most advanced position of moving knife



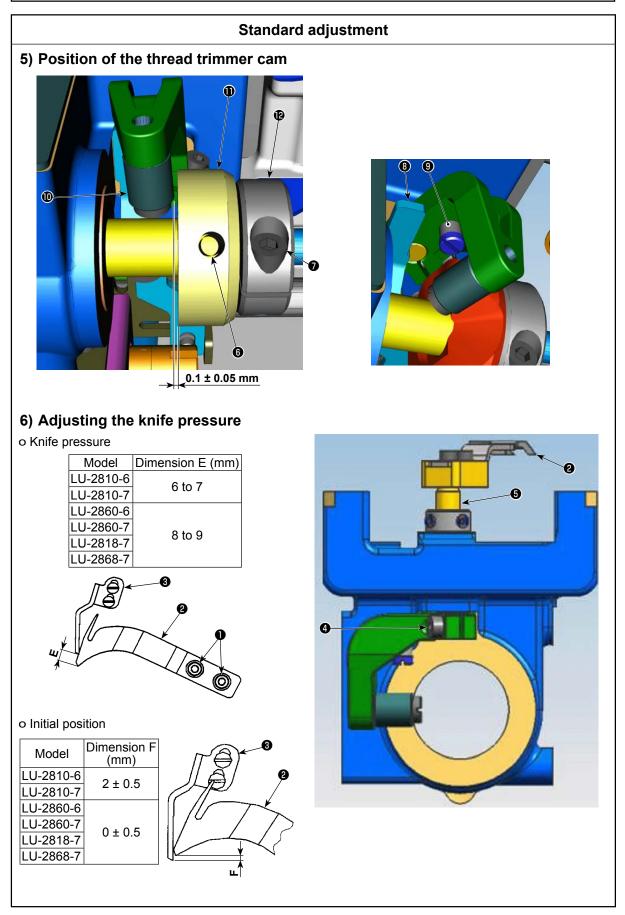


### [Conditions]

• Two marker dots on the handwheel aligns with marker line on the motor cover.

Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
<ul> <li>4) Thread trimmer can timing</li> <li>1. Loosen setscrews ③ of the thread trimmer cam.</li> <li>2. Move the moving knife ① to most advanced position.</li> <li>3. Turn the handwheel ④ in the state of step 2. to two marker dots ④ on the handwheel ④ aligns with marker line ④ on the motor cover ④.</li> <li>4. Make the thread trimmer cam ④ come in close contact with the lower shaft set collar ④, then tighten setscrews ④ of the thread trimmer cam.</li> <li>(Caution) Check that the edge of thread trimmer cam ④ comes in close contact with the edge of lower shaft set collar ④.</li> <li>(Caution) Check that the edge of thread trimmer cam ④ comes in close contact with the edge of lower shaft set collar ④.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>When thread trimming timing is retarded :</li> <li>Thread trimming action does not complete even at the needle-up stop position. As a result, defective thread trimming will be caused.</li> <li>When thread trimming timing is advanced :</li> <li>Defective thread trimming will be caused.</li> <li>Length of thread remaining on the needle after thread trimming cannot be secured. As a result, needle thread may slip off after thread trimming or at the start of sewing.</li> <li>Stitch skipping at the start of sewing will be caused.</li> </ul>

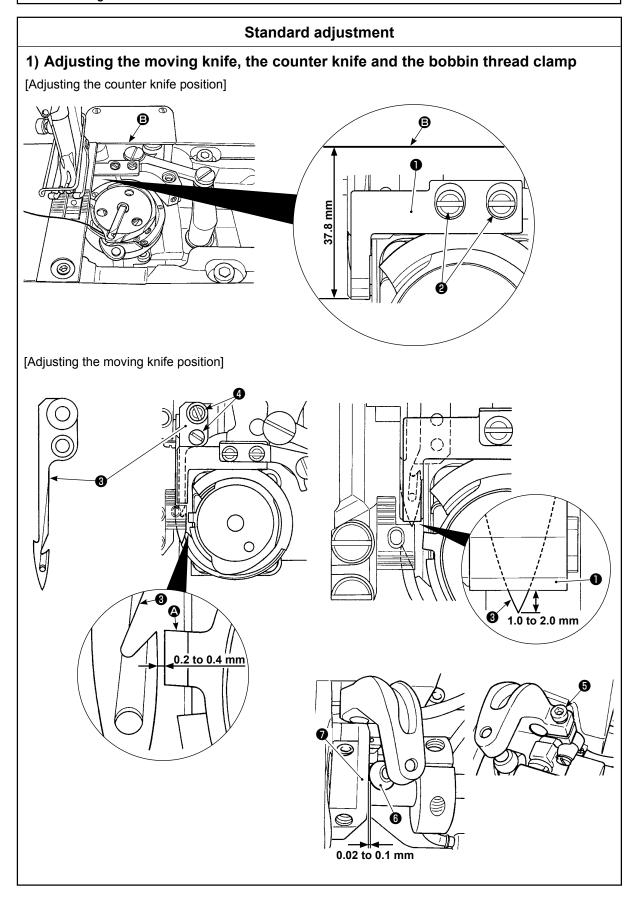




	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
<ul> <li>5) F</li> <li>1.</li> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>4.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Position of the thread trimmer cam</li> <li>Loosen setscrews ③ of the thread trimmer cam and clamping screw ④ of the lower shaft set collar.</li> <li>Set the thread trimmer solenoid to initial position.</li> <li>Adjust so that the clearance between the thread trimmer cam roller ④ and dwell section of the thread trimmer cam ① is 0.1 ± 0.05 mm in the state that the moving knife driving arm link ③ is in contact with the moving knife driving arm roller ④ . Then tighten setscrews ⑤ of the thread trimmer cam.</li> <li>Make the lower shaft set collar ④ come in close contact with the thread trimmer cam ① , then securely tighten clamping screw ⑦ of the lower shaft set collar.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>When there is no clearance between the thread trimmer cam 1 and the thread trimmer cam roller</li> <li>Thread trimmer cam 1 interferes with the thread trimmer cam roller 1 resulting in breakage or machine lock.</li> <li>When the clearance between the thread trimmer cam roller 1 and the thread trimmer cam roller 1 is large :</li> <li>Defective thread trimming will result.</li> </ul>
o K 1. 2. 3. <b>(Ca</b>	Adjusting the knife pressure Inife pressure Loosen setscrews ① of the moving knife. Adjust the installing position of the moving knife ② so that the position where moving knife ② and counter knife ③ start com- ing in contact with each other starts at the position of Dimen- sion E from the top end of the moving knife ②. At this time, if moving knife ② comes in contact with the clamp spring, the knife pressure is increased by the clamp pressure. So, adjust the knife pressure in the state that the clamp pres- sure is not applied to the knife. Tighten setscrews ① of the moving knife. aution) Operate the sewing machine with the knife pressure minimized to such an extent that both needle and bobbin threads can be trimmed.	<ul> <li>When the knife pressure is high :</li> <li>Blade sections of the counter knife (2) and the moving knife (2) may be damaged.</li> <li>Torque at the time of thread trimming is increased resulting in motor-stop.</li> <li>Defective thread trimming operation will result.</li> <li>When the knife pressure is low :</li> <li>Defective thread trimming will result.</li> </ul>
0 ir 1. 2.	<ul> <li>hitial position</li> <li>Loosen clamping screw ④ of the moving knife driving arm.</li> <li>Adjust so that the distance between the top end of the counter knife ⑤ and the top end of the moving knife ⑦ is Dimension F when moving knife ② travels to its back end.</li> </ul>	
3.	Tighten clamping screw ④ of the moving knife driving arm so that there is no thrust play at the moving knife shaft ⑤.	

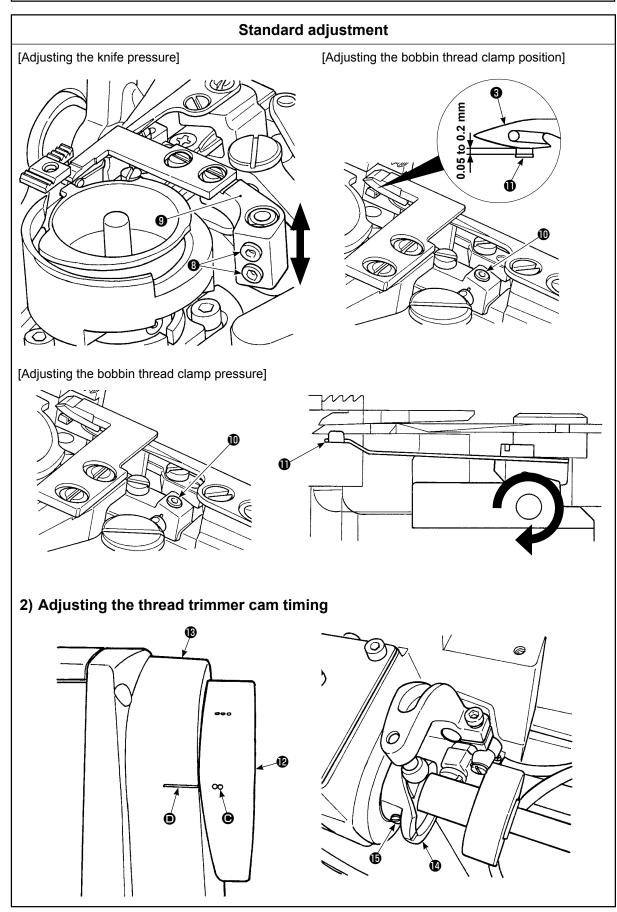
## (17) Adjusting the thread trimmer components for LU-2828-6 and 2828-7





Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
<ol> <li>Adjusting the moving knife, the counter knife and the bobbin thread clamp</li> <li>[Adjusting the counter knife position]</li> <li>Adjust so that the top end of counter knife 1 is spaced 37.8 mm from the end face 3 of the auxiliary cover. Then, fix the counter knife 1 by tightening screw 2.</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>[Adjusting the moving knife position]</li> <li>1. Adjust so that a clearance of 0.2 to 0.4 mm is provided between inner hook stopper (2) and moving knife (3). Then, fix the moving knife (3) by tightening screws (4).</li> <li>2. Adjust so that a clearance of 1.0 to 2.0 mm is provided between the top end of moving knife (3) and that of counter knife (1) when the moving knife is in its return end (the moving knife is in the standby state). Then, fix the moving knife (3) by tightening screw (5). (The clearance provided between thread trimming roller (3) and thread trimming cam (2) is 0.02 to 0.1 mm.)</li> </ul>	





Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
<ul><li>[Adjusting the knife pressure]</li><li>1. Loosen screws (3). Adjust the knife pressure by moving the counter knife arm (9) up or down.</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>[Adjusting the bobbin thread clamp position]</li> <li>1. Loosen screw ① . Adjust the lateral position of the clamp arm</li> <li>① so that a clearance of 0.05 to 0.2 mm is provided between the clamp arm ① and the moving knife ③ .</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>[Adjusting the bobbin thread clamp pressure]</li> <li>1. Loosen screw ① . Adjust the clamp pressure by turning the cramp arm ① in the direction of the arrow. Adjust the clamp pressure so that the bobbin thread comes off at the pressure of 0.3 N.</li> </ul>	
2) Adjusting the thread trimmer cam timing	
<ol> <li>Bring the moving knife to its front end. At this time, position the thread trimming cam (1) so that the two marker dots (2) on the handwheel (1) align with the marker line (1) of the motor cover (1). Then, tighten thread trimming cam setscrew (1) to fix thread trimming cam (2).</li> </ol>	

## (18) Detection switch of the amount of alternate vertical movement

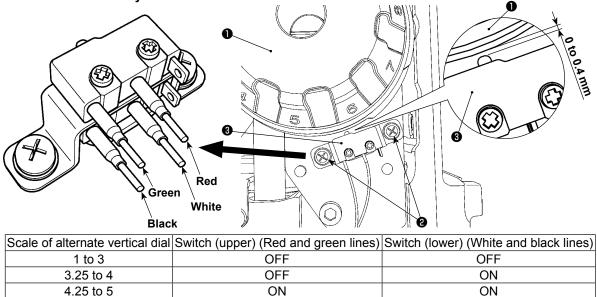


WARNING : Turn OFF the power before starting the work so as to prevent accidents caused by abrupt start of the sewing machine.

Sewing spee	u	1	1	1
Model	Amount of alternate vertical movement	Stitch length : 7 mm or less	Stitch length : More than 7 mm and 9 mm or less	Stitch length : More than 9 mm and 12 mm or less
	Less than 3 mm	3,000 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	_
_U-2810-6	3 mm to less than 4 mm	2,400 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	— —
_U-2810-7	4 mm to less than 5 mm	2,000 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	—
	5 mm to less than 9 mm	1,800 sti/min	1,800 sti/min	—
	Less than 3 mm	2,700 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	—
LU-2860-6	3 mm to less than 4 mm	2,400 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	—
LU-2860-7	4 mm to less than 5 mm	2,000 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	—
	5 mm to less than 9 mm	1,800 sti/min	1,800 sti/min	—
	Less than 3 mm	3,000 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	—
LU-2828-6	3 mm to less than 4 mm	2,400 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	—
LU-2828-7	4 mm to less than 5 mm	2,000 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	—
	5 mm to less than 9 mm	1,800 sti/min	1,800 sti/min	_
	Less than 3 mm	3,000 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	1,800 sti/min
LU-2818-7	3 mm to less than 4 mm	2,400 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	1,800 sti/min
LU-2010-7	4 mm to less than 5 mm	2,000 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	1,800 sti/min
	5 mm to less than 9 mm	1,800 sti/min	1,800 sti/min	1,800 sti/min
	Less than 3 mm	2,700 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	1,800 sti/min
LU-2868-7	3 mm to less than 4 mm	2,400 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	1,800 sti/min
10-2000-7	4 mm to less than 5 mm	2,000 sti/min	2,000 sti/min	1,800 sti/min
	5 mm to less than 9 mm	1,800 sti/min	1,800 sti/min	1,800 sti/min

For the LU-2810-6, adjust the sewing speed so that it is same with that of the LU-2810-7. For the LU-2860-6, adjust the sewing speed so that it is same with that of the LU-2860-7. For the LU-2828-6, adjust the sewing speed so that it is same with that of the LU-2828-7.

If the sewing machine carries out sewing at a speed higher than the aforementioned ones, the related parts can break and the life of those parts can be shortened. In order to prevent those problems, the maximum sewing speed has to be strictly observed.



5.25 to 9

OFF

ON

	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
1. 2. 3.	Turn the alternate vertical dial ① to adjust the scale between "7.5" to "8". Loosen setscrews of the top cover to remove the top cover. Loosen installing screws ② of the detection switch of the amount of alternate vertical movement, and adjust so that the distance between the detection switch of the amount of alter- nate vertical movement ③ to the alternate vertical dial ① is 0 to 0.4 mm. Then tighten installing screws ② of the detection switch of the amount of alternate vertical movement.	<ul> <li>o Sewing speed may not change even when turning the alternate vertical dial ●.</li> </ul>
(Ca	amount of alternate vertical movement. nution) When the position of the detection switch of the amount of alternate vertical movement ③ is changed, check whether the relation between the alternate ver- tical dial ① and the sewing speed is normal.	

## (19) DL device



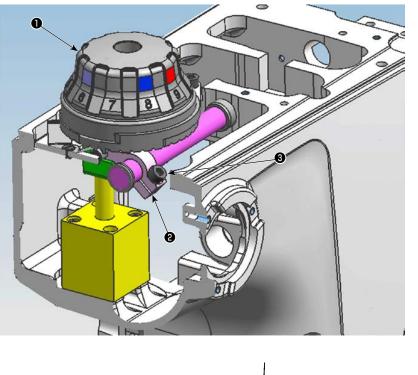
WARNING :

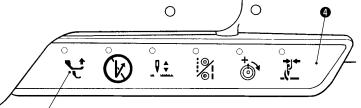
As the work is performed while the power is ON, never touch the switches other than the necessary one so as to prevent accidents caused by the malfunction of switches.

### Standard adjustment

The DL device is a device for maximizing the amount of alternate vertical movement when it is placed in ON.

When the cylinder is turned ON to maximize the amount of alternate vertical movement, tighten clamping screw ③ with the alternate vertical adjusting pin pressed against the dial cam plane.





DL switch

	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
1.	Set the alternate vertical dial 1 to "9".	
2.	Loosen clamping screw	
3.	Operate the DL device by 6-operations switch 4 (or knee	
4.	switch). Tighten clamping screw 3 of the alternate vertical cylinder arm	
	<b>2</b> .	

## (20) Adjusting the bottom feed momentum

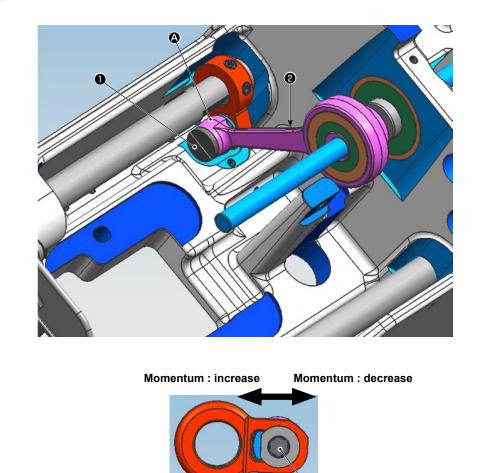


WARNING : Turn OFF the power before starting the work so as to prevent accidents caused by abrupt start of the sewing machine.

## Standard adjustment

Standard adjustment value is the location where the momentum is minimized.

Fix hinge screw 1 of the vertical feed rod in the slot so that it is positioned at the farthest from the vertical feed shaft.



	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
1.	Loosen hinge screw <b>1</b> of the vertical feed rod.	
2.		
3.		
	rod.	

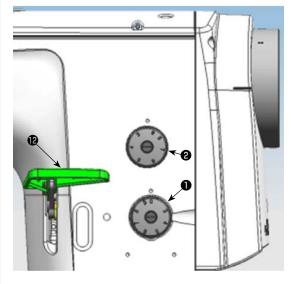
# (21) 2P feed adjustment

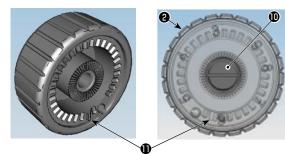


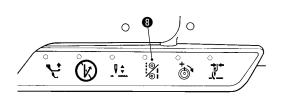
WARNING : As the work is performed while the power is ON, never touch the switches other than the necessary one so as to prevent accidents caused by the malfunction of switches.

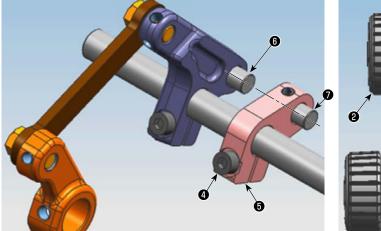
## Standard adjustment

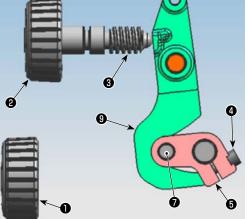
- 1) LU-2810-6, 2810-7, 2860-6, 2860-7
- ① Zero-point alignment for 2P feed adjustment
- 2 Forward/reverse stitch length of 2P feed adjustment

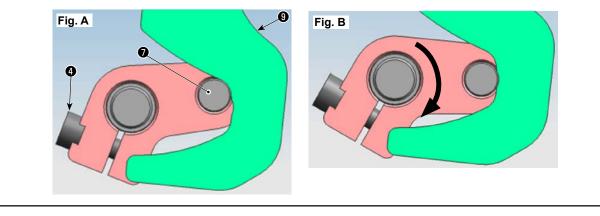












Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
<ol> <li>LU-2810-6, 2810-7, 2860-6, 2860-7</li> <li>Zero-point alignment for 2P feed adjustment</li> <li>Set the standard feed adjusting dial ① to "0".</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Set the standard feed adjusting dial (10 0 0).</li> <li>Turn the 2P feed adjusting dial (2) to counter-clockwise, remove the 2P feed adjusting dial screw (3).</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Loosen clamping screw @ of the 2P feed adjusting pin arm ⑤.</li> <li>At this time, retain the 2P feed adjusting pin arm ⑤ by means of</li> </ol>	
a tool so that it does not move out of position. If you have moved it out of position, bring the standard feed adjusting pin () and the	
<ul> <li>2P feed adjusting pin visually to the coaxial position.</li> <li>4. Turn 2P switch 3 ON. The air cylinder works to make the rela-</li> </ul>	
tionship between the 2P feed adjusting base <b>(9)</b> and the 2P feed adjusting pin <b>(7)</b> as shown in Fig. A.	
5. Move the 2P feed adjusting pin arm () to align the cam section (zero-point position) of the 2P feed adjusting base () with the	
2P feed adjusting pin <b>7</b> (Fig. B). In that state, tighten clamping screw <b>4</b> of the 2P feed adjusting pin arm <b>5</b> .	
<ol> <li>Carefully and slightly turn the 2P feed adjusting dial 2 to clock- wise until a resistance is felt so that the 2P feed adjusting dial screw 3 is aligned with the 2P feed adjusting base 9.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Loosen setscrew (1) of the 2P feed adjusting base (2).</li> <li>Loosen setscrew (1) of the 2P feed adjusting dial.</li> <li>Turn the 2P feed adjusting dial (2) to counter-clockwise, align the</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>dial stopper ① to the stopper.</li> <li>9. Tighten setscrew ① of the 2P feed adjusting dial.</li> </ul>	
[Confirmation] 1. Set the standard feed adjusting dial <b>1</b> to any pitch of "0" or more.	
2. Turn the 2P feed adjusting dial <b>2</b> to counter-clockwise, align to 0 point alignment position (it stops at the dial stopper <b>1</b> ).	
<ol> <li>Turn ON the 2P switch 3.</li> <li>Lower the reverse feed control lever 12 to align the cam section (0</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>point position) of the 2P feed adjusting base  with the 2P feed adjusting pin  (Fig. B).</li> <li>5. Turning the handwheel, check to be sure that the stitch length is</li> </ul>	
zero (0). This shows that the zero-point alignment of the 2P feed adjustment has been correctly carried out.	
② Forward/reverse stitch length of 2P feed adjustment [Confirmation items before adjustment]	
<ul> <li>Make sure that the forward/reverse feed adjustment is matching.</li> <li>Set the standard feed adjusting dial to "9". (Set the 2P feed adjusting dial to standard pitch "6".)</li> </ul>	
<ol> <li>Loosen clamping screw Ø of the 2P feed adjusting pin arm I from the rear plate side.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Bring the standard feed adjusting pin (6) and the 2P feed adjusting pin (7) visually to the coaxial position. Then tighten clamping</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>screw 4 of the 2P feed adjusting pin arm 5.</li> <li>Turn ON the 2P switch 3, and check forward/reverse stitch</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>length.</li> <li>When forward feed pitches are large. ⇒ To step 4.</li> <li>When reverse feed pitches are large. ⇒ To step 7.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>When reverse feed pitches are large. ⇒ To step 7.</li> <li>Return to standard pitch (Turn OFF the 2P switch ③ .), loosen clamping screw ④ of the 2P feed adjusting pin arm ⑤ . (Be care-</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>ful to loosen too much.)</li><li>Fixing the 2P feed adjusting pin arm S so that it does not move</li></ul>	
out of position, slightly tilt the reverse feed control lever (2) and tighten clamping screw (4) of the 2P feed adjusting pin arm (5).	
<ol> <li>Return to step 3., check forward/reverse stitch length.</li> <li>Return to standard pitch (Turn OFF the 2P switch <sup>(3)</sup>), loosen</li> </ol>	
clamping screw ④ of the 2P feed adjusting pin arm ⑤ . (Be care- ful to loosen too much.)	
8. Slightly turn the 2P feed adjusting pin arm (5) in the direction of the arrow in Fig. B, and tighten clamping screw (4) of the 2P feed adjusting pin arm (5).	
<ol> <li>9. Return to step 3., check forward/reverse stitch length.</li> </ol>	

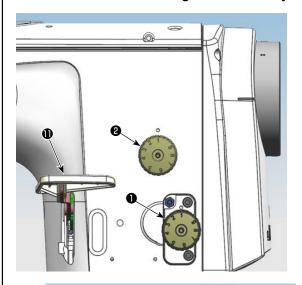


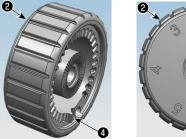
WARNING : As the work is performed while the power is ON, never touch the switches other than the necessary one so as to prevent accidents caused by the malfunction of switches.

#### Standard adjustment

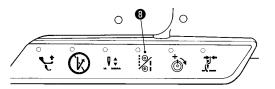
## 2) LU-2828-6, 2828-7

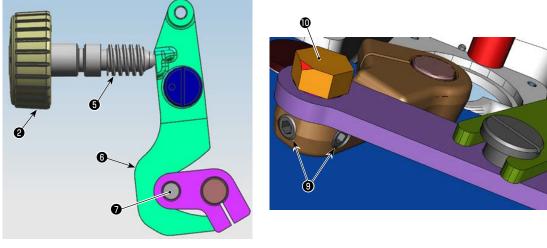
- ① Zero-point alignment for 2P feed adjustment
- 2 Forward/reverse stitch length of 2P feed adjustment

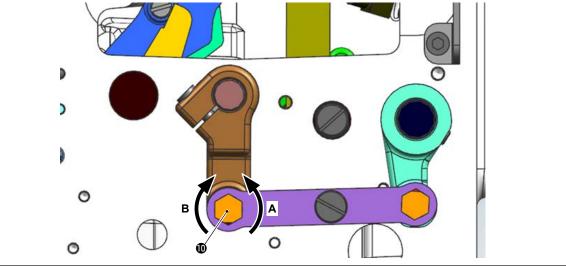










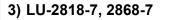


	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
2) L	U-2828-6, 2828-7	
1) Z	ero-point alignment for 2P feed adjustment	
1.	Set the standard feed adjusting dial ① to "0".	
2.	Turn the 2P feed adjusting dial 2 to counter-clockwise, remove	
	the 2P feed adjusting dial screw 😉 .	
3.	Turn 2P switch (3) ON.	
4.	Carefully and slightly turn the 2P feed adjusting dial 2 to clock-	
	wise until a resistance is felt so that the 2P feed adjusting dial	
	screw <b>()</b> is aligned with the 2P feed adjusting base <b>()</b> .	
5.	Loosen setscrew 3 of the 2P feed adjusting dial.	
6.	Turn the 2P feed adjusting dial 2 to counter-clockwise, align	
	the dial stopper 4 to the stopper.	
7.	Tighten setscrew 3 of the 2P feed adjusting dial.	
[Co	nfirmation]	
1.	Set the standard feed adjusting dial ① to any pitch of "0" or	
	more.	
2.	Turn the 2P feed adjusting dial 2 to counter-clockwise, align to	
	0 point alignment position (it stops at the dial stopper ④ ).	
3.	Turn ON the 2P switch 8 .	
4.	Lower the reverse feed control lever (1) to align the cam section	
	(0 point position) of the 2P feed adjusting base 6 with the 2P	
	feed adjusting pin 🜒 (Fig. B).	
5.	Turning the handwheel, check to be sure that the stitch length	
	is zero (0). This shows that the zero-point alignment of the 2P	
	feed adjustment has been correctly carried out.	
2 F	orward/reverse stitch length of 2P feed adjustment	
1.	Loosen two setscrews (9) of the feed adjusting eccentric pin.	
2.	Turn the feed adjusting eccentric pin 🛈 to adjust forward/re-	
	verse stitch length.	
	<ul> <li>Direction A → Reverse feed length is increased.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Direction B → Normal feed length is increased.</li> </ul>	
3.	After the adjustment, securely tighten two setscrews (9) of the	
	feed adjusting eccentric pin.	
[Co	nfirmation]	
1.	Set the standard feed adjusting dial 1 to "9".	
2.	Set the 2P feed adjusting dial 2 to "6".	
3.	Turn ON the 2P switch (3), and check forward/reverse stitch length.	
*	After adjusting forward/reverse stitch length ratio of 2P adjust-	
	ment, forward/reverse stitch length ratio of standard feed will	
	change. Adjust forward/reverse stitch length ratio according to	
	"2(10) Stitch length of forward/reverse feed".	
	-	

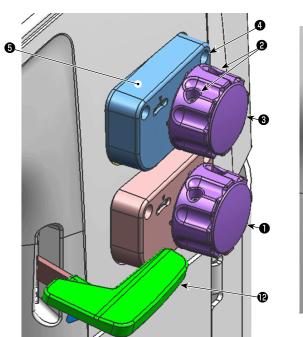


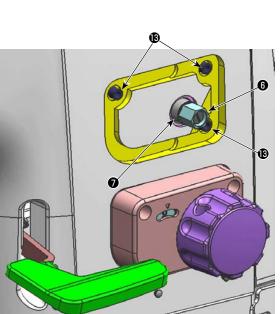
WARNING : As the work is performed while the power is ON, never touch the switches other than the necessary one so as to prevent accidents caused by the malfunction of switches.

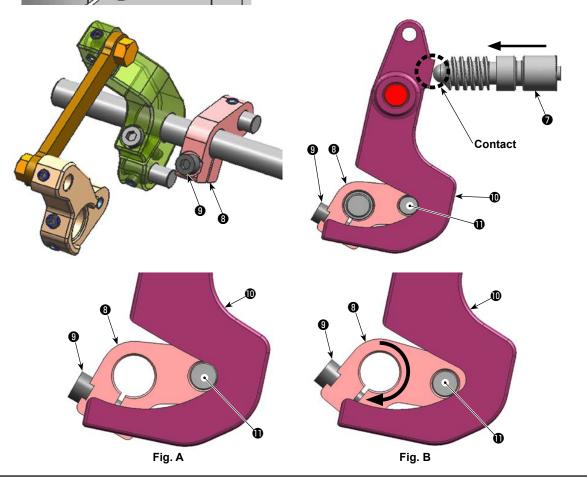
## Standard adjustment



① Zero-point alignment for 2P feed adjustment



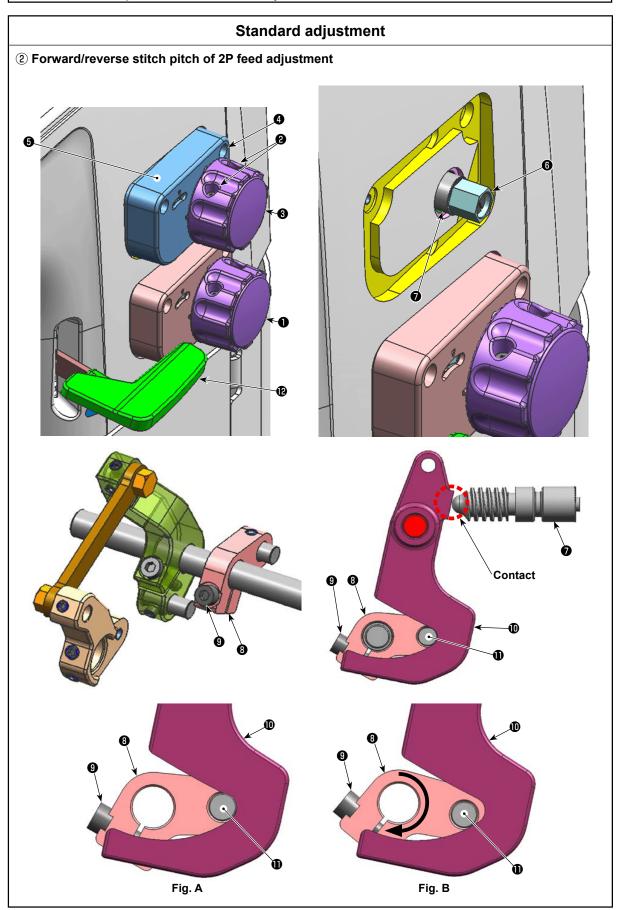




	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
3) L	U-2818-7, 2868-7	
1) Z	ero-point alignment for 2P feed adjustment	
1.	Set the standard feed adjusting dial ① to "0".	
2.	Loosen two clamping screws ② of the feed adjusting dial to	
	remove the 2P feed adjusting dial 3.	
3.	Loosen three setscrews (4) of the feed dial cover B to remove	
	the feed dial cover B 6 . At this time, also remove three spac-	
	ers 🔞 .	
4.	Turn the hexagonal shaft () to counterclockwise to remove the	
	feed adjusting dial screw 🕖 .	
5.	Loosen five setscrews of the window plate to remove the win-	
	dow plate.	
6.	Loosen clamping screws <b>9</b> of the feed adjusting pin support	
	arm B 🚯 .	
7.	Turn the power ON, and turn the 2P switch ON. The air cylin-	
	der works to make the relationship between the feed adjust-	
	ing base B 🕕 and the feed adjusting pin support arm B 🔞 as	
	shown in Fig. A.	
8.	Move the feed adjusting pin support arm B <sup>(3)</sup> to align the cam	
	section (zero-point position) of the feed adjusting base B	
	with the feed adjusting pin <b>①</b> (Fig. B). In that state, tighten	
	clamping screws (9) of the feed adjusting pin support arm B (8).	
9.	Turn the hexagonal shaft <b>()</b> to clockwise until a light resistance	
-	is felt so that the feed adjusting dial screw $0$ is in contact with	
	the feed adjusting base B $0$ .	
10.	Attach the feed dial cover B <b>6</b> using three setscrews <b>4</b> of the	
	feed dial cover B. At this time, insert three spacers <b>(B)</b> between	
	the machine arm and the feed dial cover B <b>(</b> ).	
11.	Attach the 2P feed adjusting dial <b>3</b> using two clamping screws	
	<ul> <li>If the feed adjusting dial.</li> </ul>	
[Cor	nfirmation]	
1.	Set the standard feed adjusting dial <b>1</b> to any pitch of "0" or	
	more.	
2.	Set the 2P feed adjusting dial <b>1</b> to "0".	
3.	Turn ON the 2P switch.	
4.	Lower the reverse feed lever $\mathbf{P}$ to align the cam section (0	
	point position) of the feed adjusting base B $0$ with the feed	
	adjusting pin (1). (Fig. B)	
5.	Turning the handwheel, check to be sure that the stitch pitch	
0.	is zero (0). This shows that the zero-point alignment of the 2P	
	feed adjustment has been correctly carried out.	



WARNING : As the work is performed while the power is ON, never touch the switches other than the necessary one so as to prevent accidents caused by the malfunction of switches.

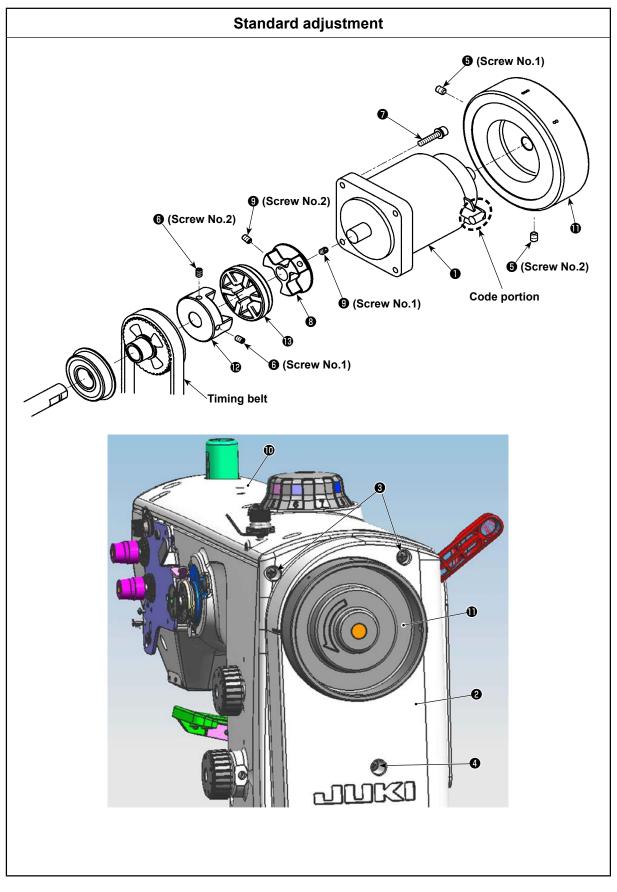


	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
[Co • M • Se	<ul> <li>Forward/reverse stitch pitch of 2P feed adjustment nfirmation items before adjustment] ake sure that the forward/reverse feed adjustment is matching. et the standard feed adjusting dial ● to "12". (Because of the echanism, the 2P pitch can not be more than the standard pitch.) Turn ON the 2P switch, and check pitches of forward and re- verse stitches.</li> <li>When forward feed pitches are large. ⇒ To step 2. to 4.</li> <li>When reverse feed pitches are large. ⇒ To step 5. to 7. Return to standard pitch (Turn OFF the 2P switch.), loosen clamping screws ④ of the feed adjusting pin support arm B ⑤ . (Be careful to loosen too much.)</li> </ul>	
3. 4. 5.	At this time, fix the feed adjusting pin support arm B 🐨 so that it does not move out of position. Slightly tilt the reverse feed lever 🕐 and tighten clamping screws 🌒 of the feed adjusting pin support arm B 🕲 . Return to step 1., check forward/reverse stitch length. Return to standard pitch (Turn OFF the 2P switch.), loosen clamping screws 🕲 of the feed adjusting pin support arm B 🕲 . (Be careful to loosen too much.) At this time, fix the feed adjusting pin support arm B 🕲 so that it does not move out of position.	
6.	Slightly turn the feed adjusting pin support arm B (3) in the direction of the arrow in Fig. B, and tighten clamping screws (3) of the feed adjusting pin support arm B (3). Return to step 1., check forward/reverse stitch lengths.	

# (22) Replacing the motor



WARNING : Turn OFF the power before starting the work so as to prevent accidents caused by abrupt start of the sewing machine.

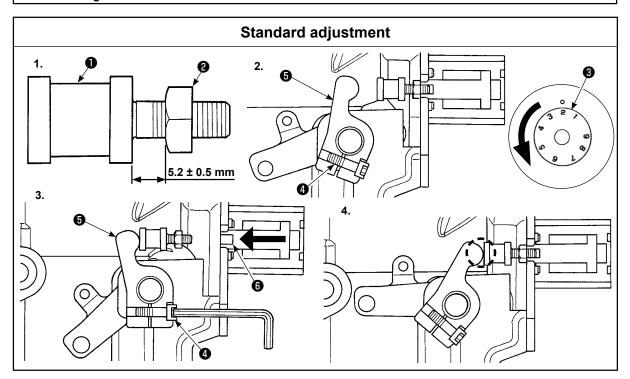


	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustmen
1.	Remove the top cover 🕕 .	
2.	Loosen setscrews 3 and 4 of the motor cover to remove the	
	motor cover 😢 .	
3.	Loosen setscrew No. 2 <b>5</b> of the handwheel.	
4.	Remove setscrew No. 1 <b>(</b> ) (flat section) of the handwheel.	
5.	Remove four setscrew <b>9</b> of the motor.	
6.	Remove the motor ① and the hub-R ⑧ .	
7.	Loosen setscrews 9 of the hub-R in the order of screw No. 2,	
	screw No. 1 (flat section) the set screw to remove the hub-R 3	
	from the motor <b>1</b>	
8.	Replace motor <b>1</b> ' with a new one.	
9.	And later, perform re-assembling in the reverse order.	
(Ca	ution) 1. Secure the clearance between the hub-R 3 and	
•	the motor <b>①</b> is 0.65 mm.	
	2. Attach so that the handwheel 🕕 and the motor	
	code is not come in contact with each other.	
	3. Attach so that the handwheel 🕕 and the motor	
	cover ② is not come in contact with each other.	
	4. Join hub R 🕲 , coupling rubber 🕲 and hub L 🕲	
	so that setscrew No. 1 (9) of hub R is positioned	
	between setscrews No. 1 and No. 2 <b>()</b> of hub L.	

# (23) Adjusting the condensation stitch (LU-2828-6, 2828-7)



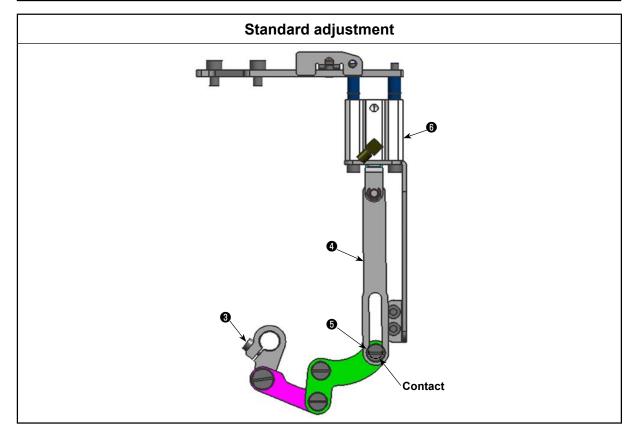
WARNING : Turn OFF the power before starting the work so as to prevent accidents caused by abrupt start of the sewing machine.



# (24) Condensation cylinder (LU-2818-7, 2868-7)



WARNING : Turn OFF the power before starting the work so as to prevent accidents caused by abrupt start of the sewing machine.



	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
1.	Adjust the distance from condensation stitch pin $oldsymbol{0}$ to nut $oldsymbol{2}$ to	
	5.2 ± 0.5 mm.	
2.	Set stitch dial ③ at the pitch corresponding to the condensation amount you want to set.	
	(Pitch 2 in the case of condensation amount of 2 mm)	
	Loosen clamping screw 4 of the condensation arm $f s$ .	
3.	Turn ON the condensation stitch cylinder 6 . In this state, tight-	
	en clamping screw ④ of the condensation arm ⑤.	
4.	The condensation stitch amount can be set up to -3 mm (reverse	
	feed stitch).	
(Ca	aution) If the condensation amount is excessively small, the	
	material can be torn depending on the type of seam	
	to cause stitch skipping. This can cause a thread	
	trimming failure.	

	Adjustment procedures	Results of Improper adjustment
1. 2. 3.	Set the stitch dial to "1.5". Loosen clamping screw ③ of the condensation arm. Make cylinder ④ retract the most. At this time, manually lower the reverse feed lever to place the sewing machine in the reverse feed state. Tighten clamping screw ④ of the condensation arm at the position where the top end of slot in link ④ comes in contact with hinge screw ⑤ .	<ul> <li>If the condensation arm position deviates from the specified value, there may be a failure in thread trimming.</li> </ul>

# 3. Portion to which LOCKTITE is applied

LOCKTITE has been applied to the following parts at the time of assembly at the factory.

Avoid disassembling these parts to the most. When an assembly which includes the aforementioned parts has been forced to be disassembled, be sure to wash the LOCKTITE applied part using a paint thinner or the like, and reassemble it using LOCKTITE after removing any moisture from the mating faces.

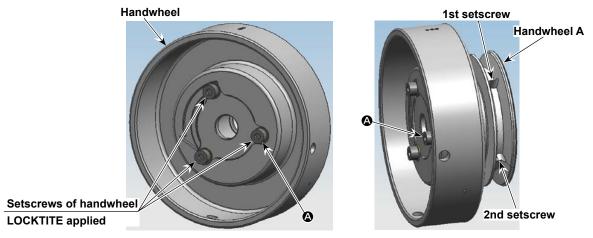
If it is hard to remove a part which has been fixed using LOCKTITE, heat it using a torch lamp or the like to help remove the part.

No.	Portion to which LOCKTITE is applied	Part No.	LOCKTITE No.	Remarks
1	Setscrew of coupling	SM8050812TP	LOCKTITE #243	
2	Setscrew of handwheel	SM6054502TN	LOCKTITE #243	Only LU-2810-6 and 2860-6

No. 1



No. 2



(Caution) When an assembly which includes the aforementioned parts has been forced to be disassembled, attach the handwheel so that setscrew (2) (opposite side of the arrow mark indicating the direction of rotation) of the handwheel is located between 1st setscrew and 2nd setscrew of handwheel A. (Marker dot position of the handwheel will not match.)

# 4. Selective parts and consumable parts

o Selective parts

Part name	Part No.	Remarks	Model
Hook shaft selective washer	B255728000A	t=1.15 to 1.2 mm	
Hook shaft selective washer	B255728000B	t=1.05 to 1.1 mm	
Hook shaft selective washer	B255728000C	t=0.9 to 0.95 mm	
Hook shaft selective washer	B255728000D	t=0.8 to 0.85 mm	
Hook shaft selective washer	B255728000E	t=0.975 to 1.025 mm	
Rocking link pin A	40149115	Shaft diameter ø8.001 to ø8.006 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Rocking link pin B	40149116	Shaft diameter ø7.997 to ø8.002 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Rocking link pin C	40149117	Shaft diameter ø7.993 to ø7.998 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Rocking link pin D	40149118	Shaft diameter ø7.989 to ø7.994 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Feed adjusting pin A	40149120	Shaft diameter ø8.001 to ø8.006 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Feed adjusting pin B	40149121	Shaft diameter ø7.997 to ø8.002 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Feed adjusting pin C	40149122	Shaft diameter ø7.993 to ø7.998 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Feed adjusting pin D	40149123	Shaft diameter ø7.989 to ø7.994 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Feed rod pin A	40149125	Shaft diameter ø8.001 to ø8.006 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Feed rod pin B	40149126	Shaft diameter ø7.997 to ø8.002 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Feed rod pin C	40149127	Shaft diameter ø7.993 to ø7.998 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Feed rod pin D	40149128	Shaft diameter ø7.989 to ø7.994 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Moving knife spacer t=0.4	40147932	t=0.35 to 0.45 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7
Moving knife spacer t=0.5	40147933	t=0.45 to 0.55 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7
Moving knife spacer t=0.6	40147934	t=0.55 to 0.65 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7
Moving knife spacer t=0.7	40147935	t=0.65 to 0.75 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7
Moving knife spacer t=0.8	40147936	t=0.75 to 0.85 mm	LU-2828-6, 2828-7
Counter knife spacer t=0.2	40155295	t=0.15 to 0.25 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Counter knife spacer t=0.4	40155296	t=0.35 to 0.45 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Counter knife spacer t=0.6	40155297	t=0.55 to 0.65 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Counter knife spacer t=0.8	40155298	t=0.75 to 0.85 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Counter knife spacer t=1.0	40155299	t=0.95 to 1.05 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Counter knife spacer t=1.2	40157628	t=1.15 to 1.25 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Counter knife spacer t=1.4	40157629	t=1.35 to 1.45 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Clamp spring spacer t=0.2	40155301	t=0.15 to 0.25 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Clamp spring spacer t=0.2	40155302	t=0.35 to 0.45 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Clamp spring spacer t=0.4	40155303	t=0.55 to 0.65 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Clamp spring spacer t=0.8	40155304	t=0.75 to 0.85 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
	40155304	t=0.95 to 1.05 mm	
Clamp spring spacer t=1.0			LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Clamp spring spacer t=1.2	40157625	t=1.15 to 1.25 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Clamp spring spacer t=1.4	40157626	t=1.35 to 1.45 mm	LU-2818-7, 2868-7

#### o Consumable parts

Part name	Part No.	Remarks	Model
Needle	M13517B1600	GROZ-BECKERT 135 x 17 Nm 160	LU-2810, 2810-7 LU-2810-6, 2860-6 LU-2860, 2860-7 LU-2818-7,2868-7
	MC321001402	SCHMETZ 134-35 Nm 140	LU-2828-6, 2828-7
Hook (asm.)	40131956		LU-2810-7, 2860-7 LU-2810-6, 2860-6
	40126399		LU-2810, 2860
	40147912		LU-2828-6, 2828-7
	40147985		LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Bobbin	21334800	Aluminum bobbin (with knurl)	LU-2810, 2810-7 LU-2810-6, 2860-6 LU-2860, 2860-7
	40147913		LU-2828-6, 2828-7 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Moving knife	21389200		LU-2810-7, 2810-6
	40132434		LU-2860-7, 2860-6
	40147938		LU-2828-6, 2828-7
	40147940		LU-2818-7, 2868-7
Counter knife	21389309		LU-2810-7, 2860-7 LU-2810-6, 2860-6 LU-2818-7, 2868-7
	40135498		LU-2828-6, 2828-7
Clamp spring	21389408		LU-2810-7, 2860-7 LU-2810-6, 2860-6
	40135955		LU-2828-6, 2828-7
	40147943		LU-2818-7, 2868-7

# 5. Applying grease

# (1) Applying grease

For the safe usage of a sewing machine, periodically apply a grease (once every 2 or 3 years for standard) to the application spots specified for each model, by means of a cotton applicator or the like. For using the SC-922, an alarming sound is generated when the time for grease-up comes. When this alarming is heard, a grease-up action has to be taken.

### (Caution) 1. Never feed oil to the grease-up spots.

2. It must be noted that too much grease application may result in grease leakage from the thread take-up lever cover section or the needle bar.

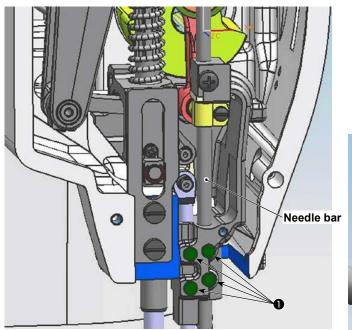
Exclusive grease

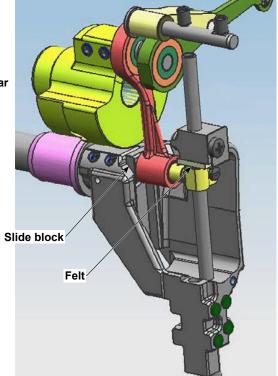
Part No.	Part name
40006323	JUKI grease A

# (2) Greasing points

## 1) Needle bar rocking base

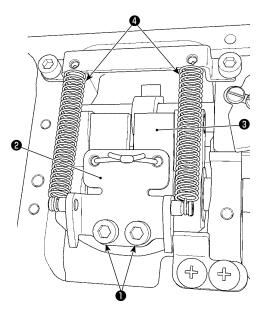
- 1. Remove face plate.
- 2. Remove rubber plugs ①.
- 3. Fill grease holes with JUKI Grease A.
- 4. Attach rubber plugs ①.
- 5. Wipe off grease that was exposed.
- 6. Attach face plate.





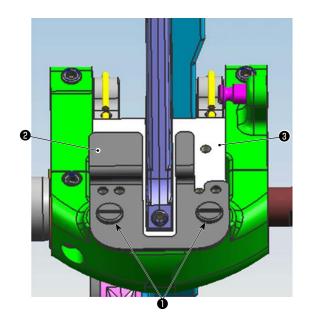
## 2) Alternate vertical change base

- 1. Remove top cover.
- 2. Remove two return springs ④ of alternate vertical change base.
- 3. Loosen setscrews 1 of felt clamp to remove felt clamp 2.
- 4. Apply JUKI grease A to felt 3.
- 5. Apply JUKI grease A to sliding surfaces of alternate vertical change base and feed conversion link.
- 6. Set felt clamp 2 to alternate vertical change base, and fix it with setscrews 1 of felt clamp.
- 7. Attach two return springs ④ of alternate vertical change base.
- 8. Attach top cover.



#### 3) Horizontal feed change base

- 1. Remove rear cover.
- 2. Loosen setscrews 1 of felt clamp to remove felt clamp 2.
- 3. Apply JUKI grease A to felt **3**.
- 4. Apply JUKI grease A to sliding surfaces of horizontal feed change base and feed conversion link.
- 5. Set felt clamp 2 to horizontal feed change base, and fix it with setscrews 1 of felt clamp.
- 6. Attach rear cover.



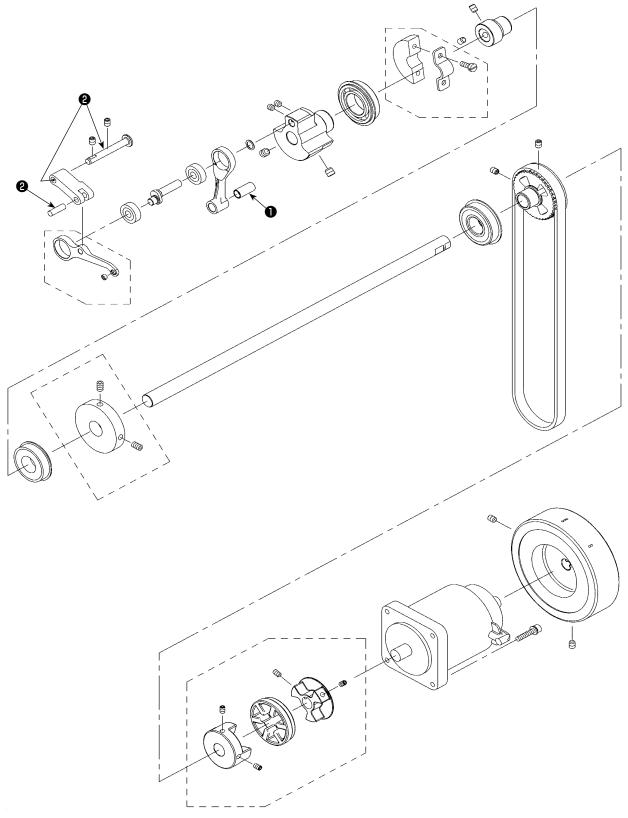
# 4) Greasing point indication drawing

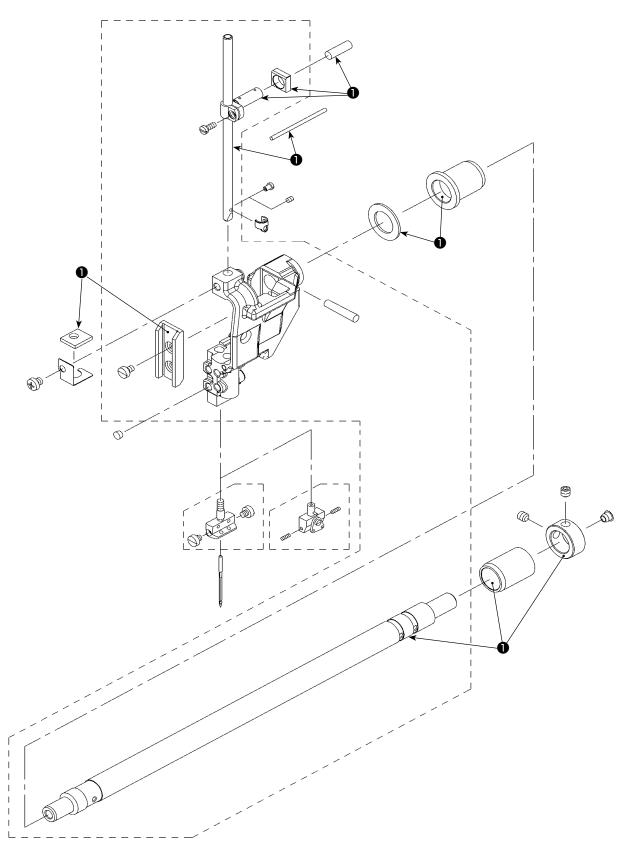
## (\* Indicating the points where grease is applied at shipment.)

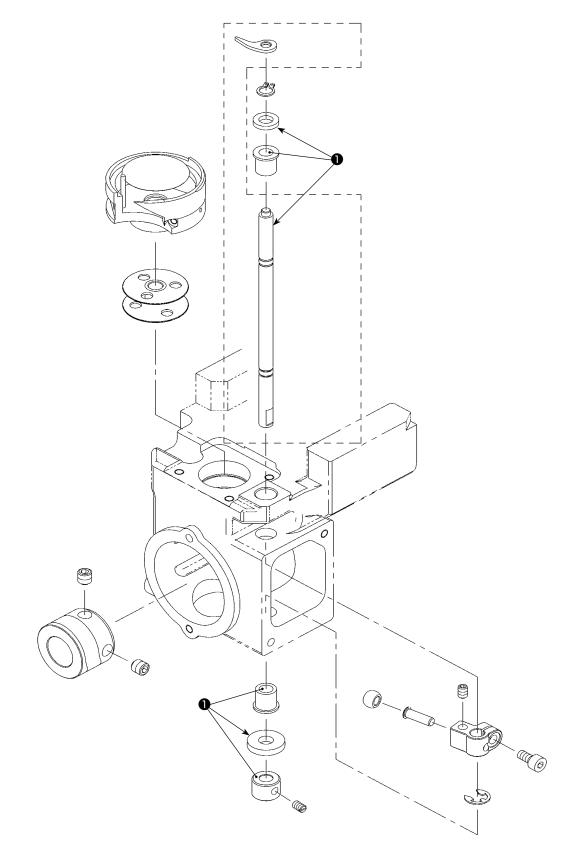
# I : JUKI Grease A

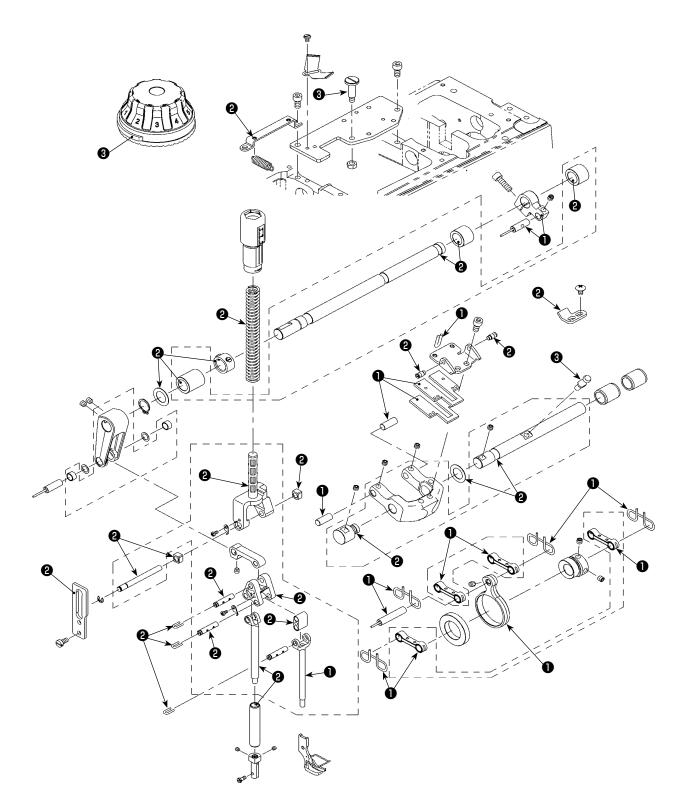
Part No.: 40006323 (10g tube) or 23640204 (100g tube)

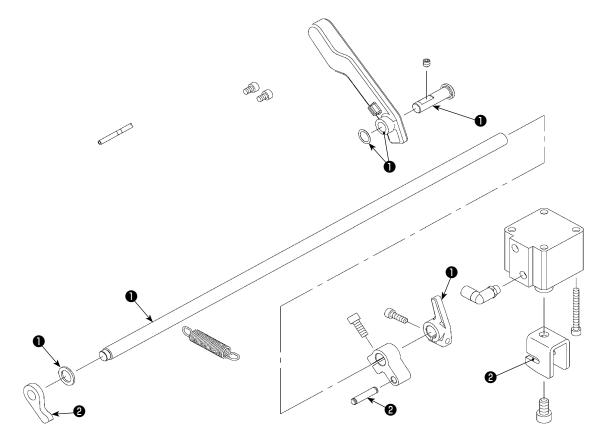
- 2: Unirex N3.....Part No.: 13525506 (10g tube)
- 3 : Barch L1002
- 1. MAIN SHAFT & THREAD TAKE-UP LEVER COMPONENTS



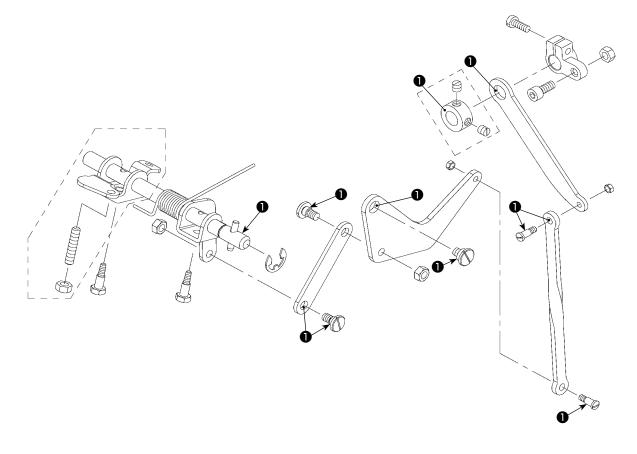


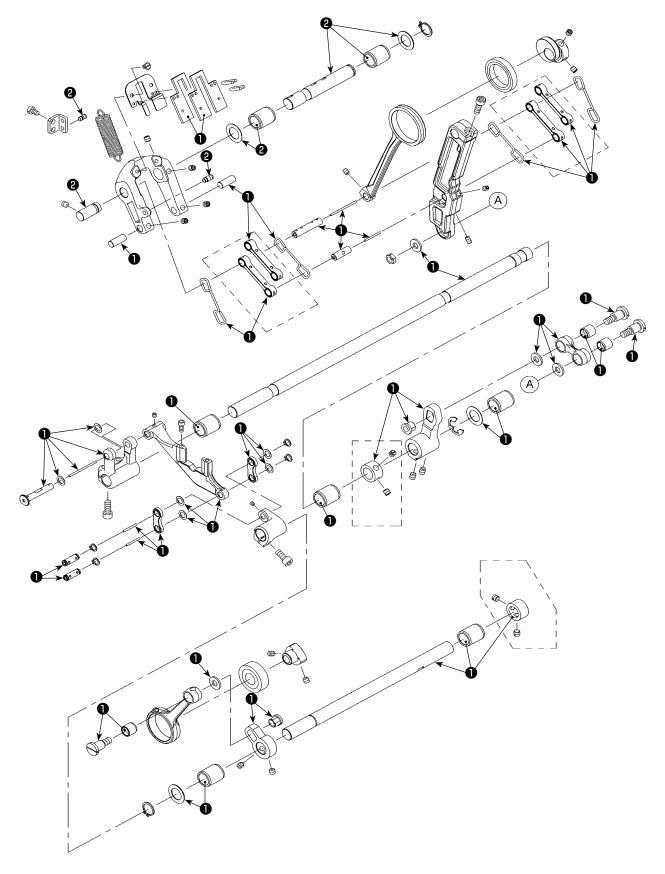




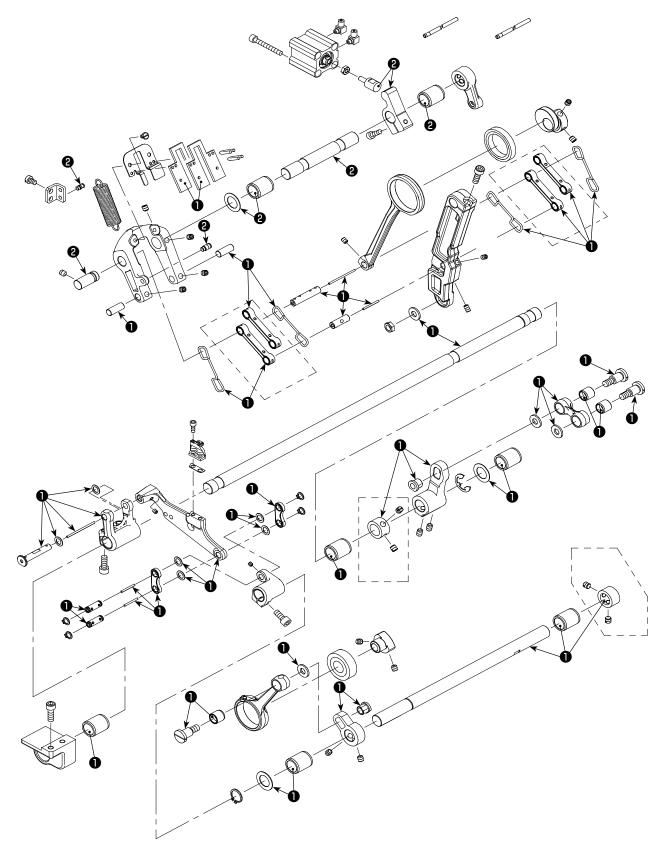


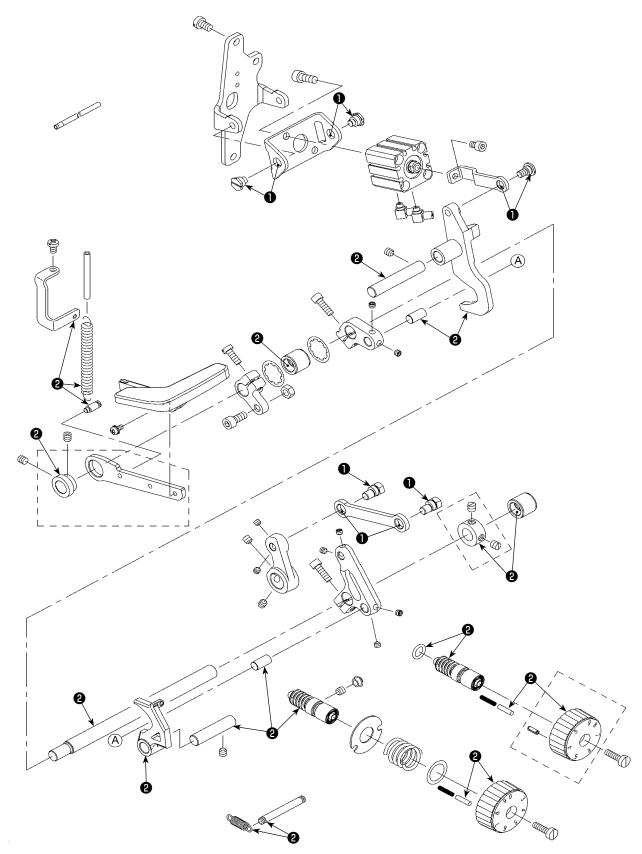
6. KNEE LIFTER COMPONENTS (FOR LU-2810, 2860)

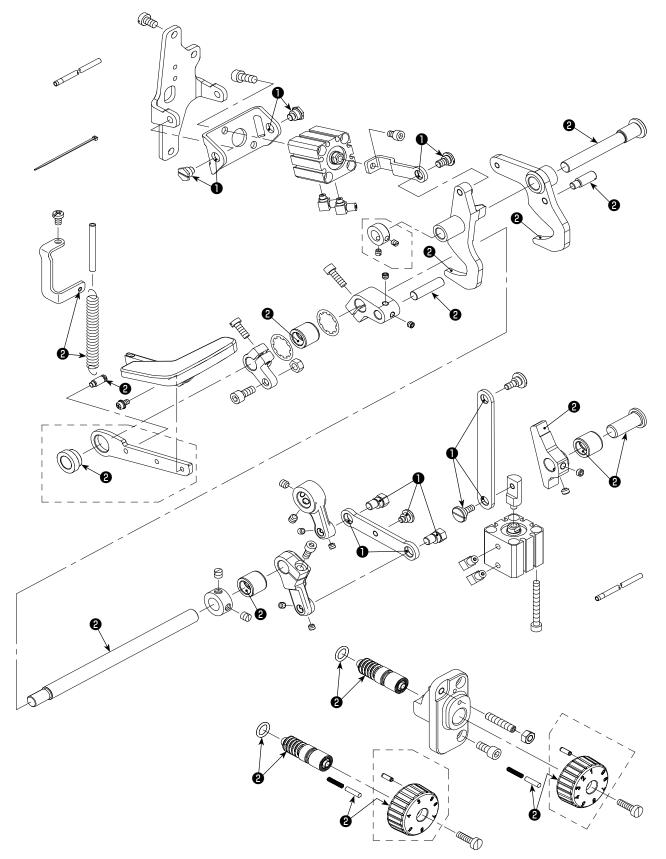


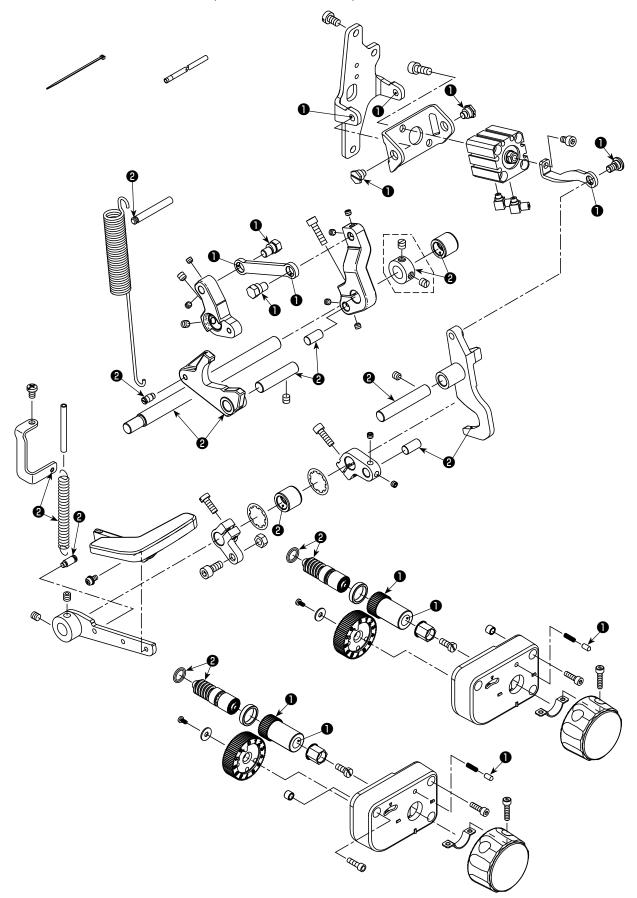


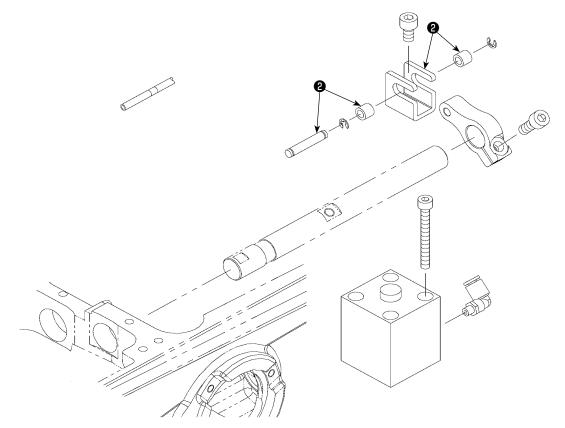
LOWER FEED COMPONENTS (FOR LU-2828-6, 2828-7)



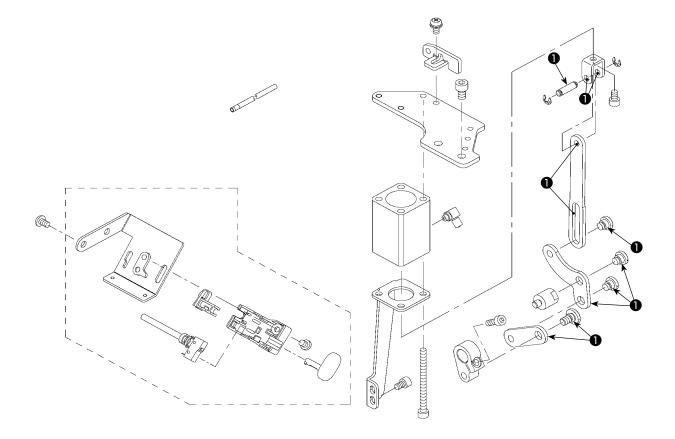




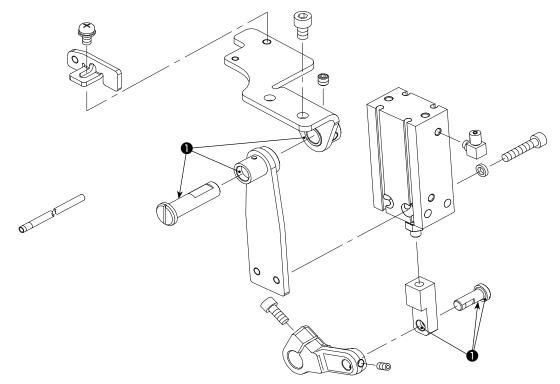




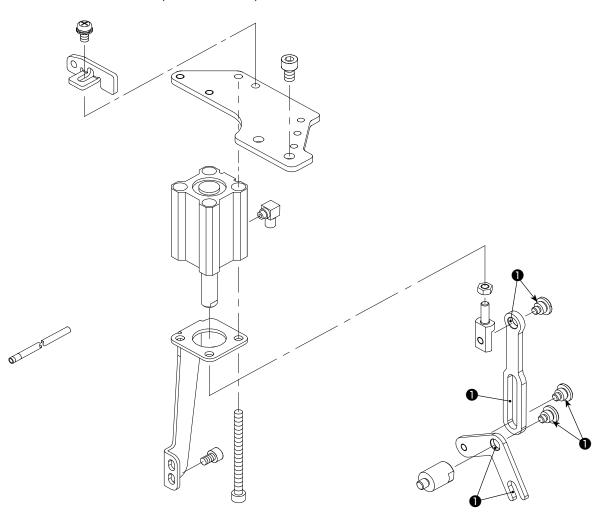
10. AUTO BT COMPONENTS (FOR LU-2810-7, 2860-7)

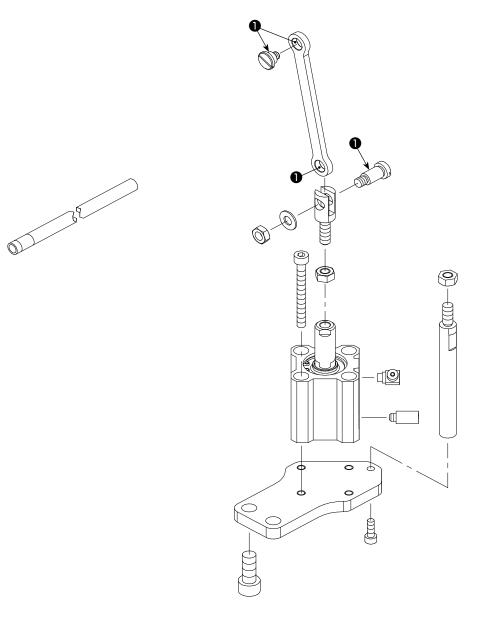


AUTO BT COMPONENTS (FOR LU-2810-6, 2860-6, 2828-6)

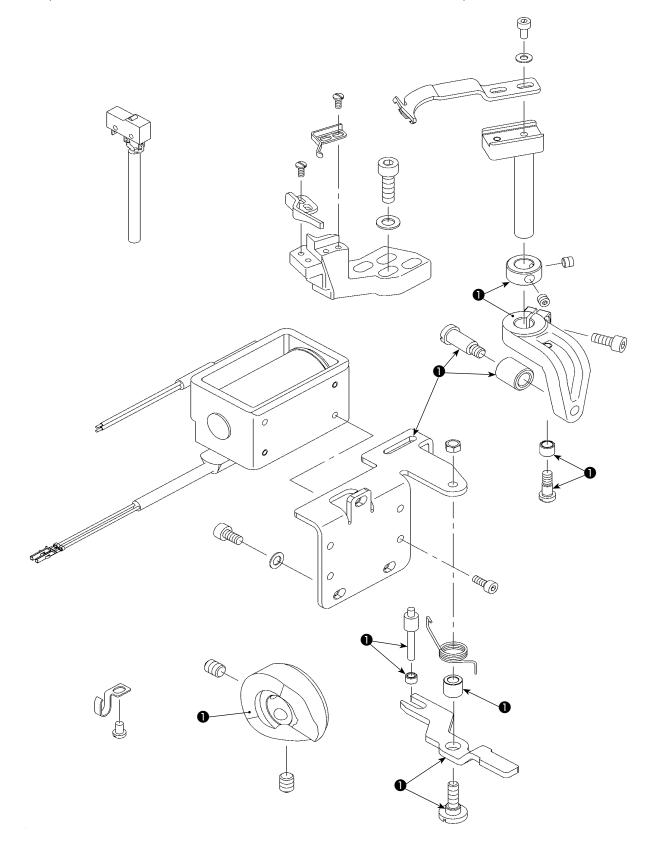


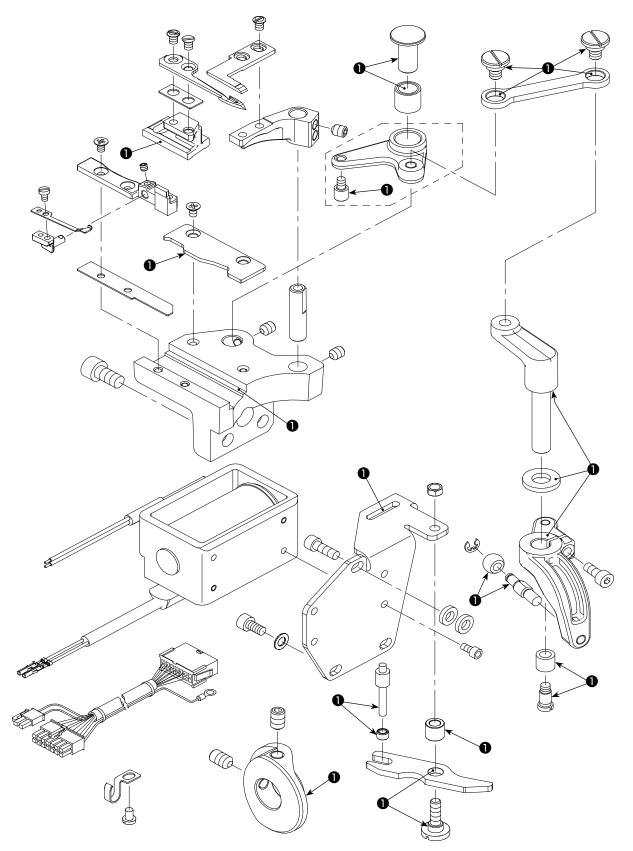
#### AUTO BT COMPONENTS (FOR LU-2828-7)

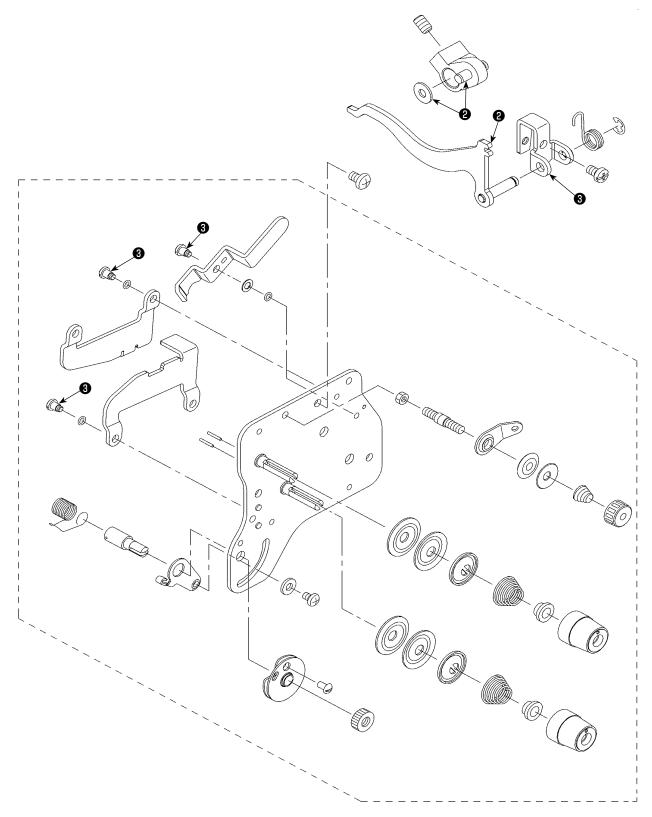


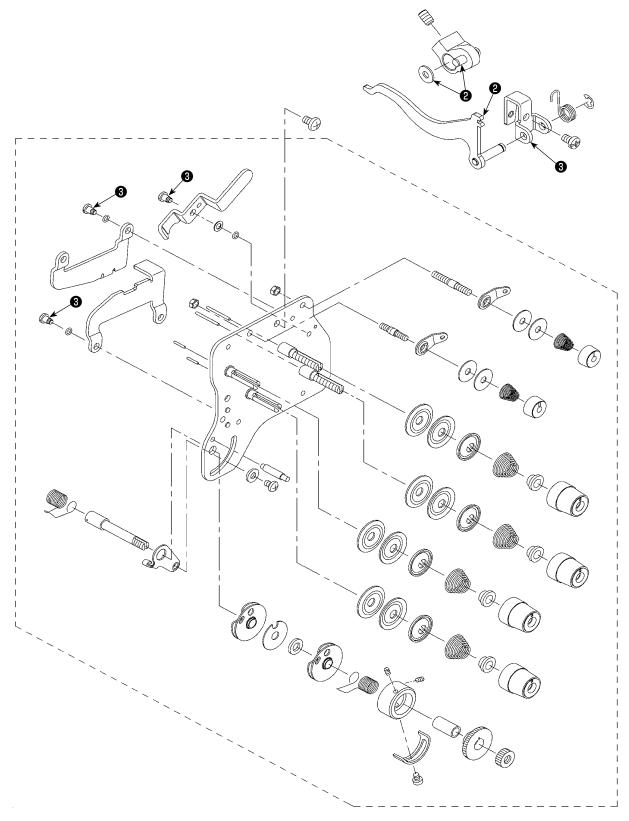


11. THREAD TRIMMING COMPONENTS (FOR LU-2810-6, 2810-7, 2860-6, 2860-7, 2828-6, 2828-7, 2818-7, 2868-7)



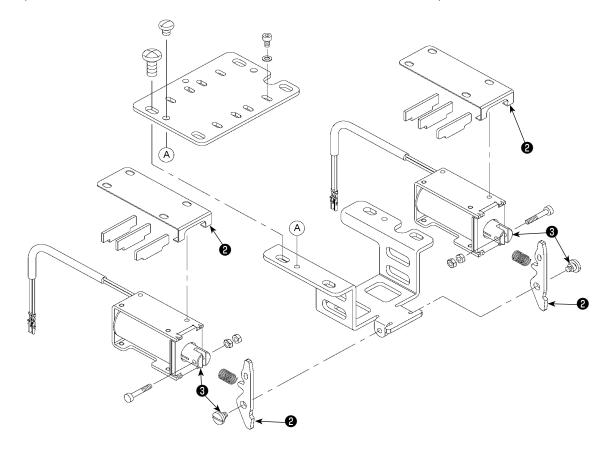


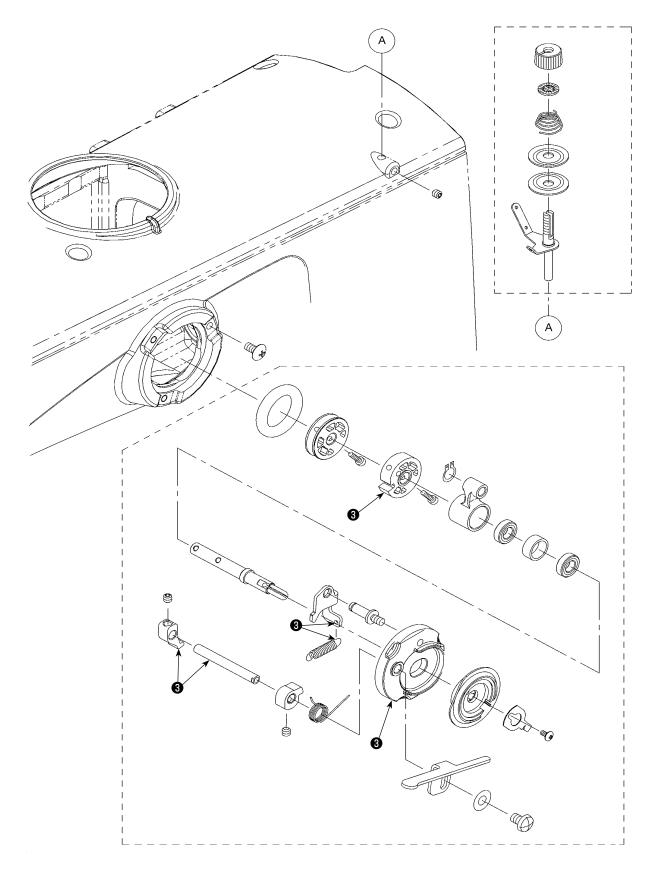


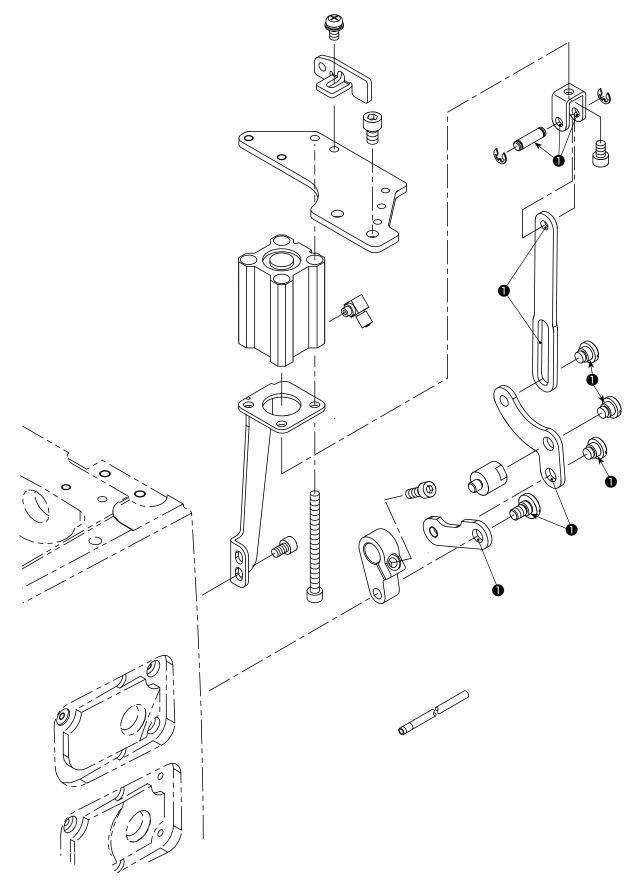


#### 14. TENSION RELEASE COMPONENTS

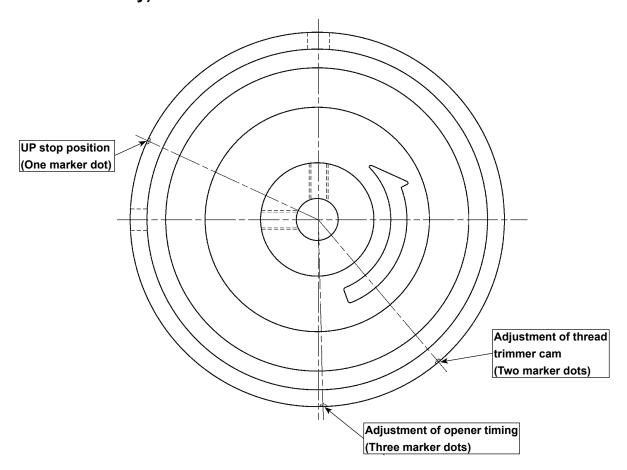
(FOR LU-2810-6, 2810-7, 2860-6, 2860-7, 2828-6, 2828-7, 2818-7, 2868-7)







6. Engraved marker dots on the handwheel (for the machine with thread trimmer only)



# 7. Machine head wiring

# (1) LU-2810-7, 2860-7

# 1) Connectors coming from machine head (Connect to control box)

## o CN36 : 14P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	
2	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	
3		_
4	Knee switch	
5	Reverse feed switch	
6	Thread trimmer solenoid (left side)	
7	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	
8	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	+27V
9	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	+27V
10	FG	FG
11	Knee switch	GND
12	Reverse feed switch	GND
13	Thread trimmer solenoid (left side)	+27V
14	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	+27V

#### o CN37 : 2P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	—	—
2	—	+27V

#### o CN44 : 24P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	6-operation switch	+5V
2	6-operation switch	+5V
3	—	+12V
4	-	Alternate vertical movement switch
5	-	Automatic reverse feed stitch- ing cancellation switch
6	6-operation switch	Needle up/down switch
7	6-operation switch	2-pitch changeover switch
8	6-operation switch	Tension release (upper side) opening switch
9	6-operation switch	—
10	6-operation switch	Fall detection sensor
11	6-operation switch	—
12	6-operation switch	GND
13	6-operation switch	GND
14	—	—
15	6-operation switch	Alternate vertical movement state monitor output
16	6-operation switch	Automatic reverse feed stitch- ing cancellation state monitor output
17	6-operation switch	Needle up/down correction operation output
18	6-operation switch	2-pitch state output
19	6-operation switch	Tension increasing state mon- itor output
20	—	—
21		—
22		—
23		
24	_	—

## o CN58 : 22P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	<u> </u>	+5V
2		GND
3	—	+5V
4	—	GND
5	—	+5V
6	—	GND
7	—	+12V
8	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (lower side)	GND
9	—	+24V
10	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (upper side)	GND
11	—	+24V
12	—	GND
13	—	
14		
15	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (lower side)	
16	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (upper side)	
17		
18	_	
19		
20		
21	_	
22	<u> </u>	

## o CN59 : 26P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	Solenoid valve	+24V
2	Solenoid valve	+24V
3	Solenoid valve	+24V
4	—	+24V
5	Solenoid valve	+24V
6	—	+24V
7	—	+24V
8	—	+24V
9	—	+24V
10	—	+24V
11	Solenoid valve	Presser lifting cylinder
12	Solenoid valve	Reverse feed cylinder
13	Solenoid valve	Alternate vertical movement cylinder
14	—	—
15	Solenoid valve	2-pitch cylinder
16	—	—
17	—	—
18	—	—
19	—	—
20	—	—
21	—	
22	_	—
23	—	
24		
25	—	
26	—	

## 2) Connectors that are connected in the head cover

### o CN100 : 14P connector

	r	
Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	
2	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	
3	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	
4	Thread trimmer solenoid (left side)	
5	Reverse feed switch	GND
6		—
7		—
8	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	+27V
9	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	+27V
10	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	+27V
11	Thread trimmer solenoid (left side)	+27V
12	—	_
13	Reverse feed switch	
14	<u> </u>	_

#### o CN102 : 12P connector

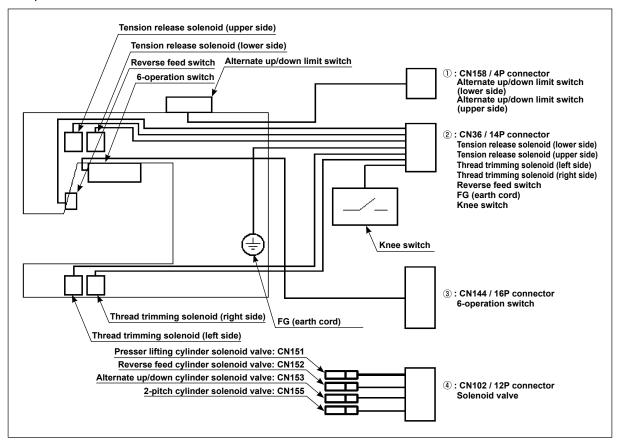
Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	Solenoid valve	Presser lifting cylinder
2	Solenoid valve	Reverse feed cylinder
3	Solenoid valve	Alternate vertical movement cylinder
4	—	
5	Solenoid valve	2-pitch cylinder
6	—	
7	Solenoid valve	+24V
8	Solenoid valve	+24V
9	Solenoid valve	+24V
10	—	<u> </u>
11	Solenoid valve	+24V
12		_

## (2) LU-2810-6, 2860-6

## 1) Wiring diagram

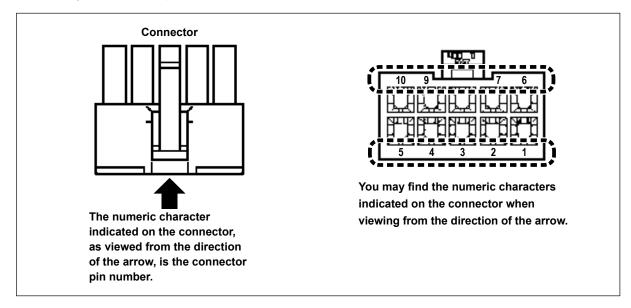
Details of the connectors wired to the machine head are as described below.

Refer to "2) Details of connectors" on the next page for details of connectors ① to ④ and layout of the pins.

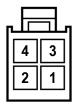


## 2) Details of connectors

This clause explains details of connectors 1 to 4 and layout of the pins shown in the wiring diagram. Identify the connector pin number as described below.



## ① CN158: 4P connector (alternate up/down switch)

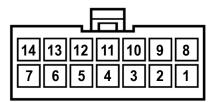


Pin No.	Part name	Color of cable	Remarks
1	Alternate up/down limit switch (lower side)	White	
2	Alternate up/down limit switch (upper side)	Red	
3	Alternate up/down limit switch (lower side)	Black	GND
4	Alternate up/down limit switch (upper side)	Green	GND

\* When connecting the connectors to the control box, prepare a junction cord using the below-stated connector pin terminal.

Part number of the target connector : HK034620040 (MOLEX : 5559-04P) Part number of the target pin terminal : HK034630000 (MOLEX : 5558TL)

### 2 CN36: 14P connector (solenoid, switch)



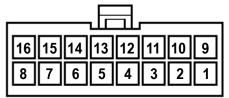
Pin No.	Part name	Color of cable	Remarks
1	Tension release solenoid (lower side)	Black	
2	Tension release solenoid (upper side)	Black	
3	-	—	-
4	Knee switch	White	
5	Reverse feed switch	Black	
6	Thread trimming solenoid (left side)	Black	
7	Thread trimming solenoid (right side)	Black	
8	Tension release solenoid (lower side)	White	Power supply (+27 V)
9	Tension release solenoid (upper side)	White	Power supply (+27 V)
10	FG (earth cord)	Green / Yellow	FG
11	Knee switch	Black	GND
12	Reverse feed switch	White	GND
13	Thread trimming solenoid (left side)	White	Power supply (+27 V)
14	Thread trimming solenoid (right side)	White	Power supply (+27 V)

\* When connecting the connectors to the control box, prepare a junction cord using the below-stated connector pin terminal.

Part number of the target connector : HK034620140 (MOLEX : 5559-14P)

Part number of the target pin terminal : HK034630000 (MOLEX : 5558TL)

### **③ CN144: 16P connector (6-operation switch)**

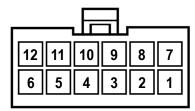


Pin No.	Part name	Color of cable	Remarks	
1	6-operation switch	Orange (red dot 1)	+5V * Do not connect the +24V connector. If the +24V connective is connected to this switch, the LED burnout can occur.	
2	6-operation switch	Orange (black dot 1)	SW1 (DLSW)	
3	-	Gray (red dot 1)	SW2 (Automatic reverse feed prohibition switch)	
4	6-operation switch	Gray (black dot 1)	SW3 (One-stitch correction switch)	
5	6-operation switch	White (red dot 1)	SW4 (Pitch changeover switch)	
6	6-operation switch	White (black dot 1)	SW5 (Thread tension changeover switch)	
7	6-operation switch	Yellow (red dot 1)	SW6 (Thread clamp switch)	
8	6-operation switch	Yellow (black dot 1)	GND	
9	6-operation switch	Pink (red dot 1)	LED1 (DLSW LED)	
10	6-operation switch	Pink (black dot 1)	LED2 (Automatic reverse feed prohibition switch LED)	
11	6-operation switch	Orange (red dot 2)	LED3 (One-stitch correction switch LED)	
12	6-operation switch	Orange (black dot 2)	LED4 (Pitch changeover switch LED)	
13	6-operation switch	Gray (red dot 2)	LED5 (Thread tension changeover switch LED)	
14	6-operation switch	Gray (black dot 2)	LED6 (Thread clamp switch LED)	
15	6-operation switch	White (red dot 2)	SW7 (Machine head fall sensor)	
16	—	_	-	

\* When connecting the connectors to the control box, prepare a junction cord using the below-stated connector pin terminal.

Part number of the target connector : HK034620160 (MOLEX : 5559-16P) Part number of the target pin terminal : HK034630000 (MOLEX : 5558TL)

## (4) CN102: 12P connector (Solenoid valve)



Pin No.	Part name	Color of cable	Remarks
1	Solenoid valve (CN151)	Black	Presser bar lifting cylinder
2	Solenoid valve (CN152)	Black	Reverse feed cylinder
3	Solenoid valve (CN153)	Black	Alternate up/down cylinder
4	-	_	-
5	Solenoid valve (CN155)	Black	2-pitch cylinder
6	-	_	-
7	Solenoid valve (CN151)	Red	+24V
8	Solenoid valve (CN152)	Red	+24V
9	Solenoid valve (CN153)	Red	+24V
10	-	_	-
11	Solenoid valve (CN155)	Red	+24V
12	-	_	-

\* When connecting the connectors to the control box, prepare a junction cord using the below-stated connector pin terminal.

Part number of the target connector : HK034620120 (MOLEX : 5559-12P)

Part number of the target pin terminal : HK034630000 (MOLEX : 5558TL)

# (3) LU-2828-7

# 1) Connectors coming from machine head (Connect to control box)

## o CN36 : 14P connector

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	
2	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	
3	<u> </u>	
4	Knee switch	
5	Reverse feed switch	
6		<u> </u>
7	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	
8	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	+27V
9	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	+27V
10	FG	FG
11	Knee switch	GND
12	Reverse feed switch	GND
13		—
14	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	+27V

#### o CN37 : 2P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	Thread clamp solenoid	
2	Thread clamp solenoid	+27V

## o CN44 : 24P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	6-operation switch	+5V
2	_	—
3	—	+12V
4		Alternate vertical movement switch
5	6-operation switch	Automatic reverse feed stitch- ing cancellation switch
6	6-operation switch	Needle up/down switch
7	6-operation switch	2-pitch changeover switch
8	6-operation switch	Tension release (upper side) opening switch
9		Thread clamp switch
10	6-operation switch	Fall detection sensor
11	6-operation switch	_
12	6-operation switch	GND
13	—	_
14	—	_
15	6-operation switch	Alternate vertical movement state monitor output
16	6-operation switch	Automatic reverse feed stitch- ing cancellation state monitor output
17	6-operation switch	Needle up/down correction operation output
18	6-operation switch	2-pitch state output
19	6-operation switch	Tension increasing state mon- itor output
20	6-operation switch	Thread clamp solenoid en- able/disable LED
21		
22		
23	_	
24		

## o CN58 : 22P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1		+5V
2	_	GND
3	<u> </u>	+5V
4	<u> </u>	GND
5	—	+5V
6	—	GND
7	<u> </u>	+12V
8	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (lower side)	GND
9		+24V
10	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (upper side)	GND
11	_	+24V
12	<u> </u>	GND
13	<u> </u>	
14	—	
15	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (lower side)	
16	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (upper side)	
17	_	
18		
19	_	
20		
21		
22	<u> </u>	

## o CN59 : 26P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	Solenoid valve	+24V
2	Solenoid valve	+24V
3	Solenoid valve	+24V
4	Solenoid valve	+24V
5	Solenoid valve	+24V
6	Solenoid valve	+24V
7	—	+24V
8	—	+24V
9	—	+24V
10	—	+24V
11	Solenoid valve	Presser lifting cylinder
12	Solenoid valve	Reverse feed cylinder
13	Solenoid valve	Alternate vertical movement cylinder
14	Solenoid valve	Condensation cylinder
15	Solenoid valve	2-pitch cylinder
16	—	_
17	Solenoid valve	2.5-pitch cylinder
18	_	
19	—	—
20	_	—
21	_	
22	_	—
23	_	—
24	_	
25	_	—
26		

## 2) Connectors that are connected in the head cover

#### o CN100 : 14P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	
2	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	
3	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	
4	Thread trimmer solenoid (left side)	
5	Reverse feed switch	GND
6	Thread clamp solenoid	
7	<u> </u>	—
8	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	+27V
9	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	+27V
10	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	+27V
11	Thread trimmer solenoid (left side)	+27V
12	Thread clamp solenoid	+27V
13	Reverse feed switch	
14		_

#### o CN102 : 12P connector

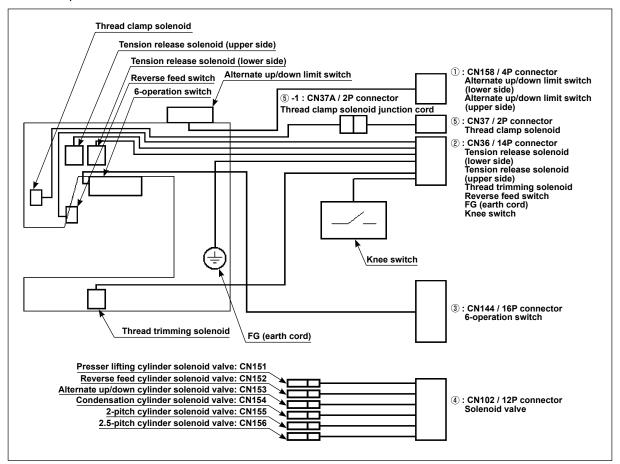
Pin No.	Part name	Remarks	
1	Solenoid valve	Presser lifting cylinder	
2	Solenoid valve	Reverse feed cylinder	
3	Solenoid valve	Alternate vertical movemen cylinder	
4	Solenoid valve	Condensation cylinder	
5	Solenoid valve	2-pitch cylinder	
6	Solenoid valve	2.5-pitch cylinder	
7	Solenoid valve	+24V	
8	Solenoid valve	+24V	
9	Solenoid valve	+24V	
10	Solenoid valve	+24V	
11	Solenoid valve	+24V	
12	Solenoid valve	+24V	

## (4) LU-2828-6

## 1) Wiring diagram

Details of the connectors wired to the machine head are as described below.

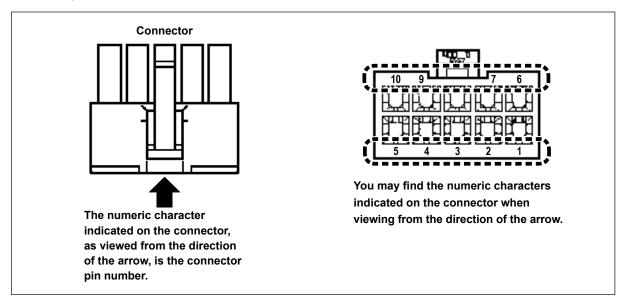
Refer to "2) Details of connectors" on the next page for details of connectors ① to (5), (5) -1 and layout of the pins.



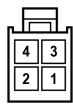
## 2) Details of connectors

This clause explains details of connectors ① to (5), (5) -1 and layout of the pins shown in the wiring diagram.

Identify the connector pin number as described below.



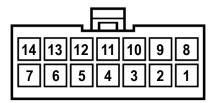
### ① CN158: 4P connector (alternate up/down switch)



Pin No.	Part name	Color of cable	Remarks
1	Alternate up/down limit switch (lower side)	White	
2	2 Alternate up/down limit switch (upper side) Red		
3	Alternate up/down limit switch (lower side)	Black	GND
4	Alternate up/down limit switch (upper side)	Green	GND

\* When connecting the connectors to the control box, prepare a junction cord using the below-stated connector pin terminal.

Part number of the target connector : HK034620040 (MOLEX : 5559-04P) Part number of the target pin terminal : HK034630000 (MOLEX : 5558TL) 2 CN36: 14P connector (solenoid, switch)



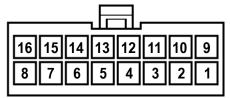
Pin No.	Part name	Color of cable	Remarks
1	Tension release solenoid (lower side)	Black	
2	Tension release solenoid (upper side)	Black	
3	-	_	_
4	Knee switch	White	
5	Reverse feed switch	Black	
6	-	—	-
7	Thread trimming solenoid	Black	
8	Tension release solenoid (lower side)	White	Power supply (+27 V)
9	Tension release solenoid (upper side)	White	Power supply (+27 V)
10	FG (earth cord)	Green / Yellow	FG
11	Knee switch	Black	GND
12	Reverse feed switch	White	GND
13	-	_	_
14	Thread trimming solenoid	White	Power supply (+27 V)

\* When connecting the connectors to the control box, prepare a junction cord using the below-stated connector pin terminal.

Part number of the target connector : HK034620140 (MOLEX : 5559-14P)

Part number of the target pin terminal : HK034630000 (MOLEX : 5558TL)

#### ③ CN144: 16P connector (6-operation switch)

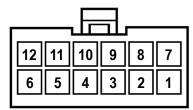


Pin No.	Part name	Color of cable	Remarks
1	6-operation switch	Orange (red dot 1)	+5V * Do not connect the +24V connector. If the +24V connector is connected to this switch, the LED burnout can occur.
2	6-operation switch	Orange (black dot 1)	SW1 (DLSW)
3	6-operation switch	Gray (red dot 1)	SW2 (Automatic reverse feed prohibition switch)
4	6-operation switch	Gray (black dot 1)	SW3 (One-stitch correction switch)
5	6-operation switch	White (red dot 1)	SW4 (Pitch changeover switch)
6	6-operation switch	White (black dot 1)	SW5 (Thread tension changeover switch)
7	6-operation switch	Yellow (red dot 1)	SW6 (Thread clamp switch)
8	6-operation switch	Yellow (black dot 1)	GND
9	6-operation switch	Pink (red dot 1)	LED1 (DLSW LED)
10	6-operation switch	Pink (black dot 1)	LED2 (Automatic reverse feed prohibition switch LED)
11	6-operation switch	Orange (red dot 2)	LED3 (One-stitch correction switch LED)
12	6-operation switch	Orange (black dot 2)	LED4 (Pitch changeover switch LED)
13	6-operation switch	Gray (red dot 2)	LED5 (Thread tension changeover switch LED)
14	6-operation switch	Gray (black dot 2)	LED6 (Thread clamp switch LED)
15	6-operation switch	White (red dot 2)	SW7 (Machine head fall sensor)
16	—	_	-

\* When connecting the connectors to the control box, prepare a junction cord using the below-stated connector pin terminal.

Part number of the target connector : HK034620160 (MOLEX : 5559-16P) Part number of the target pin terminal : HK034630000 (MOLEX : 5558TL)

## (4) CN102: 12P connector (Solenoid valve)



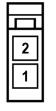
Pin No.	Part name	Color of cable	Remarks
1	Solenoid valve (CN151)	Black	Presser bar lifting cylinder
2	Solenoid valve (CN152)	Black	Reverse feed cylinder
3	Solenoid valve (CN153)	Black	Alternate up/down cylinder
4	Solenoid valve (CN154)	Black	Condensation cylinder
5	Solenoid valve (CN155)	Black	2-pitch cylinder
6	Solenoid valve (CN156)	Black	2.5-pitch cylinder
7	Solenoid valve (CN151)	Red	+24V
8	Solenoid valve (CN152)	Red	+24V
9	Solenoid valve (CN153)	Red	+24V
10	Solenoid valve (CN154)	Red	+24V
11	Solenoid valve (CN155)	Red	+24V
12	Solenoid valve (CN156)	Red	+24V

\* When connecting the connectors to the control box, prepare a junction cord using the below-stated connector pin terminal.

Part number of the target connector : HK034620120 (MOLEX : 5559-12P)

Part number of the target pin terminal : HK034630000 (MOLEX : 5558TL)

## **(5)** CN37: 2P connector (Thread clamp solenoid)



Pin No.	Part name	Color of cable	Remarks
1	Thread clamp solenoid	Blue	
2	Thread clamp solenoid	Blue	Power supply (+27 V)

When connecting the connectors to the control box, prepare a junction cord using the below-stated connector pin terminal.

Part number of the target connector : HK034620020 (MOLEX : 5559-02P)

Part number of the target pin terminal : HK034630000 (MOLEX : 5558TL)

### **(5) -1 CN37A: 2P connector (Thread clamp solenoid junction cord)**

Pin No.	Part name	Color of cable	Remarks
1	Thread clamp solenoid	Blue	
2	Thread clamp solenoid	Blue	Power supply (+27 V)

\* Thread clamp solenoid junction cord is shipped with assembled in the machine head.

\*

# (5) LU-2818-7, 2868-7

# 1) Connectors coming from machine head (Connect to control box)

## o CN36 : 14P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	
2	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	
3	—	—
4	Knee switch	
5	Reverse feed switch	
6	Thread trimmer solenoid (left side)	
7	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	
8	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	+27V
9	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	+27V
10	FG	FG
11	Knee switch	GND
12	Reverse feed switch	GND
13	Thread trimmer solenoid (left side)	+27V
14	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	+27V

## o CN37 : 2P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	—	—
2	—	+27V

## o CN44 : 24P connector

Pin No.		Remarks
1	6-operation switch	
2	6-operation switch	+5V
3	—	+12V
4	6-operation switch	Alternate vertical movement switch
5	6-operation switch	Automatic reverse feed stitch- ing cancellation switch
6	6-operation switch	Needle up/down switch
7	6-operation switch	2-pitch changeover switch
8	6-operation switch	Tension release (upper side) opening switch
9	6-operation switch	—
10	6-operation switch	Fall detection sensor
11	6-operation switch	—
12	6-operation switch	GND
13	—	—
14	—	—
15	6-operation switch	Alternate vertical movement state monitor output
16	6-operation switch	Automatic reverse feed stitch- ing cancellation state monitor output
17	6-operation switch	Needle up/down correction operation output
18	6-operation switch	2-pitch state output
19	6-operation switch	Tension increasing state mon- itor output
20	—	
21	—	
22	—	—
23	—	
24	—	

## o CN58 : 22P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1		+5V
2		GND
3		+5V
4	_	GND
5	—	+5V
6	<u> </u>	GND
7	—	+12V
8	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (lower side)	GND
9		+24V
10	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (upper side)	GND
11	—	+24V
12	—	GND
13	—	
14	—	
15	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (lower side)	
16	Alternate vertical movement limit switch (upper side)	
17		
18		
19	_	
20		
21	—	
22	<u> </u>	

## o CN59 : 26P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	Solenoid valve	+24V
2	Solenoid valve	+24V
3	Solenoid valve	+24V
4	Solenoid valve	+24V
5	Solenoid valve	+24V
6	—	+24V
7	—	+24V
8	_	+24V
9		+24V
10	—	+24V
11	Solenoid valve	Presser lifting cylinder
12	Solenoid valve	Reverse feed cylinder
13	Solenoid valve	Alternate vertical movement cylinder
14	Solenoid valve	Short stitch (Condensation stitch)
15	Solenoid valve	2-pitch cylinder
16		—
17	_	—
18	_	—
19		—
20	_	
21		
22		
23		—
24	_	
25		
26		_

# 2) Connectors that are connected in the head cover

## o CN100 : 14P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	
2	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	
3	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	
4	Thread trimmer solenoid (left side)	
5	Reverse feed switch	GND
6		—
7		—
8	Thread release solenoid (lower side)	+27V
9	Thread trimmer solenoid (right side)	+27V
10	Thread release solenoid (upper side)	+27V
11	Thread trimmer solenoid (left side)	+27V
12	—	_
13	Reverse feed switch	
14		_

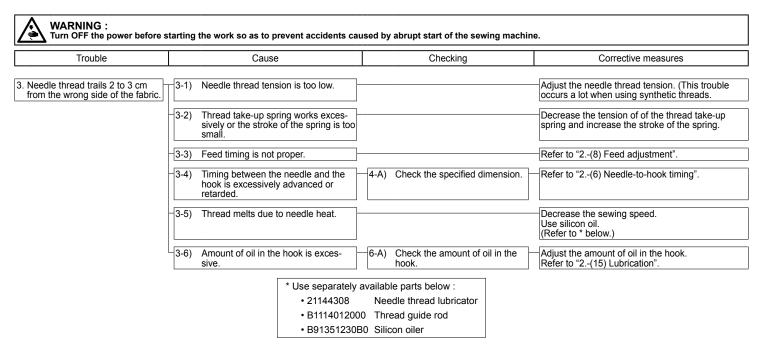
#### o CN102 : 12P connector

Pin No.	Part name	Remarks
1		Presser lifting cylinder
2		Reverse feed cylinder
3		Alternate vertical movement cyl- inder
4	Solenoid valve	Short stitch (Condensation stitch)
5	Solenoid valve	2-pitch cylinder
6		
7	Solenoid valve	+24V
8	Solenoid valve	+24V
9	Solenoid valve	+24V
10	Solenoid valve	+24V
11	Solenoid valve	+24V
12		—

# 8. Troubles and corrective measures

# (1) With regard to sewing

Trouble	Cause	Checking	Corrective measures
I. Thread breakage	1-1) Thread path, needle point, hook blade- point or innerhook resting groove on the throat plate has sharp edges or burrs.	<ul> <li>1-A) Check the sharp edge or burr on the respective parts.</li> </ul>	Remove the sharp edges or burrs on the blade point of hook using a fine emery paper. Buff up the groove section on the throat plate. Replace the needle with a new one.
. Thread is worn out.	2-1) Needle thread tension is too high.		Adjust the needle thread tension.
	-2-2) Needle comes in contact with the blade point of hook.	2-A) Check the clearance.	Refer to "2(6) Needle-to-hook timing".
	2-3) Clearance of opener is too large.	-3-A) Check the clearance.	Decrease the clearance. Refer to "2(5) Adjusting the opener".
	-2-4) Amount of oil in the hook is insuffi- cient.	4-A) Check the amount of oil in the hook.	Adjust the amount of oil in the hook. Refer to "2(15) Lubrication".
	2-5) Trimmed with the tooth of the feed dog.	5-A) Check the feed dog.	Provide a groove behind the feed dog needle ho
		5-B) Check the alternate vertical movement.	Reduce the amount of alternate vertical move- ment.
		5-C) Check the sewing speed.	Reduce the sewing speed.



<ul> <li>4-1) Clearance between the needle and the blade point of hook is too large.</li> <li>4-2) Needle-to-hook timing is excessively advanced or retarded.</li> <li>4-3) Presser foot is rising. (Pressure of the presser foot is too low.)</li> <li>4-4) Height of the needle bar is improper.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1-A) Check the clearance.</li> <li>2-A) Check the specified dimension.</li> <li>3-A) Check the pressure of the presser foot.</li> <li>4-A) Check the lowest point of the needle bar.</li> </ul>	Refer to "2(6) Needle-to-hook timing". Refer to "2(6) Needle-to-hook timing". Tighten the presser spring regulator. Refer to "2(6) Needle-to-hook timing".
advanced or retarded.         -4-3)       Presser foot is rising. (Pressure of the presser foot is too low.)         -4-4)       Height of the needle bar is improper.	3-A) Check the pressure of the presser foot.     4-A) Check the lowest point of the	Tighten the presser spring regulator.
-4-4) Height of the needle bar is improper.	4-A) Check the lowest point of the	
		Refer to "2(6) Needle-to-hook timing".
-4-5) Blade point of the hook is blunt.	5-A) Check the blade point of the hook.	Correct the blade point of the hook or replace th hook with a new one.
-4-6) Improper type of needle is used.		Replace the needle with one which is thicker the the current needle by one count.
-4-7) Hook needle guard is not unctioned.	7-A) Check the functional amount of the needle guard.	Refer to "2(6) Needle-to-hook timing".
-4-8) Thread take-up spring excessively works or the stroke of the spring is too small.		Decrease the tension of the thread take-up spri and increase the stroke of the spring.
4-9) Feed timing is not proper.		Refer to "2(8) Feed adjustment".
4-10) Needle thread tension is too high.		Adjust the needle thread tension.
	<ul> <li>4-7) Hook needle guard is not unctioned.</li> <li>4-8) Thread take-up spring excessively works or the stroke of the spring is too small.</li> <li>4-9) Feed timing is not proper.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4-6) Improper type of needle is used.</li> <li>4-7) Hook needle guard is not unctioned.</li> <li>4-8) Thread take-up spring excessively works or the stroke of the spring is too small.</li> <li>4-9) Feed timing is not proper.</li> <li>4-10) Needle thread tension is too high.</li> <li>4-11) The stitch length at the beginning of</li> </ul>

Trouble	Cause	Checking	Corrective measures
oose stitches (Balloon stitches r isolated idling loop)	5-1) Clearance between the opener and the protruding section of inner hook is too large.	1-A) Check the clearance.	Refer to "2(5) Adjusting the opener".
	5-2) Thread paths have been poorly fin- ished.	2-A) Check the finish of the respec- tive thread paths.	Finish using a fine emery paper or buff.
	-5-3) Bobbin fails to move smoothly.		Replace the bobbin or the hook with new one
	5-4) Thread is not well tightened in the reverse feed.	4-A) Walking foot is not of top-divid- ed type.	Use the optional walking foot and presser foot
	5-5) Height of the feed dog is too high.	5-A) Compare the height with the standard value.	Refer to "2(3) Height of the feed dog".
			Lower the height by 0.2 mm than the standard value.
	5-6) Feed timing is excessively advanced.	]	Retard the feed timing.
	-5-7) Hard-to-slip thread is used.	]	Use silicon oil. (Refer to * below.)
		* Use separately available parts below • 21144308 Needle thread lubr • B1114012000 Thread guide rod • B91351230B0 Silicon oiler	
	5-8) Bobbin thread does not pass through the tension spring of the inner hook.	]	Thread the bobbin thread correctly.
	-5-9) Bobbin thread tension is too low.	]	Increase the bobbin thread tension.
	-5-10) Bobbin has been wound too tightly.	10-A) Check thread winding condition.	Decrease the tension applied to the bobbin wi

WARNING : Turn OFF the power before	e starting the work so as to prevent accidents c	caused by abrupt start of the sewing machin	ne.
Trouble	Cause	Checking	Corrective measures
6. Loose stitches (Needle thread rises.)	6-1) Needle thread has not been fully pulled up.		Increase the needle thread ension.
			Use the optional walking foot. (Top-divided type)
7. Irregular stitches	7-1) Stroke of the thread take-up spring is improper.	S 1-A) Check the stroke of the thread take-up spring.	Adjust the thread take-up spring to move to ap- proximately 1 mm from the initial position when hook draws thread maximumly.
	-7-2) Thread paths have been poorly fin- ished.	2-A) Check the finish of the respec- tive thread paths.	Finish with a fine emery paper or buff.
	-7-3) Bobbin fails to move smoothly.		Replace the bobbin or the hook with new ones.
	-7-4) Bobbin thread tension is too low.	]	Increase the tension of the bobbin thread.
	- 7-5) Bobbin has been wound too tight or too weak.	5-A) Check the state of bobbin wind- ing.	Decrease or increase the tension applied to the bobbin winder.
	7-6) Direction of setting bobbin is reverse.	. 6-A) Check the setting.	Properly set the bobbin.
8. Loose stitches at the time of corner stitching	8-1) Needle thread on the stopping side is drawn out more than is necessary.	s 1-A) Check the stroke of the thread take-up spring.	In crease the stroke of the thread take-up spring.
		1-B) Check the hook timing.	Retard the hook timing.
			Use the optional walking foot. (Top divided type)

Adjustment of the thread take-up spring

o Decrease the tension of the thread take-up spring and decrease the stroke of the spring to improve irregular stitches.

## (2) With regard to thread trimming

Trouble	Cause	Checking	Corrective measures
. One or several stitches skip at the start of sewing.	1-1) Thread remaining at the needle top after thread trimming is short.	1-A) Check the routing of needle thread.	Thread the needle thread correctly. Adjust so that abnormal needle thread tension is r applied.
		1-B) Thread tension given by the tension con- troller No.1 is too high.	Decrease the tension given by the tension contro No.1.
		1-C) Check the rising amount of the thread tension disk No.2 at the time of thread trimming.	Adjust so that the disk is raised by means of the thread release solenoid.
		1-D) Thread trimmer timing is excessively advanced.	Refer to "2(16)-4) Thread trimmer cam timing".
		1-E) There are scratches on the moving knife and the hook.	Polish with buff or replace the part with a new on
		1-F) Presser foot drops from cloth at the time of thread trimming.	Perform thread trimming on cloth.
	1-2) Bobbin thread is not clamped.	2-A) Position of the clamp spring.	Refer to "2(16)-1) Position of the counter knife a the clamp spring".
		-2-B) Pressure of the clamp spring is too low.	Refer to "2(16)-1) Position of the counter knife the clamp spring".
		2-C) There are scratches on the clamp spring.	Replace the clamp spring with a new one.
		2-D) Needle thread removes bobbin thread.	Increase or decrease the tension of the tension of troller No.1.
	1-3) Needle is too thick.	]	Replace the needle with a thinner one.
	1-4) Needle hole in the feed dog is too large.	]	Replace the feed dog with small needle hole.
	1-5) Pressure of the presser foot is too low.	]	Increase the pressure of the presser foot.
	1-6) Stitches are too small.	<b>]</b>	Do not pass thread through the thread presser s tion of the thread guide on the needle bar.

Trouble	Cause	Checking	Corrective measures
		<u>J</u>	
2. Thread slips off the needle eyelet.	2-1) Needle thread slips off the needle eye- let immediately after thread trimming.	1-A) Check whether the needle thread re- maining at the needle top after thread trimming is short.	Refer to the cause of previous section "Needle thread remaining at the needle top after thread trir ming is short".
	2-2) Needle thread slips off the needle eye- let at the start of sewing.	2-A) Check whether the needle thread re- maining at the needle top at the start of sewing is short.	
		2-B) Hard-to-slip thread is used.	Decrease the number of times of threading needle thread.
3. Defective thread trimming	3-1) Thread cannot be trimmed.	1-A) The blades of moving knife and counter knife have been improperly adjusted.	Refer to "2(16)-6) Adjusting the knife pressure" a "2(16)-1), 2) and 3) Position of the moving knife and Position of the counter knife".
		1-B) The blades of moving knife and counter knife have worn out or broken.	Replace the moving knife and counter knife with r ones.
		1-C) Pressure of the counter knife is insufficient.	Refer to "2(16)-6) Adjusting the knife pressure".
		1-D) Presser foot drops from cloth at the time of thread trimming.	Perform thread trimming on cloth.
	3-2) Thread remains uncut after thread trim- ming.	2-A) The blades of moving knife and counter knife have been improperly adjusted.	Refer to "2(16)-6) Adjusting the knife pressure" a "2(16)-1), 2) and 3) Position of the moving knife and Position of the counter knife".
		<ul> <li>2-B) The blades of moving knife and counter knife have worn out or broken.</li> </ul>	Replace the moving knife and counter knife with r ones.
		-2-C) Thread trimmer timing is excessively retarded.	Refer to "2(16)-4) Thread trimmer cam timing".
		-2-D) Pressure of the counter knife is insuffi- cient.	Refer to "2(16)-6) Adjusting the knife pressure".
		-2-E) Presser foot drops from cloth at the time - of thread trimming.	Perform thread trimming on cloth.

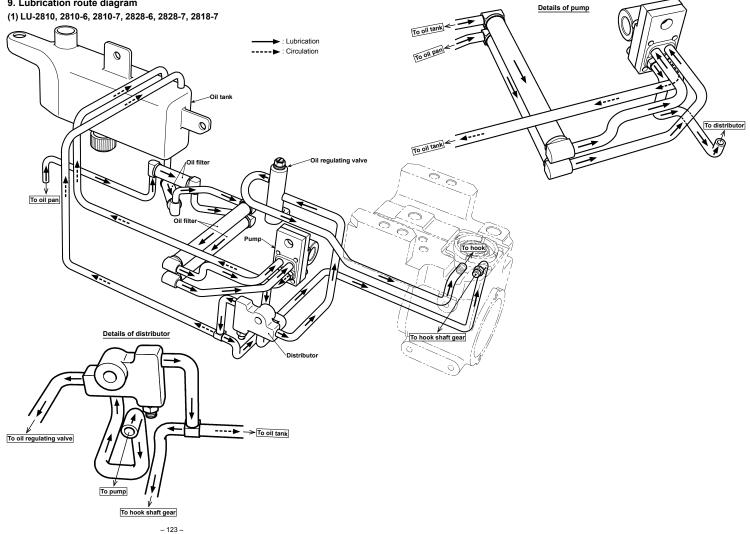
Trouble	Cause	Checking	Corrective measures
From the	e previous page		
	-3-3) Moving knife stops during operation.		Use thread within the specified value.
		-3-B) Thread trimmer timing is excessively retarded.	Refer to "2(16)-4) Thread trimmer cam timing
		-3-C) Needle thread tension is too high.	Decrease the tension of the thread tension No.
		-3-D) Tension of the bobbin thread is too high.	Adjust the tension of bobbin thread.
		-3-E) Knife pressure of the counter knife is too high.	Refer to "2(16)-6) Adjusting the knife pressure
		<ul> <li>-3-F) Initial position of the moving knife is excessively advanced.</li> </ul>	Refer to "2(16)-4) Thread trimmer cam timing
		3-G) Thread is not cut sharply.	Refer to causes "Thread cannot be trimmed" a "Thread remains uncut after trimming".
	-3-4) Needle thread is not caught.	4-A) Stitch skipping at the last stitch.	Refer to "2(6) Needle-to-hook timing".
		-4-B) Check the thread trimmer cam timing.	Refer to "2(16)-4) Thread trimmer cam timing
		4-C) Top end of the moving knife is broken or has burrs.	Replace the moving knife with a new one.
	-3-5) Bobbin thread is not caught.	5-A) Stroke of the moving knife is small.	Refer to "2(16)-3) Vertical position of the mov knife".
		5-B) Check the routing of bobbin thread.	Correctly thread bobbin thread.
		-5-C) Top end of the moving knife has broken or been scratched.	Replace the moving knife with a new one.
		-5-D) Check the height of moving knife.	Adjust the height of moving knife.
		5-E) Thread trimming is performed at the po- sition where there is no sewing product.	Perform thread trimming while pulling sewing p uct in the feed direction.

To the next page

Trouble	Cause	Checking	Corrective measures
From the previo	us page		
-3-	<ol> <li>Both needle and bobbin thread cannot be trimmed.</li> </ol>	6-A) The blades of moving knife and counter knife have been improperly adjusted.	Refer to "2(16)-6) Adjusting the knife pressure".
		-6-B) Counter knife pressure is excessively low.	Refer to "2(16)-6) Adjusting the knife pressure".
		-6-C) Moving knife fails to work.	Refer to "2(16)-5) Position of the thread trimme cam", and "2(16)-4) Thread trimmer cam timing
			Replace the thread trimmer solenoid with a new
		6-D) Presser foot drops from cloth at the time of thread trimming.	Perform thread trimming on cloth.
. Thread slips off the needle eyelet simultaneously with thread trimming.	<ol> <li>Thread tension given by the tension controller No. 1 is too high.</li> </ol>		Decrease the thread tension given by the tension controller No. 1.
-4-	<ol> <li>Thread take-up spring stroke is too large.</li> </ol>		Decrease the stroke.
4.	<ol> <li>Thread trimming is carried out at a posi- tion where no material is present.</li> </ol>		To carry out outside-of-material-edge thread trim ming, change the thread guide to the needle thre presser (40034675) supplied with the unit, and to OFF the needle thread clamp changeover switch (Only LU-2828-6 and 2828-7)

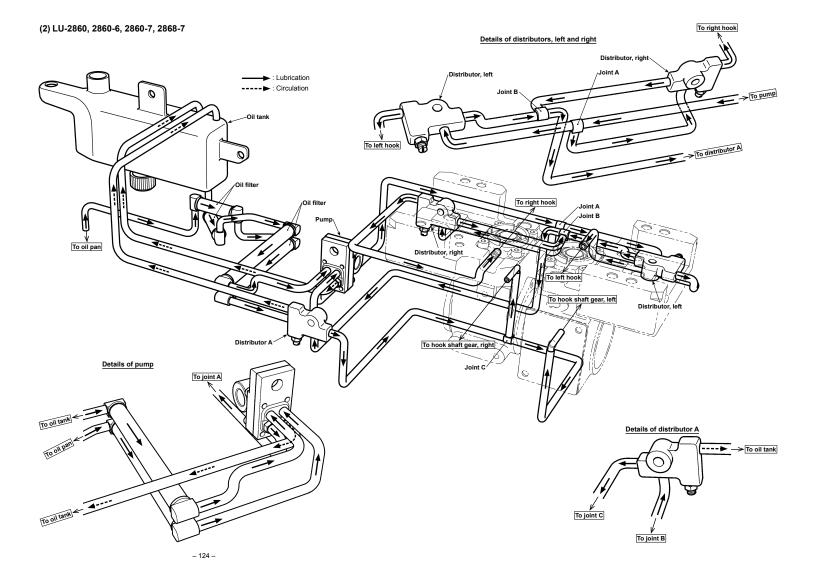
Trouble	Cause	Checking	Corrective measures
5. Thread slips off the needle eyelet at the start of sewing.	-5-1) Thread tension given by the tension controller No. 1 is too high.		Decrease the thread tension given by the tension controller No. 1.
	5-2) Clamp spring is deformed.	2-A) Check the spring shape.	Replace the clamp spring with a new one or correct the current one.
	5-3) Bobbin thread tension is too low.	<u> </u>	Increase the bobbin thread tension.
	-5-4) Thread take-up spring stroke is too large.	<u> </u>	Decrease the stroke.
	-5-5) Thread trimming is carried out at a position where no material is present.		To carry out outside-of-material-edge thread trim- ming, change the thread guide to the needle thread presser (40034675) supplied with the unit, and turr OFF the needle thread clamp changeover switch. (Only LU-2828-6 and 2828-7)
<ol> <li>Faulty intertwining of the needle thread and bobbin thread at the beginning of sewing.</li> </ol>	6-1) Bobbin thread clamp pressure is high.		Decrease the bobbin thread clamp pressure.
7. Thread is not cut sharply.	7-1) Bobbin thread tension is too low.		Increase the bobbin thread tension.
8. Thread remains uncut after thread trimming. (Bobbin thread trimming failure when stitch length is compara- tively short.)	-8-1) Initial position of the moving knife has been improperly adjusted.	—1-A) Check the specified dimensions.	— Refer to "2(17) Adjusting the thread trimmer components for LU-2828-6 and 2828-7".
	8-2) Bobbin thread tension is too low.		Increase the bobbin thread tension.
<ol> <li>Thread breaks at the start of sewing after thread trimming.</li> </ol>	9-1) Needle thread is caught in the hook.		Shorten the length of thread remaining on the nee dle after thread trimming.

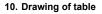
Trouble	Cause	Checking	Corrective measures
nouble	Guude		
<ol> <li>When a heave- weight material is sewn, the material warps.</li> </ol>	10-1) Feed amount of the top feed is inade- quate.		Decrease the feed dog height and reduce the fee amount of the bottom feed.
1. Length of needle thread remaining at the needle is too long. As a result, the remaining needle thread is left on the right side of the sewing product.	11-1) The thread clamp releases the needle thread while the operator is taking out the sewing product from the sewing machine with the presser foot lifted. In this case, the needle thread is drawn together with the sewing product.		Change the thread clamp ON retention time while the presser foot is being lifted and the sewing pro- uct is being taken out from the sewing machine, according to the length of the sewing product. For the LU-2828-7, change the setting of "SC-92" function setting No. 173 : Thread clamp ON reten tion time".(Only LU-2828-6 and 2828-7)



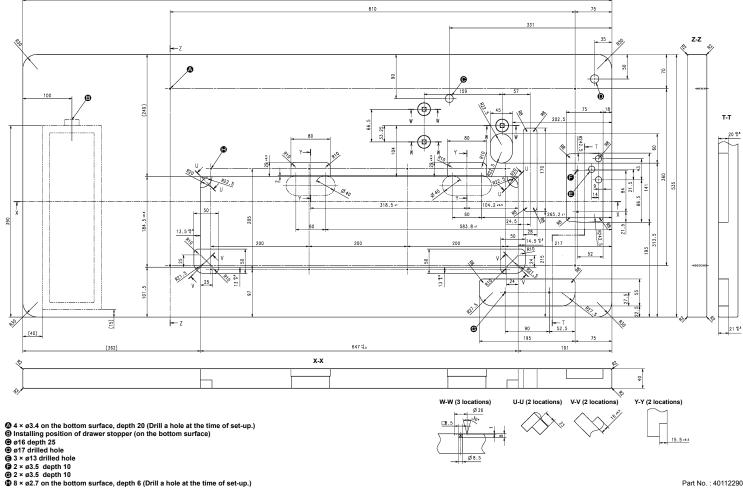
# 9. Lubrication route diagram

 $Downloaded \ from \ \underline{www.Manualslib.com} \ manuals \ search \ engine$ 



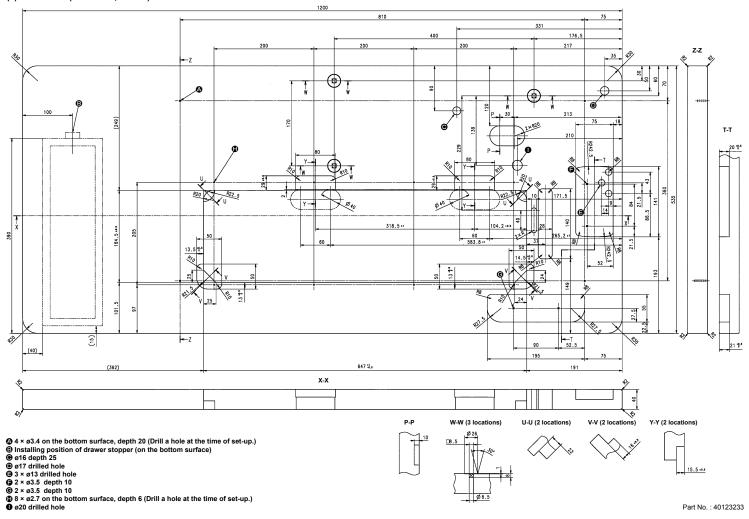


(1) For without thread trimming (LU-2810, 2860)



1200

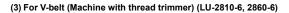
- 125 -

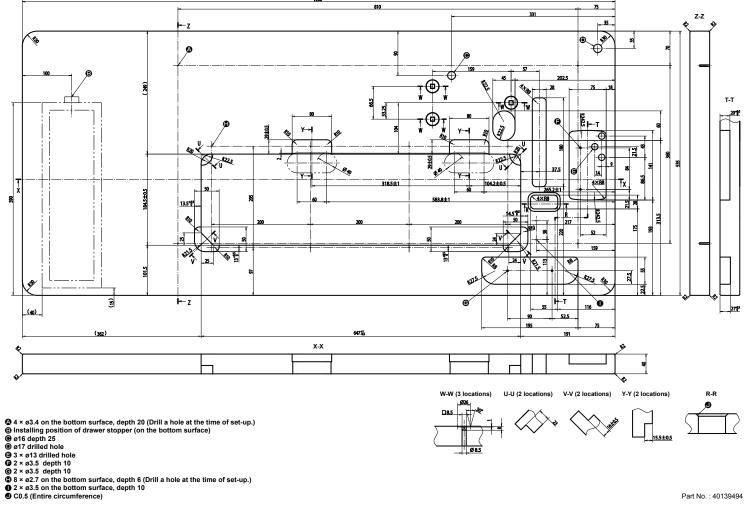


#### (2) For SC-922 (LU-2810-7, 2860-7)

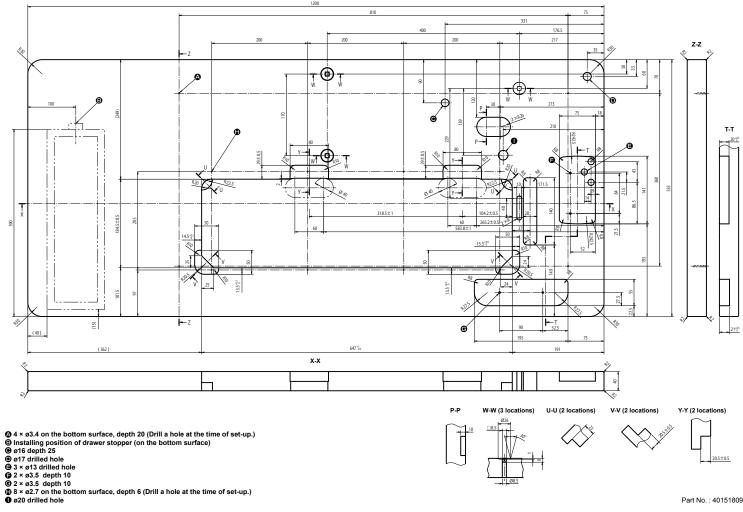
Downloaded from  $\underline{www.Manualslib.com}$  manuals search engine

- 126 -



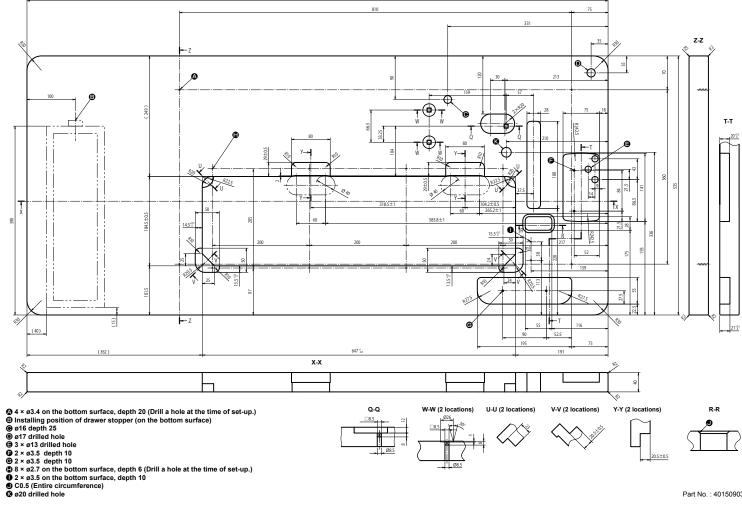


- 127 -



#### (4) For SC-922 (LU-2810-7, 2860-7, 2828-7, 2818-7, 2868-7)

- 128 -



120

## (5) For V-belt (Machine with thread trimmer) (LU-2810-6, 2860-6, 2828-6)

- 129 -



JUKI CORPORATION HEAD OFFICE

**JURI LUIRFOIGATION TEAD OFFICE**An environmental management system to promote and conduct the following:
(1) Eco-friendly development of products and technologies
(2) Green procurement and green purchasing
(3) Energy conservation (reduction in carbon-dioxide emissions)
(4) Resource saving (reduction of papers purchased, etc.)
(5) Reduction and recycling of waste
in the activities of research, development, design, sales, distribution, and
maintenance services of industrial sewing machines and industrial robots,
etc., including sales and maintenance services of data entry systems.



#### JUKI CORPORATION SEWING MACHINERY BUSINESS UNIT 2-11-1, TSURUMAKI, TAMA-SHI, TOKYO, 206-8551, JAPAN PHONE : (81)42-357-2371 FAX : (81)42-357-2274 http://www.juki.com

Copyright © 2012-2014 JUKI CORPORATION All rights reserved throughout the world.

Please do not hesitate to contact our distributors or agents in your area for further information when necessary. \* The description covered in this engineer's manual is subject to change for improvement of the commodity without notice.

This manual uses environment-friendly soyink.

14 · 10 Printed in Japan